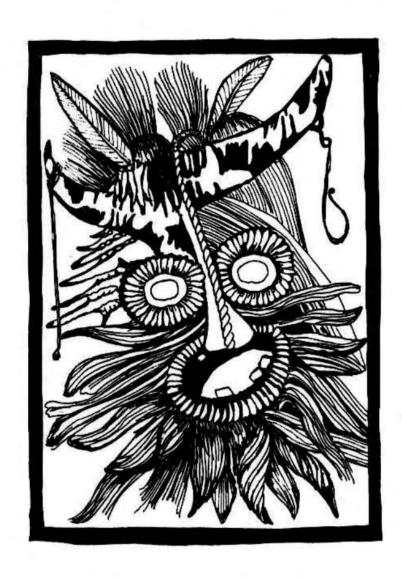
#### **Serban Nichifor**

## **SACRED MUSIC** (1976-1989)

- Anamorphose (1976) p. 001
- Carols (1978) p. 027
- Trois Nouvelles Impressions (1979) p. 040
- Salve Regina (1979) p. 057
- Christmas Oratorio (1979) p. 066
- Symphony II, "Via Lucis" (1984) p. 177
- Sette Canti Rumeni Di Natale (1986) p. 291
- Ave Maria (1987) p. 302
- Sfinte Dominic / San Domenico (1987) p. 304
- Lumina Lina (1988) p. 309
- Anastasis (1989) p. 319
- Mesoniktion (1989) p. 344
- Bucura-te, Regina (1989) p. 365
- Lacrimosa (1989) p. 367

Copyright © by Serban Nichifor (SABAM and UCMR-ADA)

# ȘERBAN NICHIFOR ANAMORPHOSE



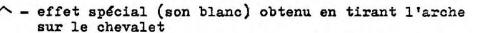
#### Nota Bene

L'écriture est proportionelle (les durées sont déterminées par les distances graphiques). L'omission du portatif signifie TACET. A l'éventualité des certains effets (staccato, pizzicato, col legno battuto) la pause qui suit naturellement l'attaque est sous-entendue comme appartenant à la note sois-même et n'est pas marquée avec l'omission du portatif.

Les accidents n'altérent que les sons qu'ils précédent.

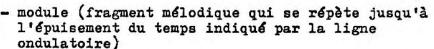
- BURZUCAN	folklore roumain	- LUMINA LINA	hymnes orthodoxes
- HORA CAPRII	de Transylvanie +	- AXION	roumaines
- CINTEC DIN BIHOR		- SLAVA	4
- CIND SI-A PIERDUT		- LAUDE	
CIOBANUL OILE		( ison = pédale )	

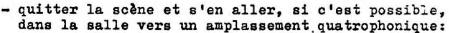
+) les 4 mélodies doivent être exécutées MOLTO SUL PONTICELLO pour reproduire le timbre des violons à pavillon de Transylvanie.

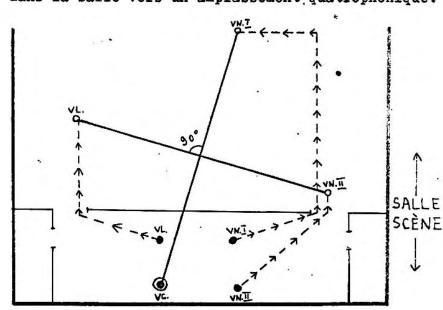


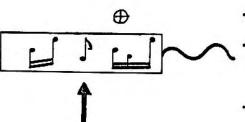


- percussions réalisées par l'articulation des doigt de la main gauche sur les cordes (seulement deux sons différents)
- pizzicato Bartok (corde percutée contre la tastière







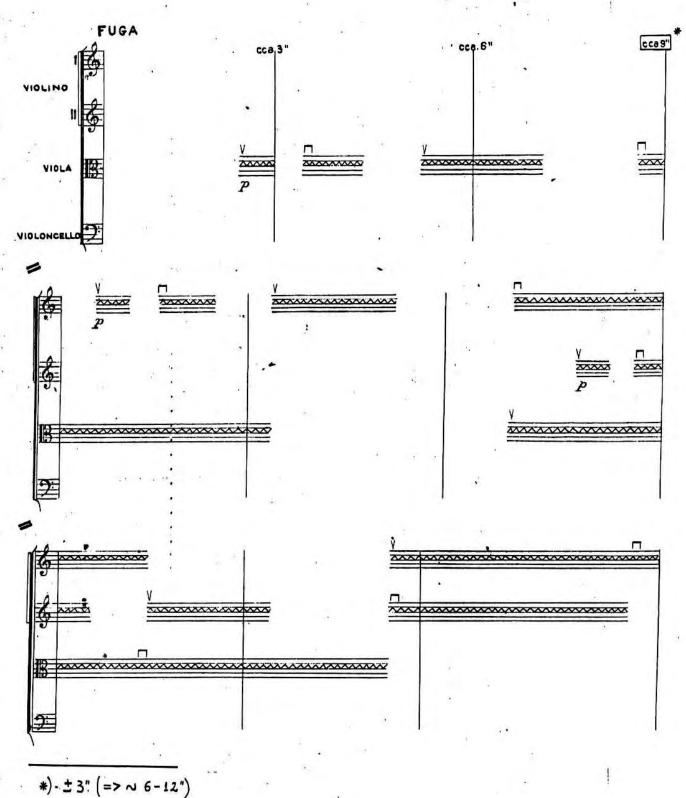


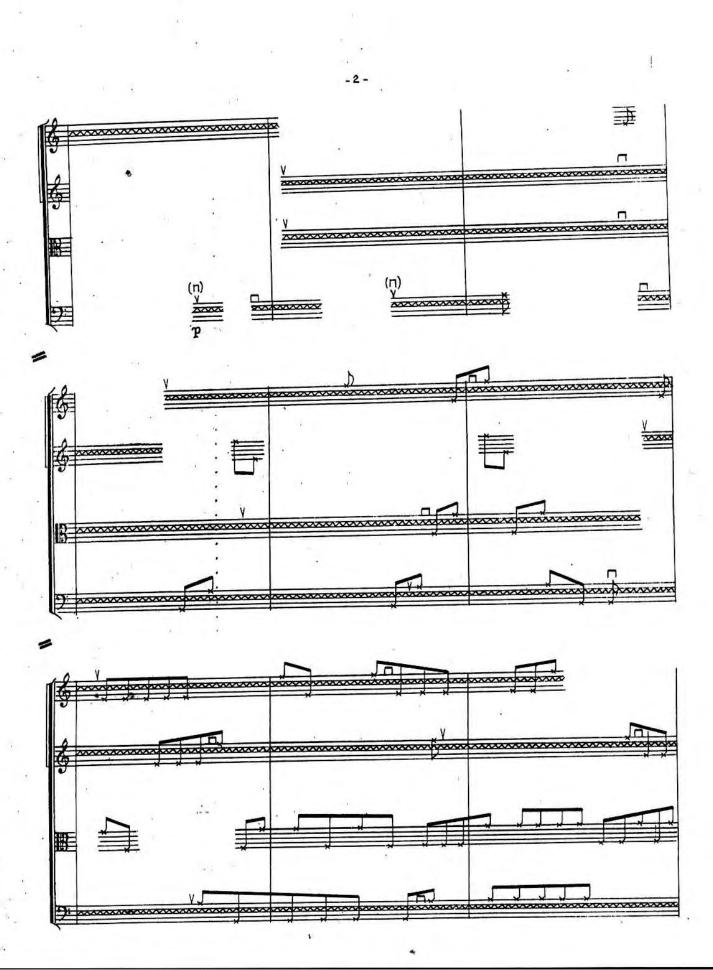
En hommage à mes parents

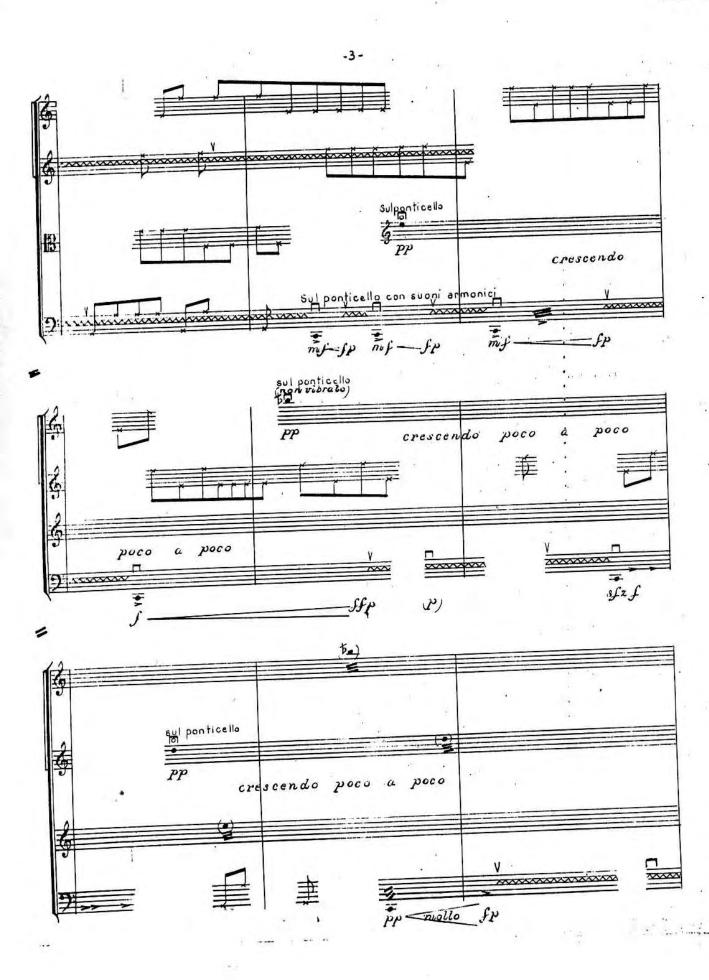
### ANAMORPHOSE

POUR QUATUOR À CORDES

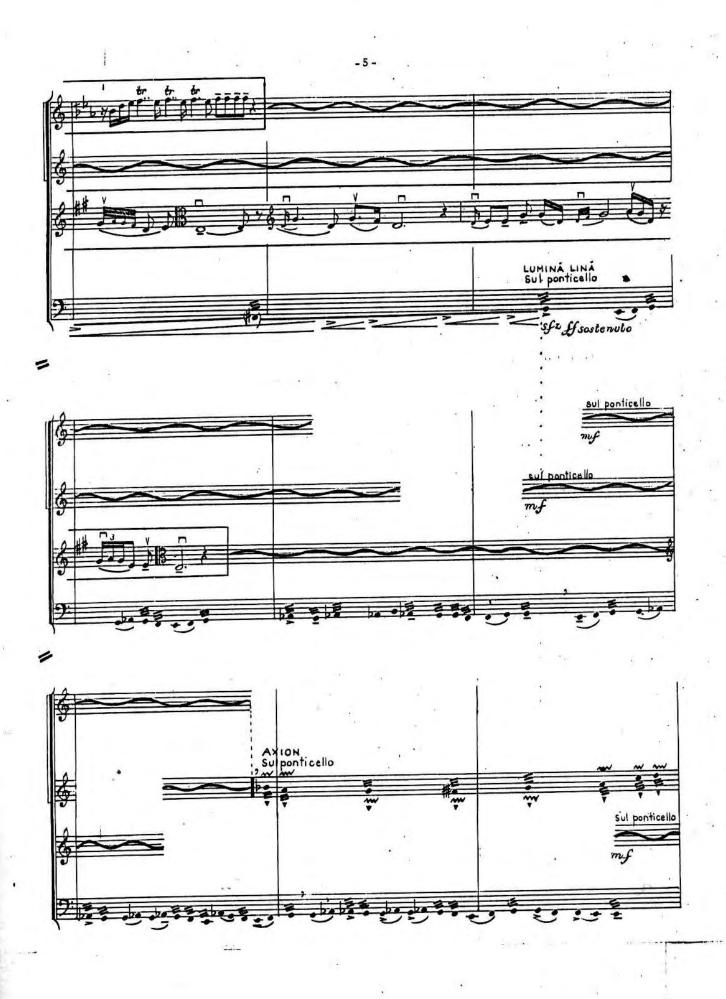
SERBAN NICHIFOR





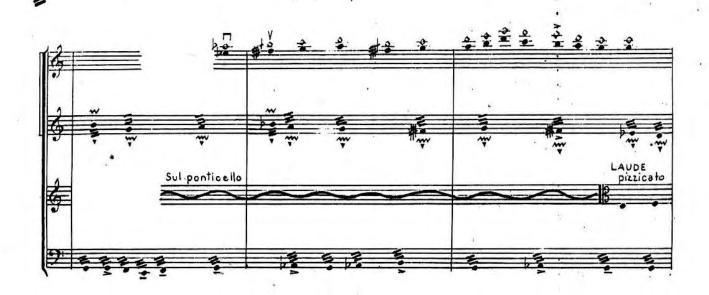






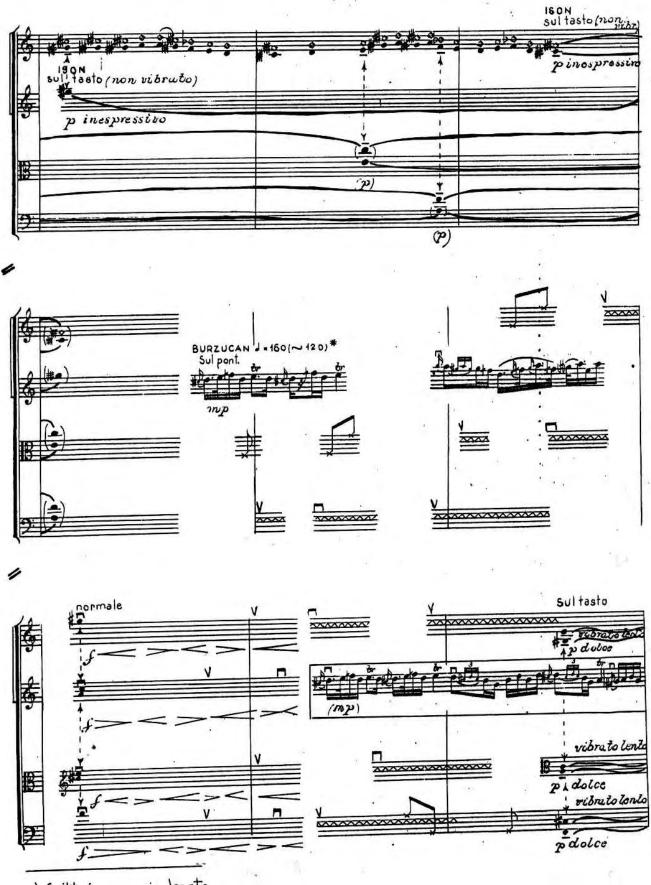






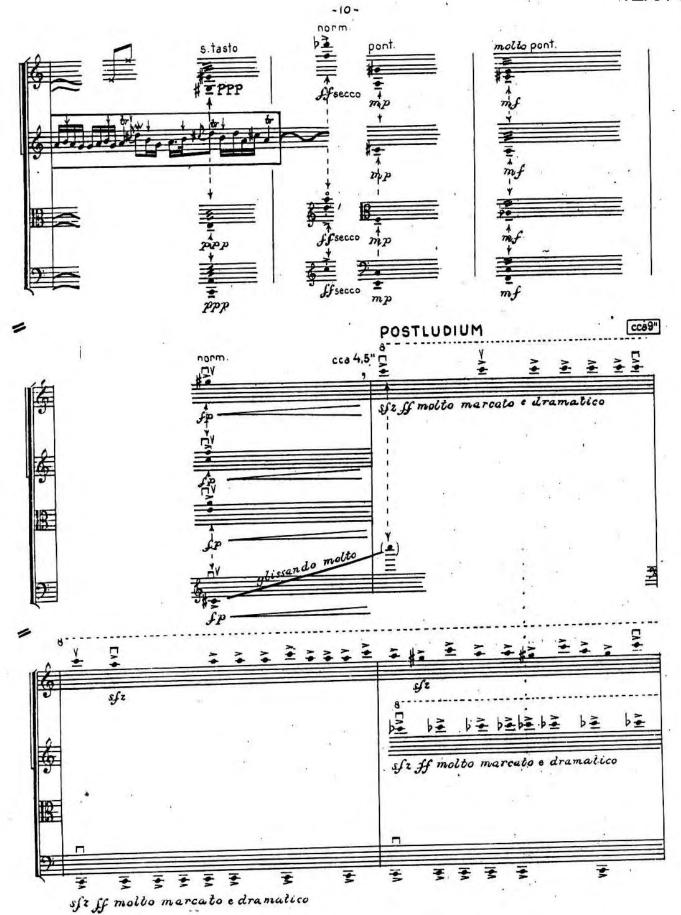


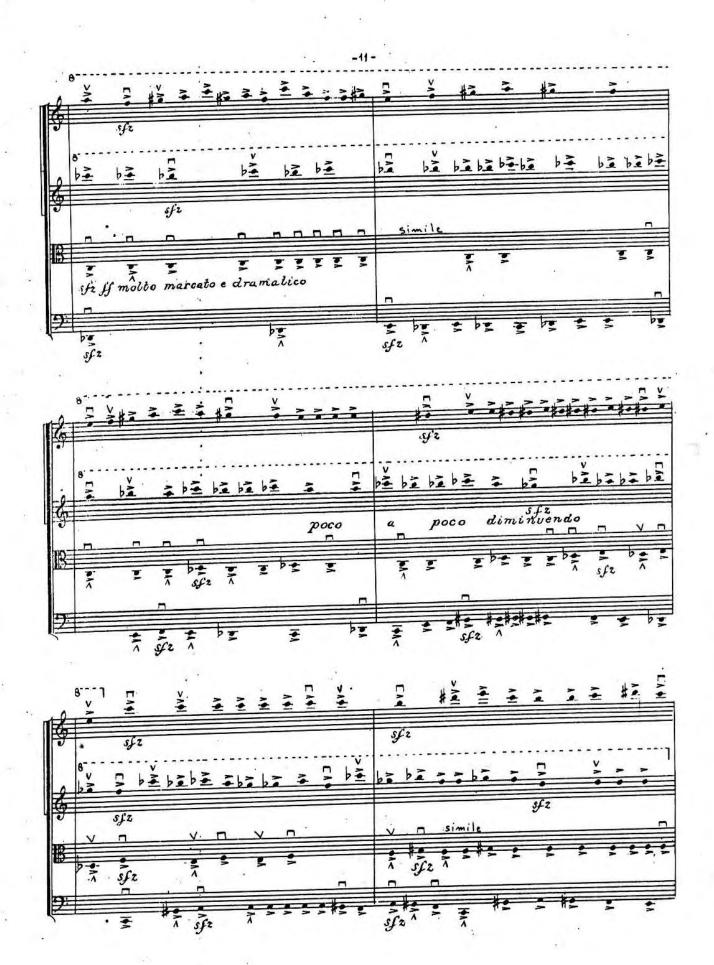




\*)-facilitazione : ossia legato

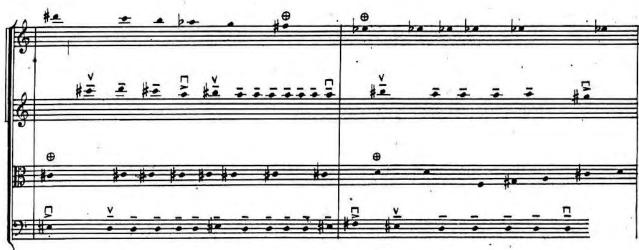
Address de la constante de la



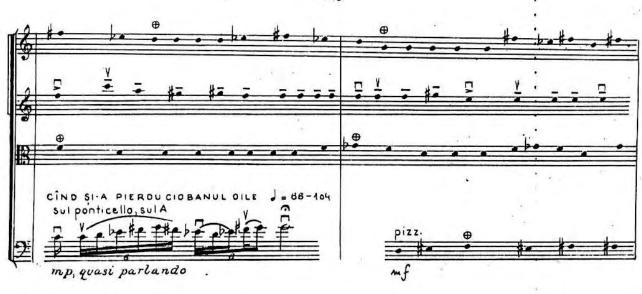






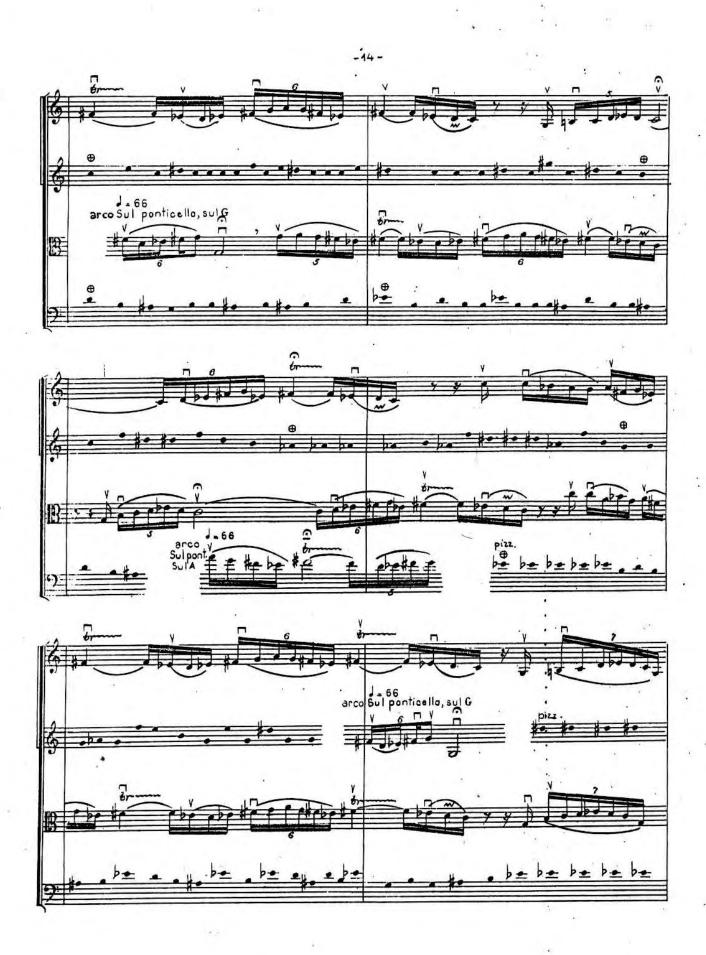


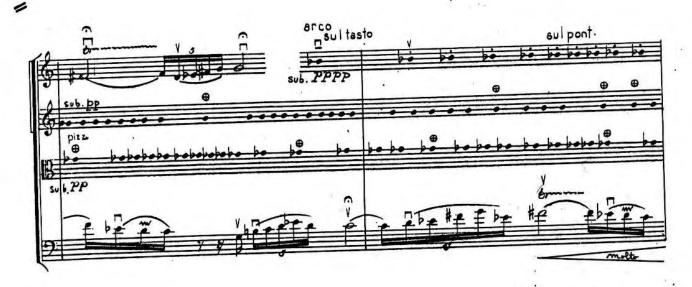
<sup>\* -</sup> facilitazione: in Is positione, sulle corde G, D, A.

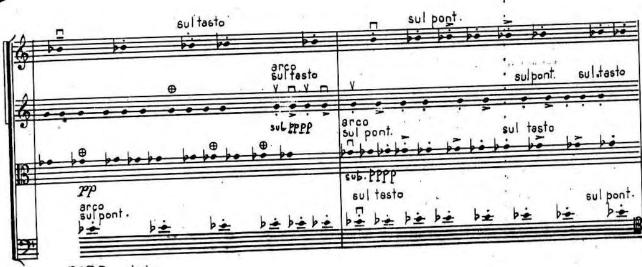






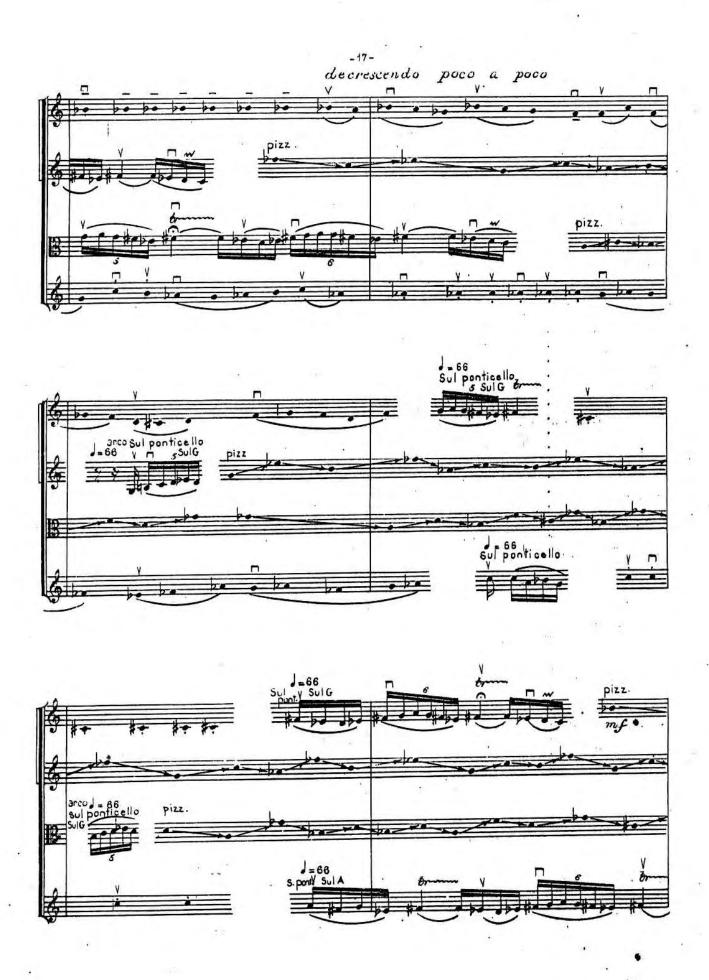




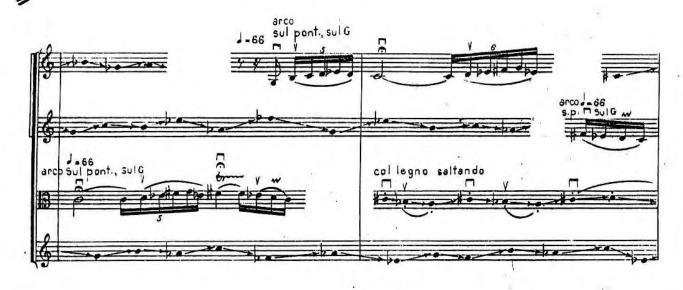


PPPP subito







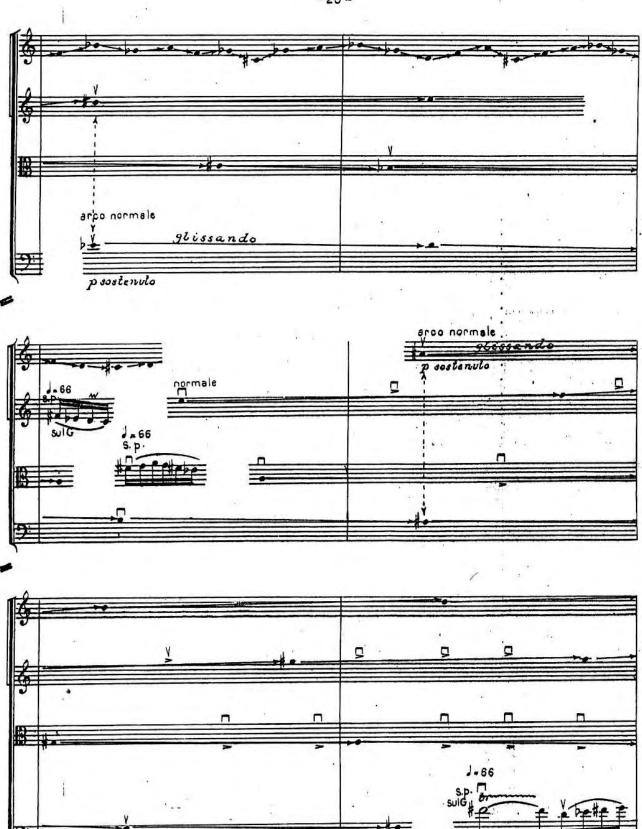


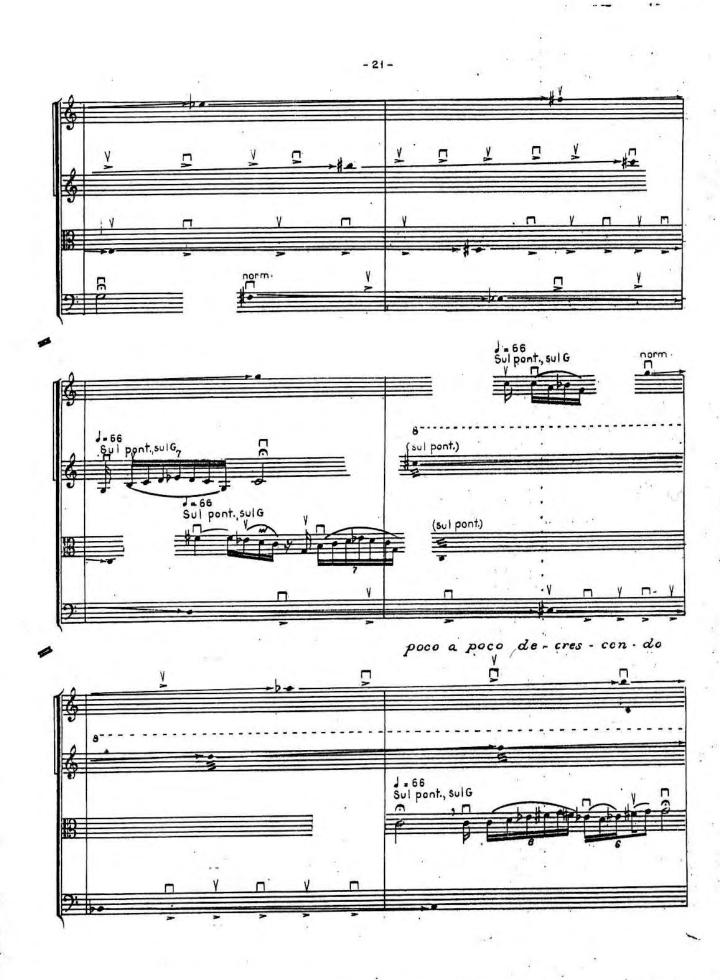


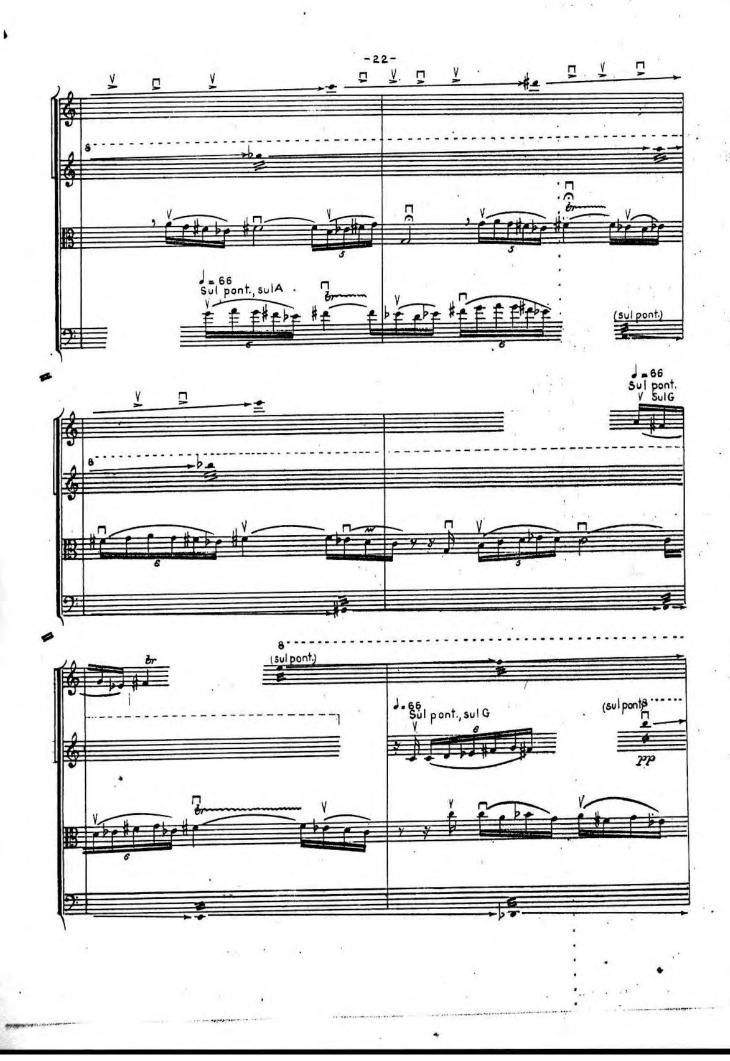












Prize I. S. C. M., Athens, 1979 Mention P. A.S. Contest, Urbana, U. S. A., 1983

> CAROLS (Dionystes II) L.

Şerban NICHIFCR (1978)

Dieses Werk - eine der "Rückblende-Sequenzen" aus dem Zyklus DIONYSIES - habe ich 1978 in Darmstadt anläßlich der Internationalen Ferienkurse für Neue Musik für den virtuosen Alexandru Graur geschrieben und versucht, die Erinnerung an die antiken Feste in der rumänischen Folklore wachzurufen.

CAROLS wurde von der Internationalen Jury der IGNM für die Welt-Musiktage in Athen 1979 ausgewählt.

Dauer: ca. 7'30"

O, ce veste minunată

De la Bethleem ni se-arată,

Astăzi s-a născut

Trup din Duhul Sfînt

Cum au spus prorocii...

O, welch wundersame Kunde kommt aus Bethlehem heute ist geboren Gottes Sohn wie die Propheten es geweissagt...

(rumanische Weihnachtsfolklore)

#### Ausführende:

1.) - Tenor-Baßposaune (Tn) + Celesta (Cel) + Stimme I

2.) - Schlagzeug [Große Trommel (Gr.c.) oder Pauke in E + Bambusglockenspiel (B.CH.) +
Schellen (Sngl.) + Vibraphon (Vibf.) + großes Tam-Tam (Tam-t.)] + Stimme II

+ Metallstab
+ Hammer (A)
+ Kentrabs B-Bogen

Erklärung wenig gebräuchlicher Zeichen:

freies Zeitmaß

- mit einem Metallstab schnell rundherum auf Tam-Tam schlagen

ス - unregelmäßiges Tremolo

- Grafik, die annähernd eine Klangentwicklung des Bambus-Glockenspiels, des Schellens und des Vibraphones derstellt.

- gemurmelter Ton
- harmonischer Klang durch Streichen des Tam-Tam-Randes mit einem
Kontrabaß-Bogen

Die gemurmelten Töne und der Text der Variante werden nach dem System des internationalen phonetischen Verbandes ausgesprochen:  $\check{a} = \partial$ 

1 = 1 5 = 5 ce = tse ci = tsi

▲ - möglichet höher Ton

▼ - möglichst tiefer Ton

Durée: ~ 6130"

#### CAROLS

(Dionysies II)

- 1.) Trombone tenore-basso (Tn.) + Celesta + Vox I
- 2.) Percussione [Gran Casea (Gr. C.) essia Timpano grave + Bamboo Chimes (B. Ch.) + Sonagii (Sngi.) + Vibratone (Vibr.) + Tam-tam grande (Tam-t.)] + Vox II

Explication de quelques signes peu unitéel

- fra
bag
- son
con
- gra

- frapper rapidement tout autour du Tam-tam avec une baguette métallique

- son harmonique obtenu en tirant avec un archet de

contrebasse sur le bord du Tam-tam

- graphique représentant une évolution sonore approximative des Bamboo Chimes et du Vibraphone; la coordonnée verticale illustre l'intensité et celle horizontale le développement en temps.

- son murmuré (prononcé Ch)

- dénoulement demporel libre

O, ce veste minunată

De la Bethleem ni se-arată:
Astăzi s-a născut

Trup din Duhul sfint

Cum au spus prorocii...

O, quelle merveilleuse nouvelle
On apprend de Bethléem:
Aujourd'hui est né
Corps du saint Esprit
Comme avaient dit les prophètes...

(Tolche rounoin à l'occasion du Noel)

Le texte sera prononcé dans le système de l'Association phonétique internationale:



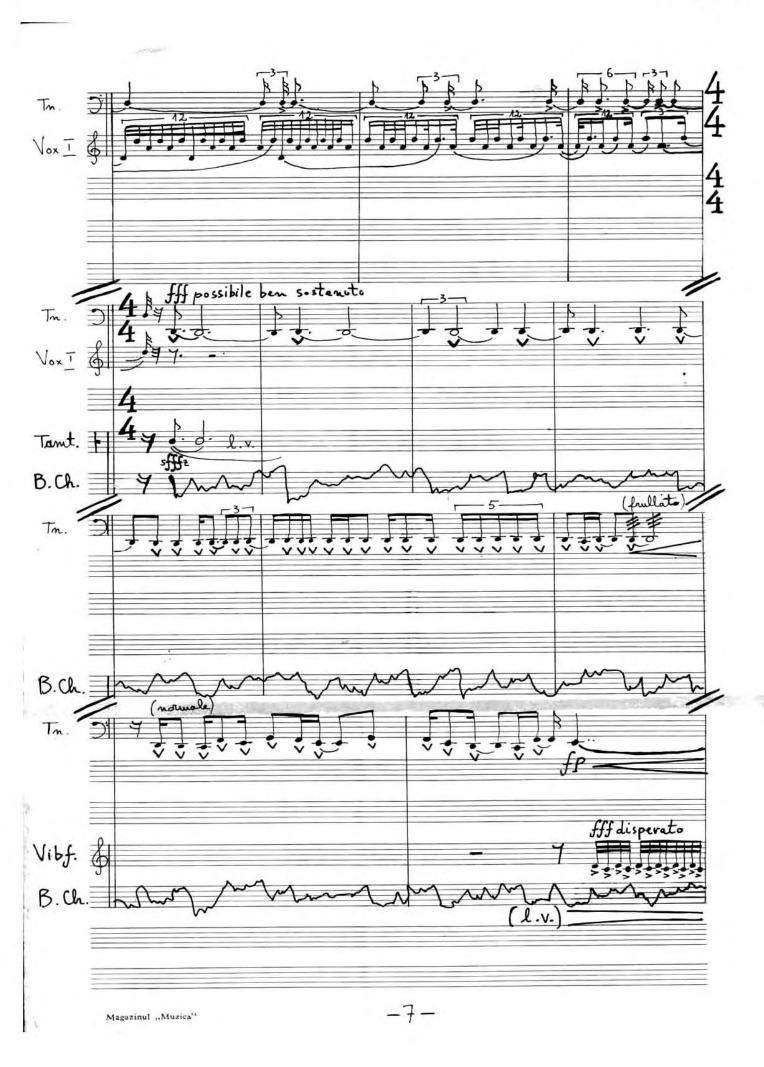


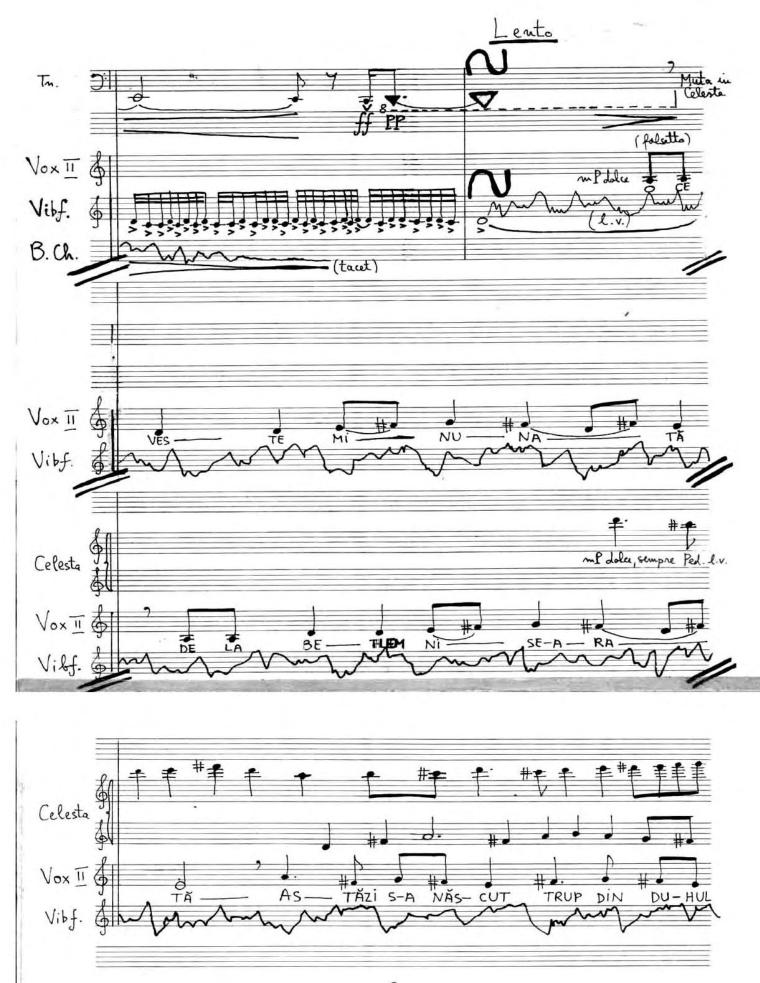




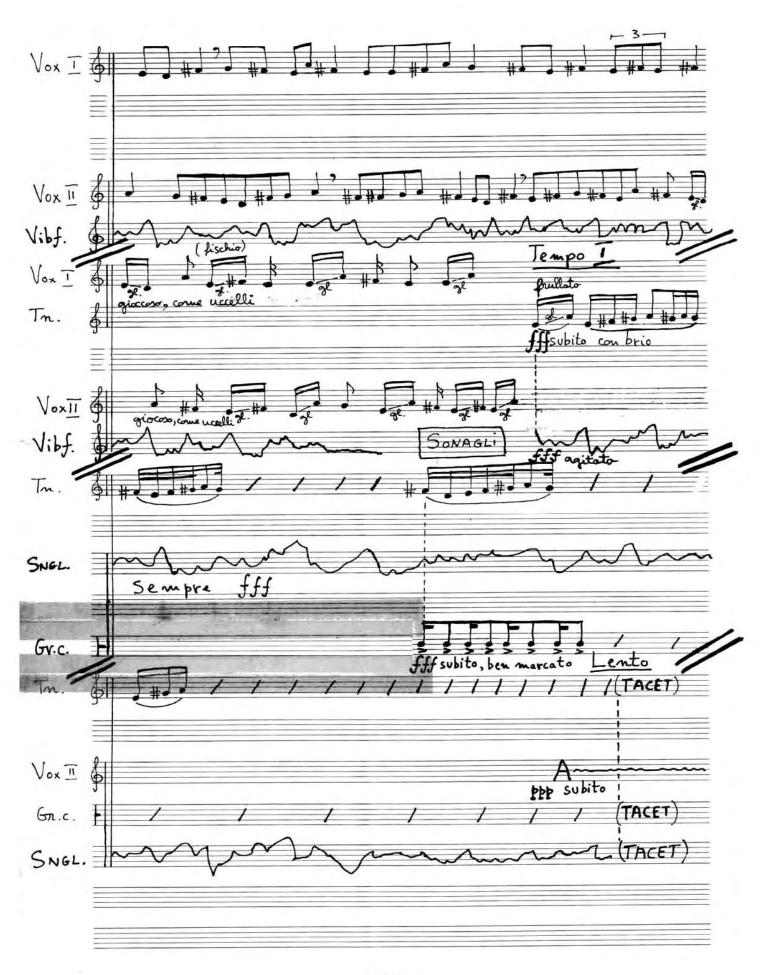


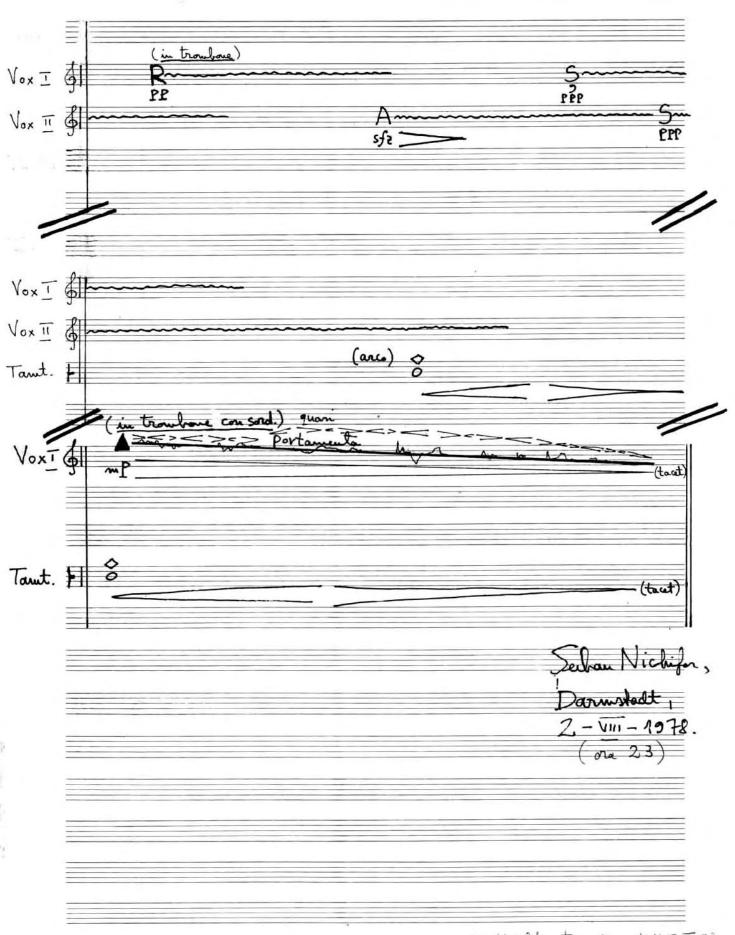












Serban NICHIFOR \*

### TROIS NOUVELLES IMPRESSIONS

pour

Flûte. Violoncelle, Petits Grelots et Harpe

I (Épilogue)
II (Évasions)
III (Préludes)

Durée: ca. 8'07" (2'47"; 3'12"; 2'08")

J'ai essayé de suggérer par cette musique l'ineffable des intimes processus de l'"inspiration" qui marquent les préludes d'une nouvelle création. Les éléments extérieurs utilisés ont des relations plus ou moins directes avec les psalmodies et le folklore roumain.

<sup>\*</sup> Le compositeur roumain Serban NICHIFOR est né en 1954 à Bucarest.

Il a étudié la composition avec Doru POPOVICI et Aurel STROE au Conservatoire de Bucarest. PRIX: Premier Prix au Concours de la FONDATION GAUDEAMUS de Bilthoven (Pays-Bas) - 1977; Prix de composition aux "Rencontres Internationales de Chant Choral" de Tours (France) - 1977; Prix de la Presse au Festival d'Evian (France) - 1978; Prix I.S.C.M. aux Journées Mondiales de la Musique d'Athènes - 1979.

ADRESSE: B-dul Dr. Petru Groza 41, Parter, Ap. 1, R - 76241 Bucarest,
Roumanie

En hommage à Liana

Serban NICHIFOR

### TROIS NOUVELLES IMPRESSIONS

pour

Flate, Violoncelle, Petits Grelots et Harpe

I (Épilogue)

II (Évasions)

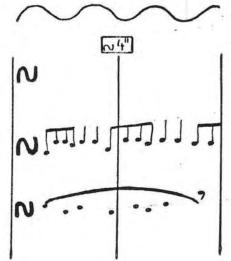
III (Préludes)

Durée: N8'07" (2'47"; 3'12"; 2'08")

d'ai essayé de suggérer par cette musique l'ineffable des intimes processus de l'"inspiration" qui marquent les préludes d'une nouvelle création. Les éléments extérieurs utilisés ont des relations plus ou moins directes avec les psalmodies orthodoxes et le folklore roumain.

Sulan Nichif

### Signes généraux

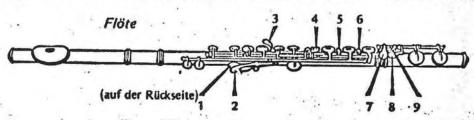


- vibrare lentamente oscillations très lentes du son ne depassant pas 1/4 de ton (pour Flûte et Violoncelle)
- quasi senza misura les cassettes temporelles durent approximativement 4" et admettent:
- une écriture pseudo-traditionnelle (les valeurs conventionnelles sont interprétées librement)
- une écriture proportionnelle néo-grégorienne (les durées sont déterminées par les distances graphiques; le début de la pause est marqué avec le signe: 9)



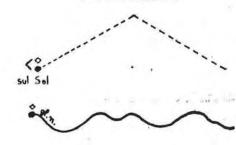


complexes harmoniques doigtés dans le système Bartolozzis



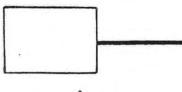
- la pression des lèvres très faible
- la pression des lèvres accentuée
- la pression des lèvres peu accentuée
- V.B. starker viel Blasdruck la pression de l'air très prononcé

### Violoncelle



- réverbération d'un flageolet obtenue en glissant avec rapidité le long de la corde sans modifier la distance initiale entre les doigts Q et 3
- glissando normale mais suivant le profil irrégulier suggéré par la ligne ondulatoire

### Harpe

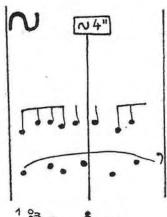


- répétition régulière et synchrone avec le tempo général du fragment encadré, jusqu'à l'épuisement du temps indiqué par la ligne grosse
- arpeggiato dans le sens ascendant
- arpeggiato dans le sens descendant
- glissando obtenu avec la clef d'accordage le long de la corde Sol en suivant le profil irrégulier suggéré par la ligne ondulatoire

### ERLÄUTERUNGEN

 $\sim\sim$ 

- vibrato lento poco glissando (sehr langsames Vibrato mit 1/4 Ton-Frequenzdifferenz).



- innerhalb des gegebenen Abschnittes brauchen die rhythmischen Werte nicht genau ausgeführt zu werden; die proportionelle Schreibweise bedingt nicht eine strenge Synchronisation der drei klanglichen Abläufe.
- pseudo-traditionelle Schreibweise (die conventionellen Notenwerte sind frei zu interpretieren).
- proportionme Schreibweise (die jeweilige Dauer wird durch die graphischen Abstände festgelegt).



V.B.

### Flöte

- Obertone (Bartolozzi-System, Edition Schott 6391):

- sehr entspannter Lippendruck;

- verstärkter Lippendruck;

- leicht verstärkter Lippendruck;

- starker (viel) Blasdruck.

### Cello

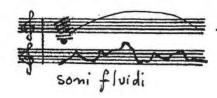


- Spezialeffekt einer Ton-Reverberation erzielt durch Beibehaltung des gleichen Abstandes des Fingersatzes zwischen Grund= und Oberton während eines schnellen und sehr weiten Glissando.

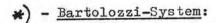


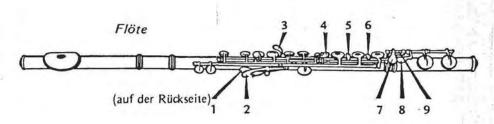
- glissando sempre vibrato (in Sinne der byzantinischen Psalmodien).

### Harfe

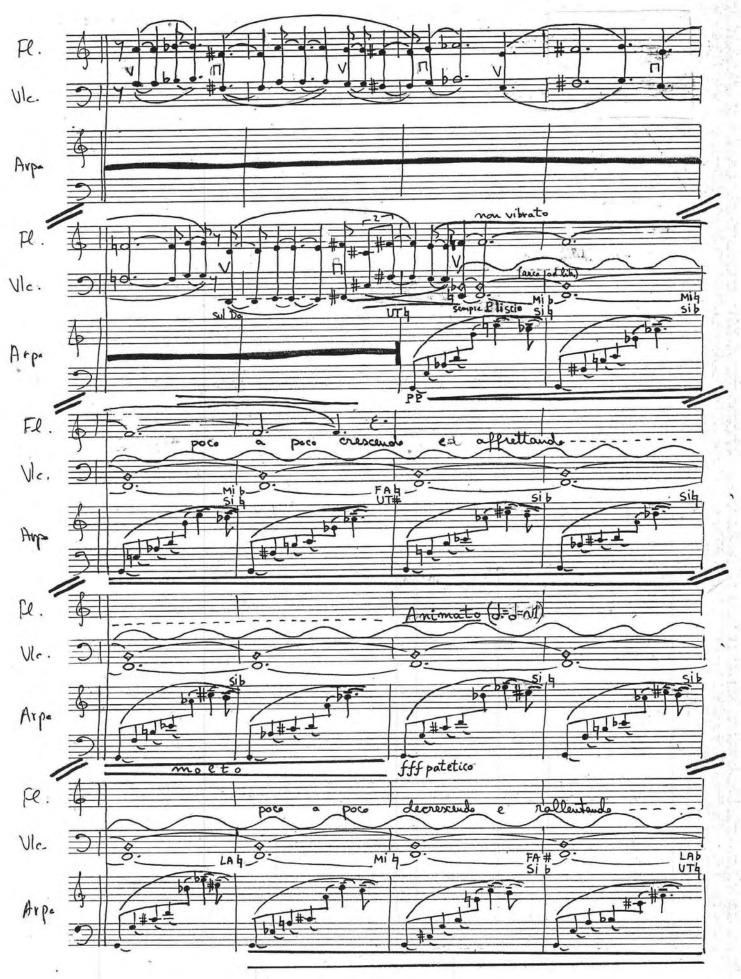


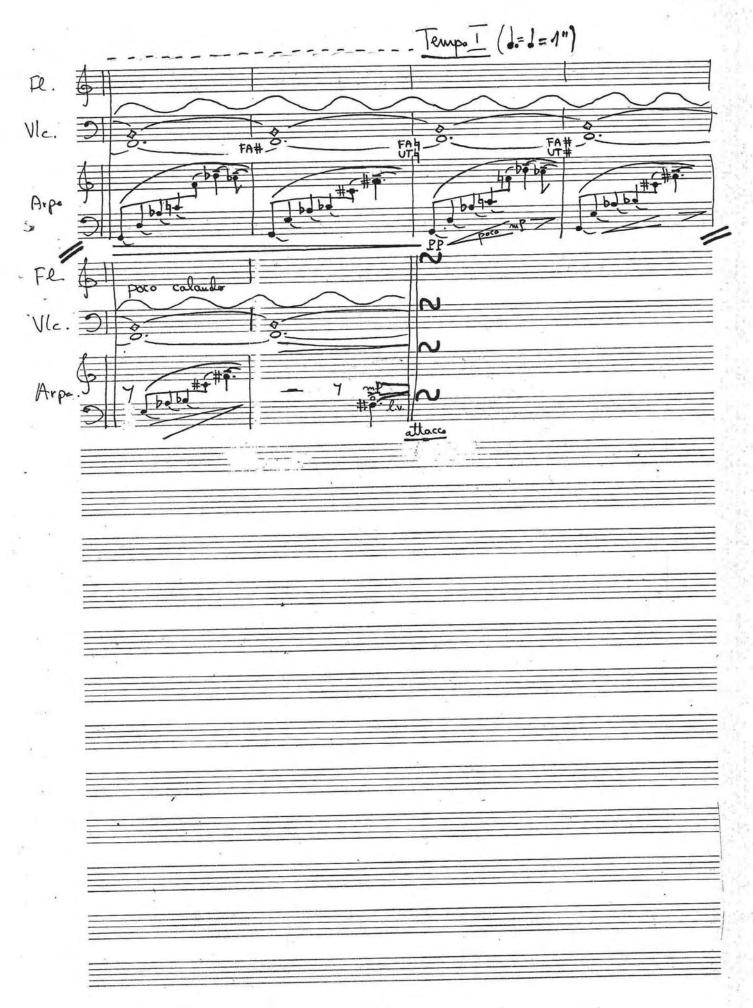
- soni fluidi (unregelmässiges Glissando mit dem Stimmschlüssel auf den "g" Seite).







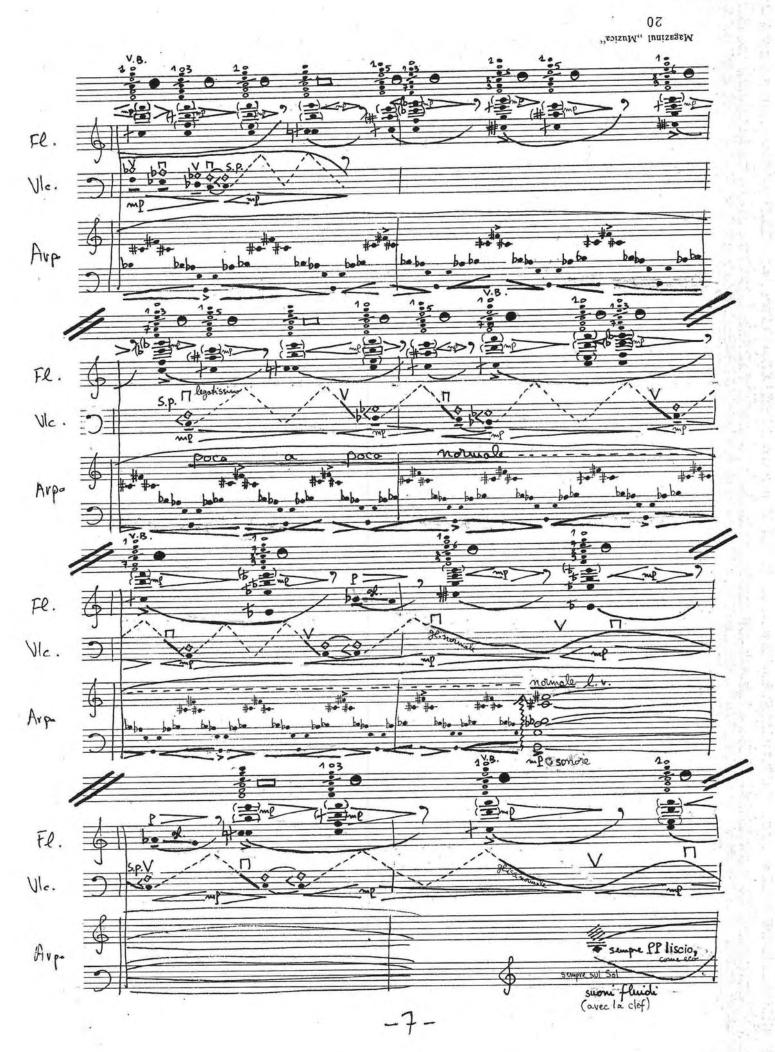


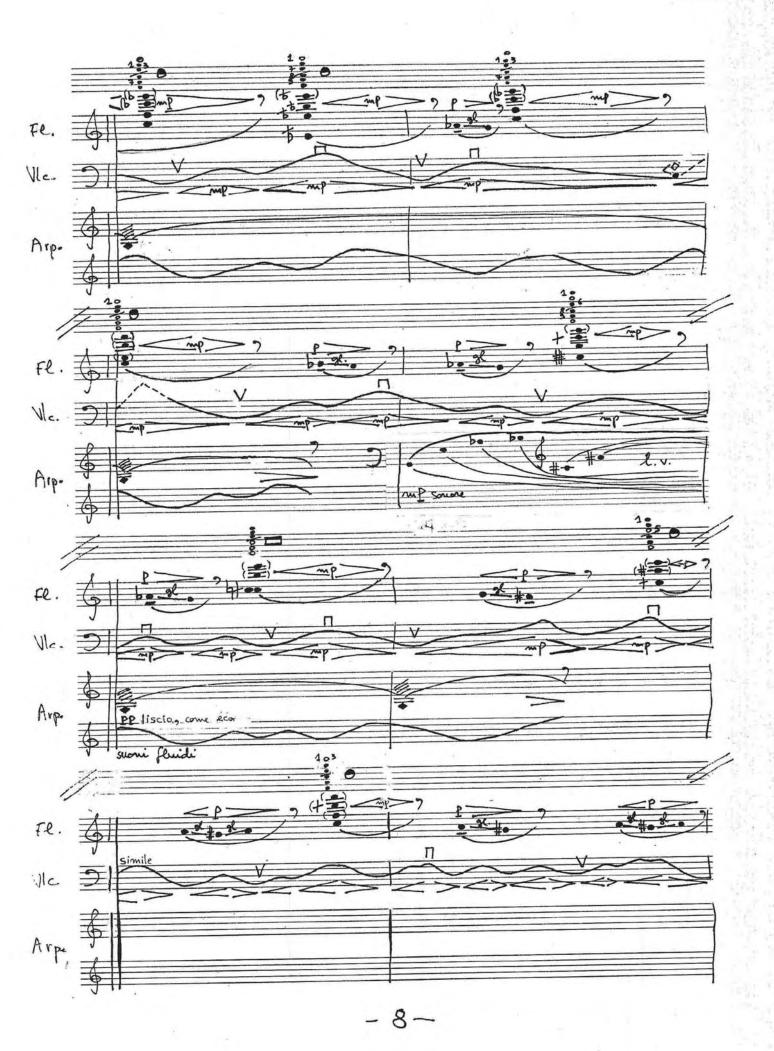




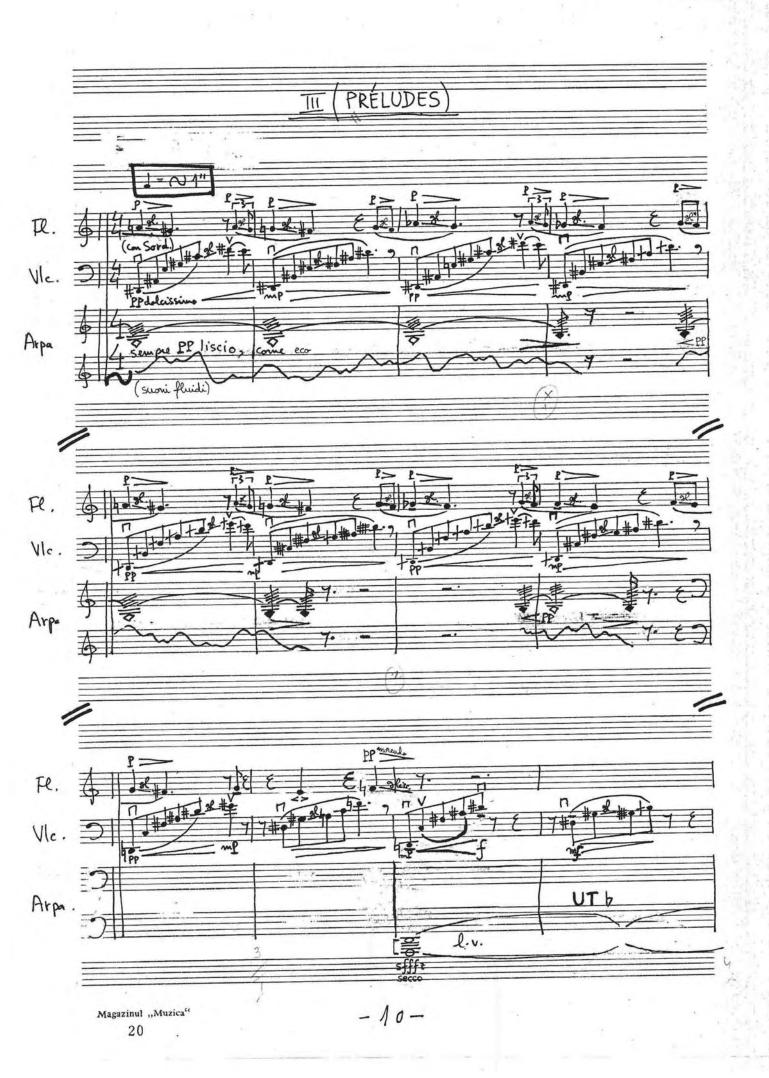




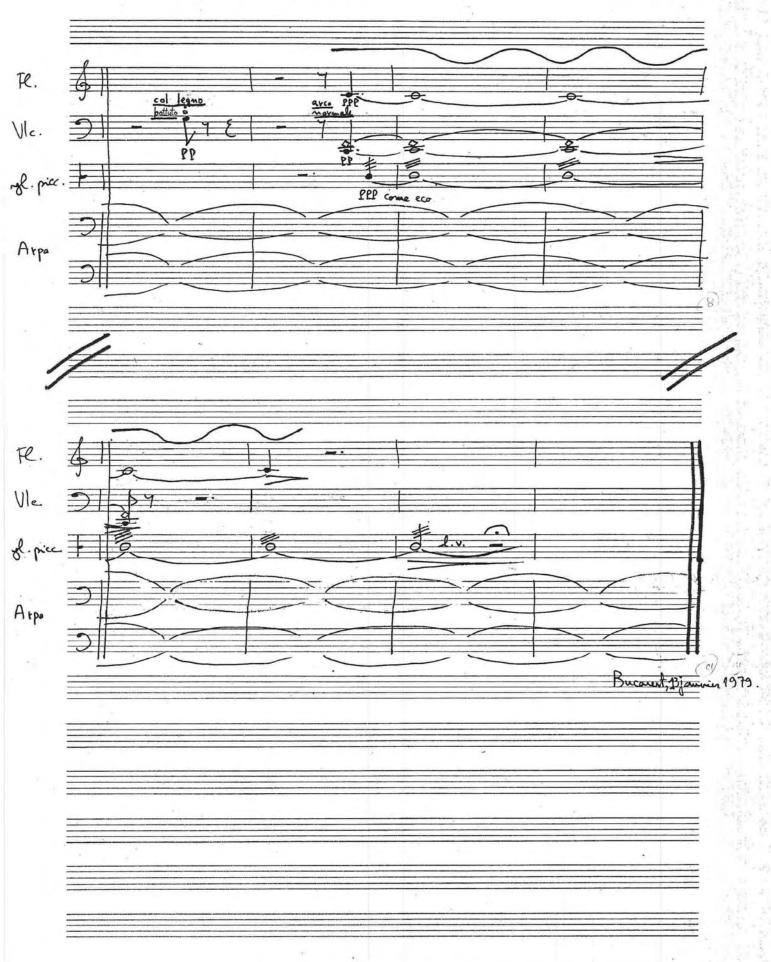






























# SERBAN NICHIFOR 1979

# NATALIS NOSTRI DOMINI IESU CHRISTI ARCANUM - secundum Lucam Oratorio de Noël Christmas Oratorio

ORATORIO DA CAMERA

pour

13 interprètes et bande magnétique

Copyright (c) by Serban NICHIFOR (SABAM)
IPI Name No. 46376567
IPI Base No. I-000391194-0

# En hommage à mes Parents

Serban NICHIFOR

## NATALIS NOSTRI DOMINI IESU CHRISTI ARCANUM

- secundum Lucam -

(oratorio da camera)

- I.) NUNTIUS (ca. 11')
- II.) CANTUS MARIAE (ca. 6')
- III.) NATALIS (ca. 10-13')

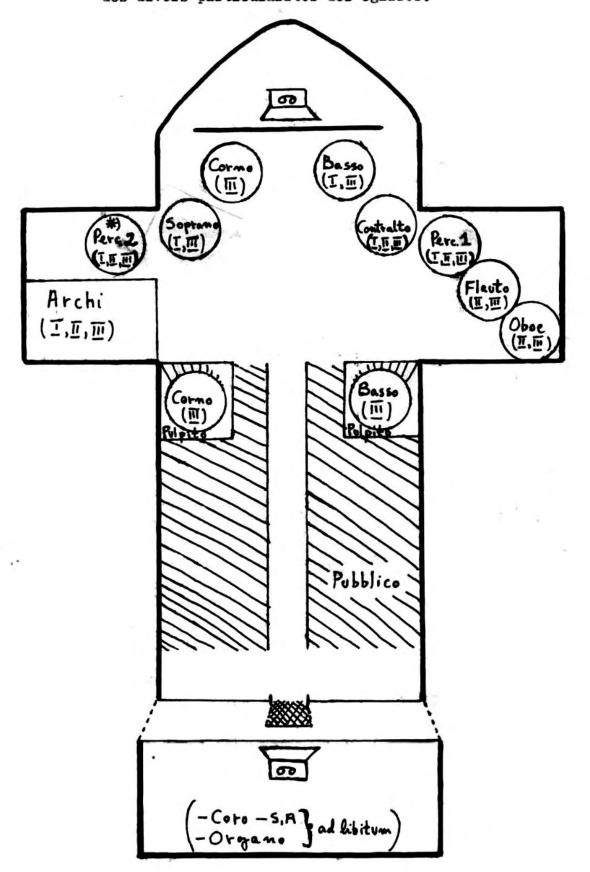
### ESECUTORI

```
1) Flauto (F1.)
2.) Obce (Ob.)
3) Corno (Cr.)
 Soli: Soprano (ossia Ragazzo)
      Contralto
      ()Basso profondo + Triangolo piccolo (\( \Delta \))
 Nastro magnetico (60): - Coro (di ragazzi) - 20-35 Soprani (S.)
                                           - 20-35 Alti (A.)
Percussione I: Campane , Celesta, Vibrafono con motore (Vibf.),
                Triangolo piccolo (A), Tam-tam grande (Tamt.)
Percussione II: Campane , Temple Blocks (T.Bl.) ossia "Toaca",
                 Sonagli sospesi (Sngl.), Vibrafono con motore (Vibf.),
                 Campanelli (C-nelli), Triangolo piccolo (△), Crotalo (Crot.)
                 ossia Campanelli, Tam-tam grande (Tamt.)
  Archi: Wiolina 1 (Vlna. 1)
       40 Violina 2 (Vlna. 2)
       4) Viola (Vla.)
       4) Violoncello (V-cello) + Sonagli sospesi (Sngl.)
       43)Contrabbasso (C-basso) + Triangolo piccolo (\Delta)
  Pubblico (ad libitum)**
  Campane da chiesa
```

<sup>\* )</sup> La bande magnetique peut être remplacée par une intervention directe du choeur et (ou) de l'orgue. (La bande est réalisable - partialement ou intégralement - aussi par le compositeur.)

<sup>\*\*)</sup> Des feuilles volantes contenant les "MOBILE" (mélodies populaires à l'occasion du Noël) seront mises à la disposition du public pour l'intervention finale (- ad libitum).

EMPLACEMENT GÉNÉRAL - adaptable en fonction des divers particularités des églises.



In extremis, "Percussione 2" peut jouer aussi dans le transept droit, à côté et sur les instruments (Campane, Vibrafono, Tam-tam) de "Percussione 1".

### MOTA BENE

"OFF"

- dans l'extérieur, à proximité de l'espace de concert.



- entrée des interprètes dans l'espace de concert.



- arrêt temporaire des interprètes.



- sortie des interprètes de l'espace de concert.



- "MOBILE" (mobiles) - fragments mélodiques (voir l'annexe)

chantés et joués continuellement ( ) ou

discontinuellement ( ) dans un ordre aléatoire,
jusqu'à l'épuisement du temps indiqué par la longueur de la

ligne droite. L'intervention finale du public, qui a à la



- clef spéciale signifiant la possibilité de choisir le registre optimal, en respectant la valeur absolue des notes lues dans la clef Sol.

disposition des parties contenant les mobiles, est "ad libitum".



- coup circulaire au bord du Tam-tam avec un baguette métallique.



- indication pour le final ouvert (durant ca. 1-3'): le public et les interprètes sortent (chantant les "MOBILE") et se séparent en dehors de l'espace de concert, en plein air. Les chansons de Noël, se pulvérisant ainsi (en "perdendosi"), seront englouties dans la sonorité toujours pleine, ample et grave des "Campane da chiesa".

### I.) NUNTIUS

Banco: "Quoniam quidem multi conati sunt ordinare narrationem, quae in noblis completae sunt, rerum: sicut tradiderunt noblis, qui ab initio ipsi viderunt, et ministri fuerunt sermonis: visum est et mini, assecuto omnia a principio diligenter, ex ordine tibi scribere, optime Teophile, ut cognoscas eorum verborum, de quibus eruditus es, veritatem." (Lucam I, 1-4)
"... missus est Angelus Gabriel a Deo in civitatem Galilaeae, cui nomen Nazareth, ad Virginem desponsatam viro, cui nomen erat loseph, de domo David, et nomen virginis Maria. Et ingressus Angelus ad eam dixit:"

Parrazzo (Soprano): "Ave gratia plena: Dominus tecum: Benedicta tu in mulieribus."

Ensso: "Quae cum audisset, turbata est in sermone eius, et cogitabat:"

Contralto: "Qualis esset ista salutatio?"

Eanso: "Et ait Angelus ei:"

Pagazzo (Soprano): "Ne timeas Maria, invenisti enim gratiam apud Deum: ecce concipies in utero, et paries filium, et vocabulis nomen Iesum. Hic erit magnus, et Filius Altissimi vocabitur, et dabit illi Dominus Deus seden David patris eius: et regnabit in domo Iacob in aeternum, et regni eius non erit finis."

Basso: "Dixit autem Maria ad Angelum:"

Contralto: "Quemodo fiet istud, queniam virum non cognosco ?"

Pasco: "Et respondens Angelus dixit ei:"\_

Ragazzo (Soprano): "Spiritus sanctus superveniet in te, et virtus Altissimi obumbrabit tibi. Ideoque et quod nascetur ex te Sanctum, vocabitur Filius Dei." (Lucam I, 26-35)

## II.) CANTUS MARIAE

Contralto: "Magnificat anima mea Dominum:

et exultavit spiritus meus in Deo salutari meo.

Quia respekit humilitatem ancillae suae:

ecce enim ex hoc beatam me dicent omnes generationes.

Quia fecit mihi magna potens est:

et sanctum nomen eius.

Et misecordia eius a progenie in progenies timentibus eum.

Fecit potentiam in brachio suo:
dispersit superbos mente cordis sui.

Deposuit potentes de sede,

et exaltavit humiles.

Esurientes implevit bqnis:

et divites dimisit inanes.

Suscepit Israel puerem suum,

recordatus misecordiae suae.

Sicut locutus est ad patres nostros,

Abraham, et semini eius in saecula." (Lucam I, 46-55)

## III.) NATALIS

Easto: "Ascendit autem et Ioseph a Galilaea de civitate Nazareth in Iudaeam in civitatem David, quae vocatur Bethlehem: eo quod esset de domo, et familia David, ut profiteretur cum Maria desponsata sibi uxore praemate. Factum est autem, cum essent ibi, impleti sunt dies ut pareret. Et pererit filium suum primogenitum, et pannis eum involvit, et reclamavit eum in praesepio: quia non erat eis locus in diversorio."

Contralto: "Et pastores erant in regione eadem vigilantes, et custodientes vigilias noctis super gregem suum. Et ecce angelus Domini stetit iuxta illos, et claritas Dei circumfulsit illos, et timuerunt timore magno. Et dixit illis angelus:"

Ragazzo (Soprano): "Nolite timere: ecce enim evangelizo vobis gaudium magnum, quod erit omni populo: quia natus est vobis hodie Salvator, qui est Christus Dominus in civitate David. Et hoc vobis signum: Invenietis infantem pannis involutium, et positum in praesepio."

Basso: "Et subito facta est cum angelo multitudo militiae caelestis laudantina
Deum, et dicentium:"

Coro: "Cloria in altissimis Deo,

et in terra pax hominibus bonne voluntatie." (Lucam II, 4-14)

Easso: "... Et venerunt festinantes: et invenerunt Mariam, et Ioseph, et infantem positum in praesepio. Videntes-autem cognoverunt de verbo, quod dictum erat illis de puero hoc..." (Lucam II, 16-17)

Coro: HYMNUS

# Serban NICHIFOR - "WEIHNACHTSORATORIUM"

Dauer: ~ 28-30'

Interpreten: Soli - Sopran (Frau oder Kind) = der Engel

- Alt = Maria

- Bass (mit einem kleinen Triangel) = der Evangelist

Frauen- (oder Kinder-) Chor - ~ 20 Soprane
- ~ 15 Alte

#### Kammerorchester:

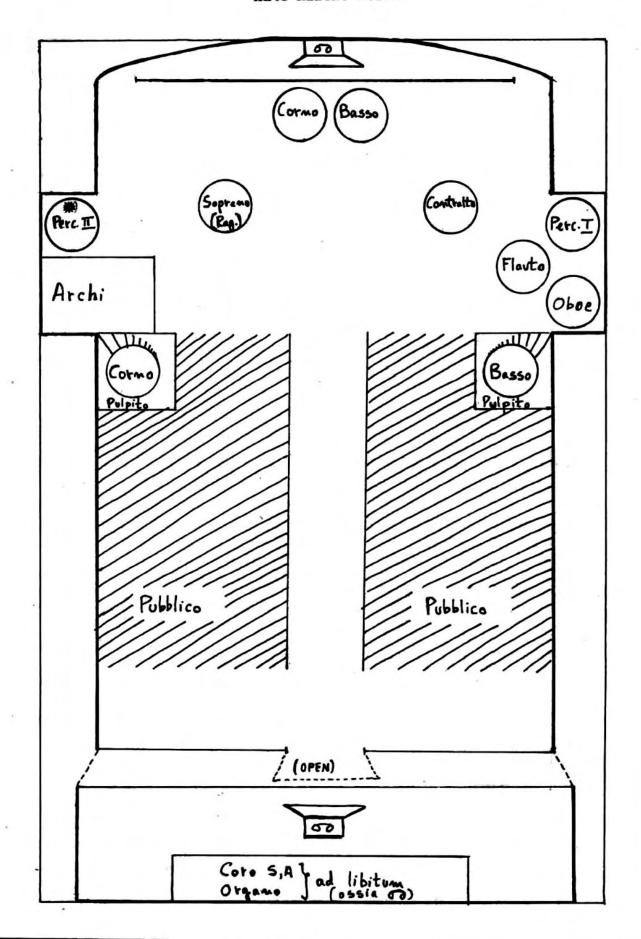
- 1 Flöte (Fl.)
- 1 Oboe (Ob.)
- 1 Horn (Cor.)
- 2 Schlagzeuger: I.) Röhrenglocken (Cmp.), Celesta (Cel.) Vibraphon (Vibr.), kleiner Triangel (Δ), grösseres Tam-tam (Tamt.);

  II.) Röhrenglocken (Cmp.), 2 Tempelblöcke (T.Bl.), Schellen (Sngl.), Vibraphon (Vibr.), Glockenspiel (C-nelli), kleiner Triangel (Δ), Zimbelchen in H (Crot.).
- Streicher: 1/1/1/1; Cello auch mit Schellen, Kontrabass auch mit einem kleinen Triangel.
- Orgel.

Nota Bene: 1.) Dieses Oratorium verwendet Chor, Orgel, Vibraphon und Glockenspiel auf Magnetband eingespielt, nur wenn die direkte Wiedergabe nicht möglich ist. Wenn Chor, Orgel, Vibraphon und Glockenspiel vorhanden sind, wird das Magnetband nicht verwendet.

- 2.) Die Flugblätter mit den "Mobile" (weihnachtliche Volksmelodien) stehen dem Publikum zum Mitsingen (ad libitum) zur Verfügung.
- 3.) Wenn die Aufführungsmöglichkeiten nicht gegeben sind, kann der Schluss "Open" (in welchem Interpreten und Publikum das Gotteshaus verlassen und gemeinsam Weihnachtslieder singen, während sie sich auf den Heimweg begeben), weggelassen werden. In diesem Falle schliesst das Oratorium mit dem letzten, in der Partitur verzeichneten, Takt.
- 4.) Die in der Partitur angegebene szenische Darstellungweise (\$\overline{\psi}\$,  $\overline{\Phi}$, \overline{\Phi}$) ist nicht verpflichtend. Das Oratorium kann auch in tiblicher Konzertaufstellung aufgeführt werden.$

EMPLACEMENT GÉNÉRAL - adaptable pour "Alte Kirche Boswil"



In extremis, "Percussione II" peut jouer aussi dans le transept droit à côté et sur les instruments (Campane, Vibrafono, Tam-tam) de "Percussione I".



AUS DEM VATIKAN, am 30. Sept. 1980

Das Staatssekretariat bestätigt Herrn Serban Nichifor in München den Eingang seines werten Schreibens vom 12. 8. d.J. und teilt freundlich mit, daß der Heilige Vater für dieses Zeichen der Wertschätzung und Verbundenheit sowie für die liebenswürdige Gabe herzlich dankt und ihm wie seinen Freunden den treuen Schutz Gottes für den weiteren Weg erbittet.

(Mons. G.B. Re, Assessor)



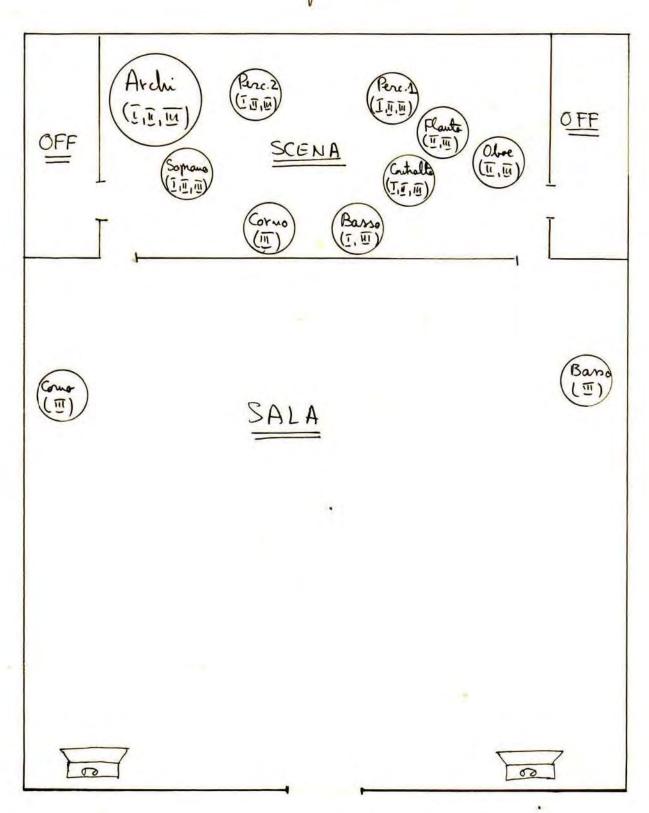
#### ESECUTORI

```
Flauto (Fl.)
Oboe (Ob.)
Corno (Cr.)
Soli: Soprano, ossia Ragazzo
      Contralto
      Basso profondo + Triangolo piccolo (A)
Nastro magnetico (60) : Coro (di ragazzi) - 20-35 Soprani (S.)
                                          - 20-35 Alti (A.)
                         Organo
Percussione I: Campane ( ), Celesta, Vibrafono con motore
               (Vibf.), Triangolo piccolo (△), Tam-tam grande (Tamt.)
Percussione II: Campane ( T.El.), Temple Blocks (T.El.)
                ossia "Toaca", Sonagli sospesi (Sngl.), Vibrafono.
                con motore (Vibf.), Campanelli (C-nelli), Triangolo
               piccolo (Δ), Crotalo (Crot.) ossia Campanelli,
               Tam-tam grande (Tamt.)
Archi: Violina 1 (Vlna. 1)
       Violina 2 (Vlna. 2)
       Viola (Vla.)
       Violoncello (V-cello) + Sonagli sospesi (Sngl.)
       Contrabbasso (C-basso) + Triangolo piccolo (A)
Pubblico (ad lib.)
```

<sup>\*)</sup> La bande magnétique peut être remplacée par une intervention directe du choeur et de l'orgue.

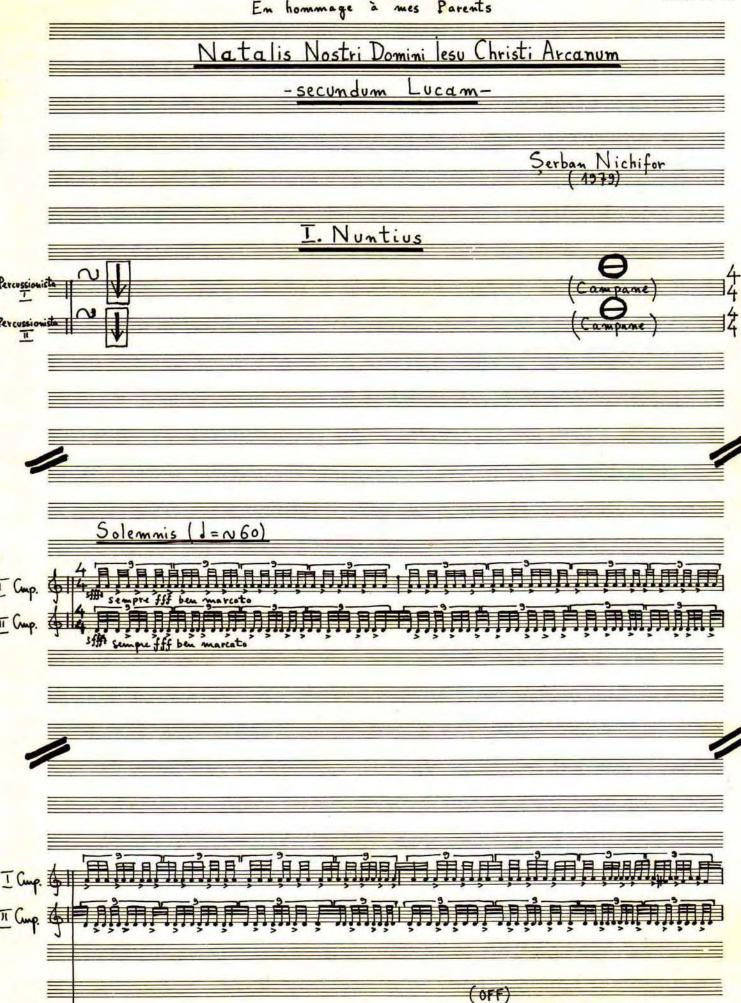
Nichi for.

# ORATORIO DA CAMERA emplacement -



# Nota Bene

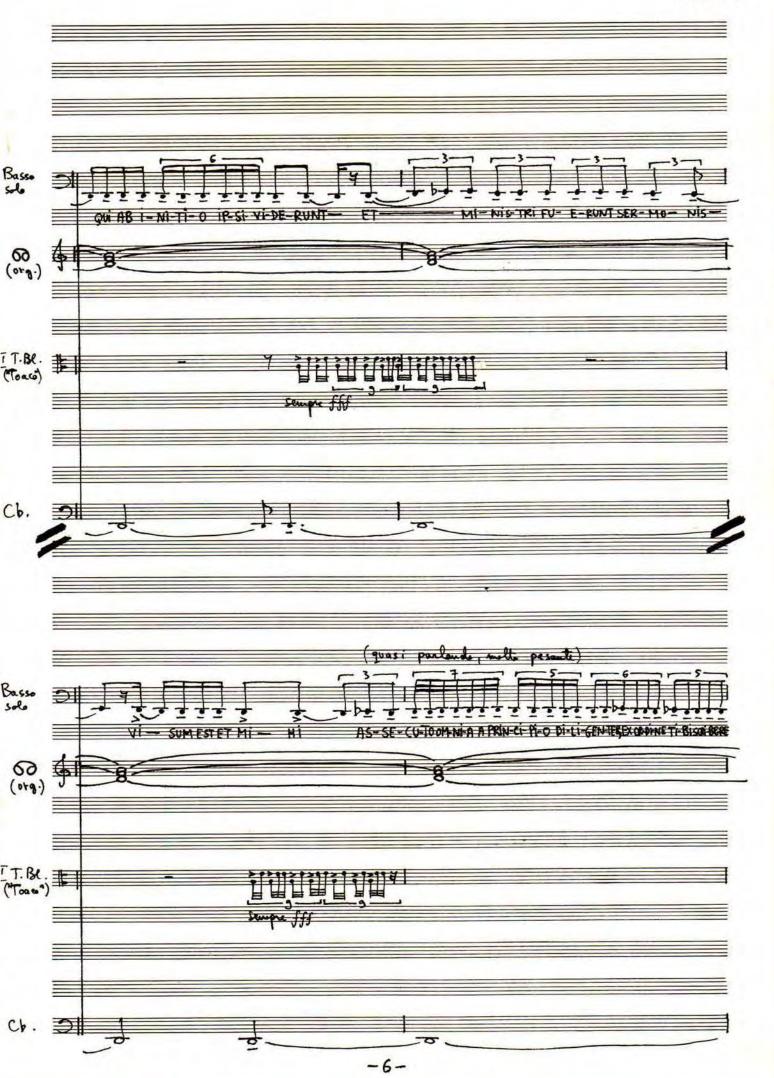
- intrarea interpretului în scenă - oprirea interpretului pe locul indicat în schemă. - ieșirea interpretului din scenă. - interpretul cîntă din afara scenei. OFF M - mobile - fragmente muzicale circulind într-o ordine aleatoare și în mod continuu (-----) sau discontinuu (- - -).- 1/4 ton mai sus. + - 3 ton mai sus. 艓 \$ - 4 to mai for. - 3 to mai jos. 65 4 - citiva notalor in cheia Sol, cu alegeres registrului optim ficcarei voci implicate in discursul municul respectiv.

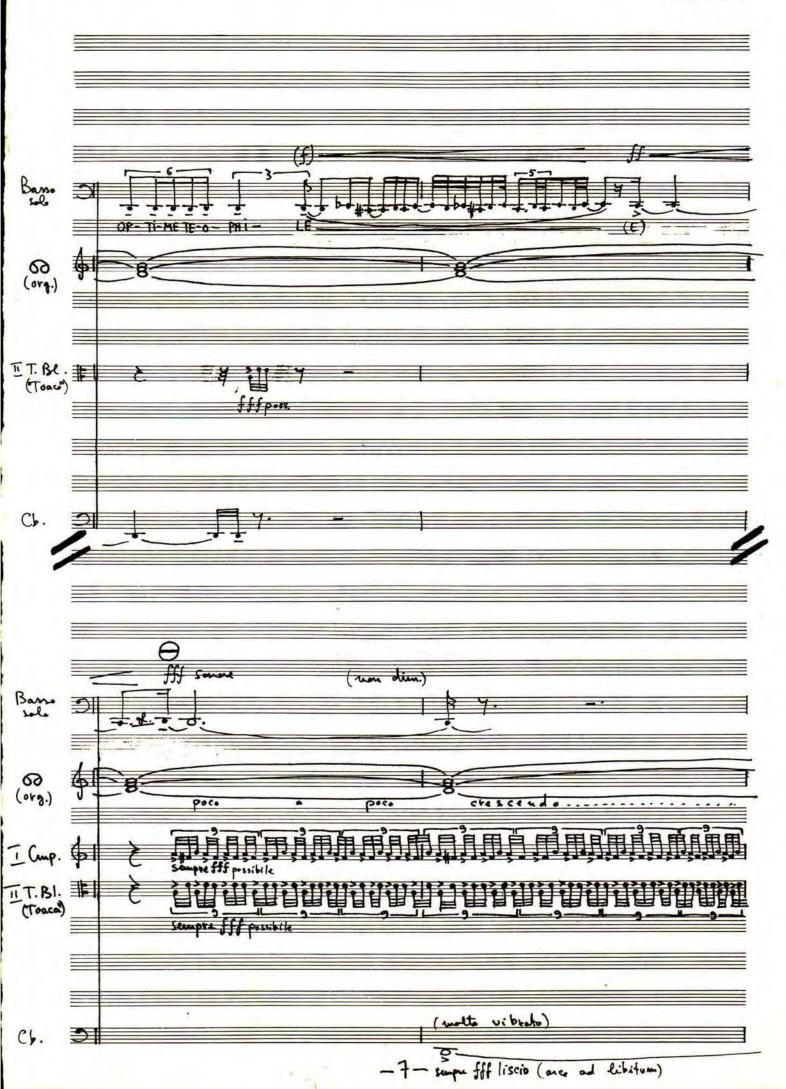


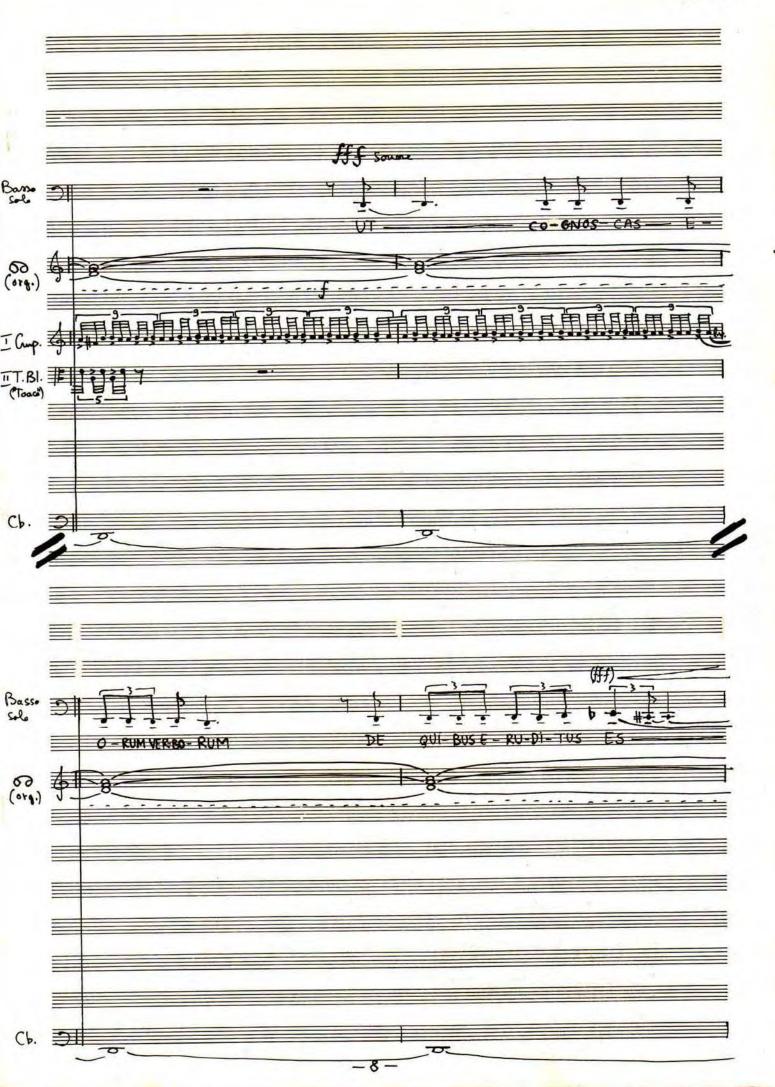
Magazinul "Muzica"

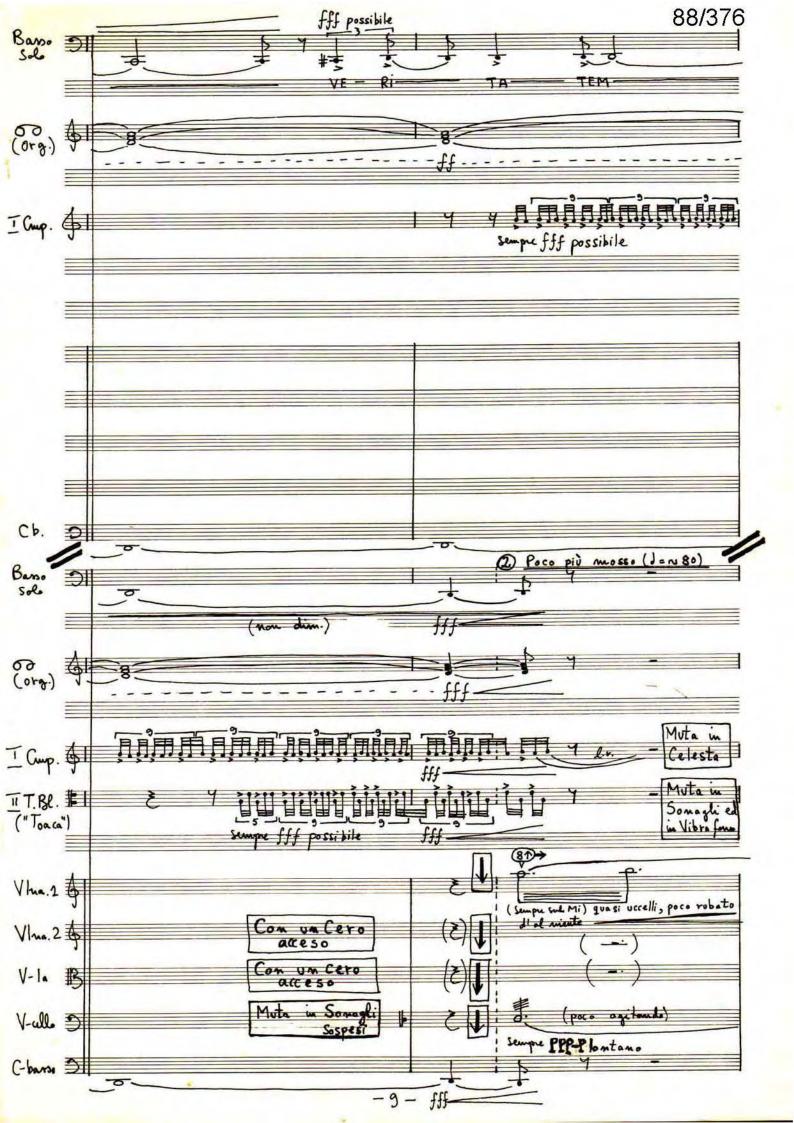
Muta in Triangolo



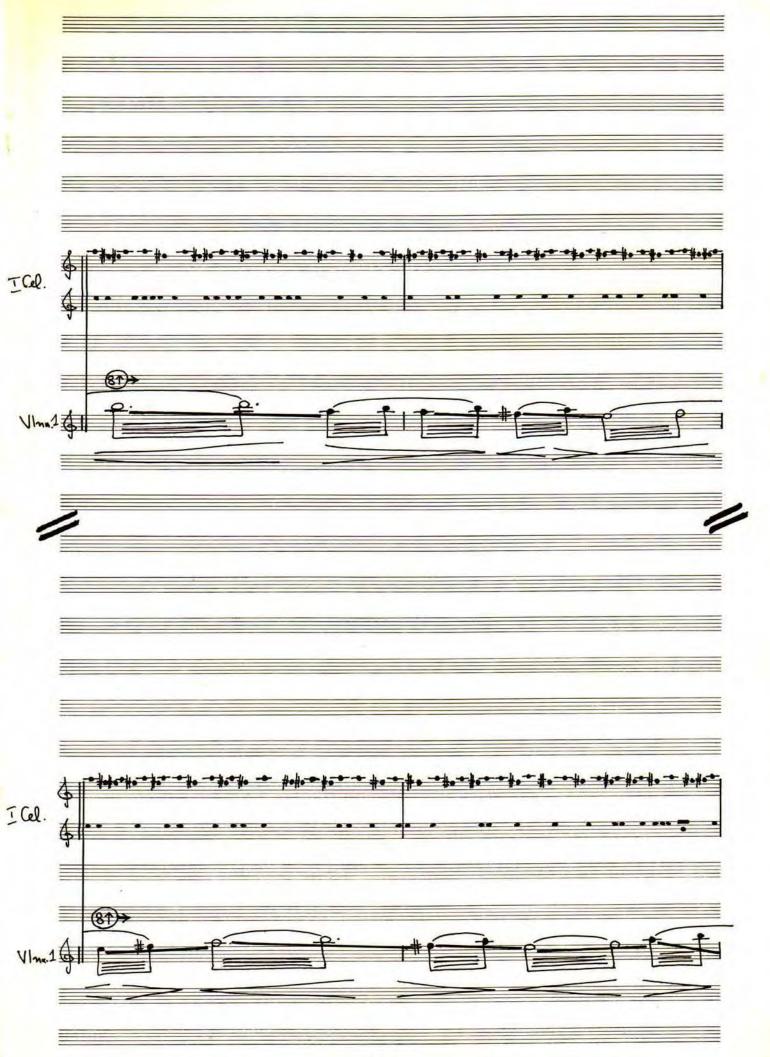


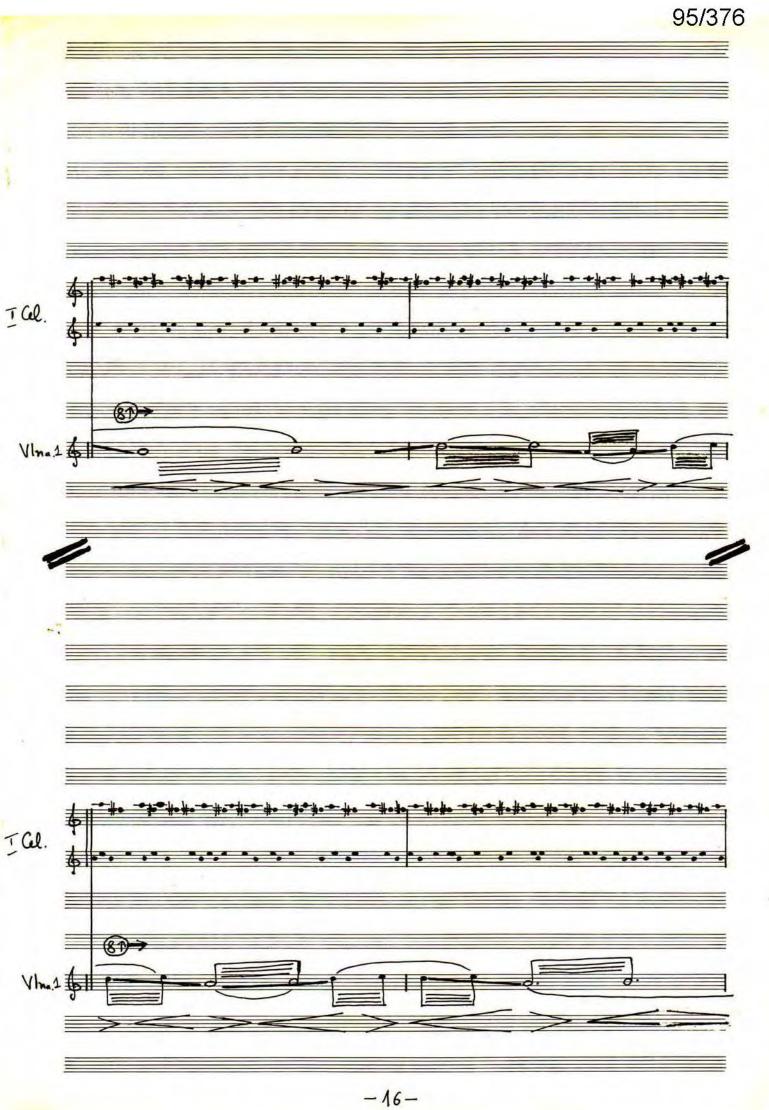


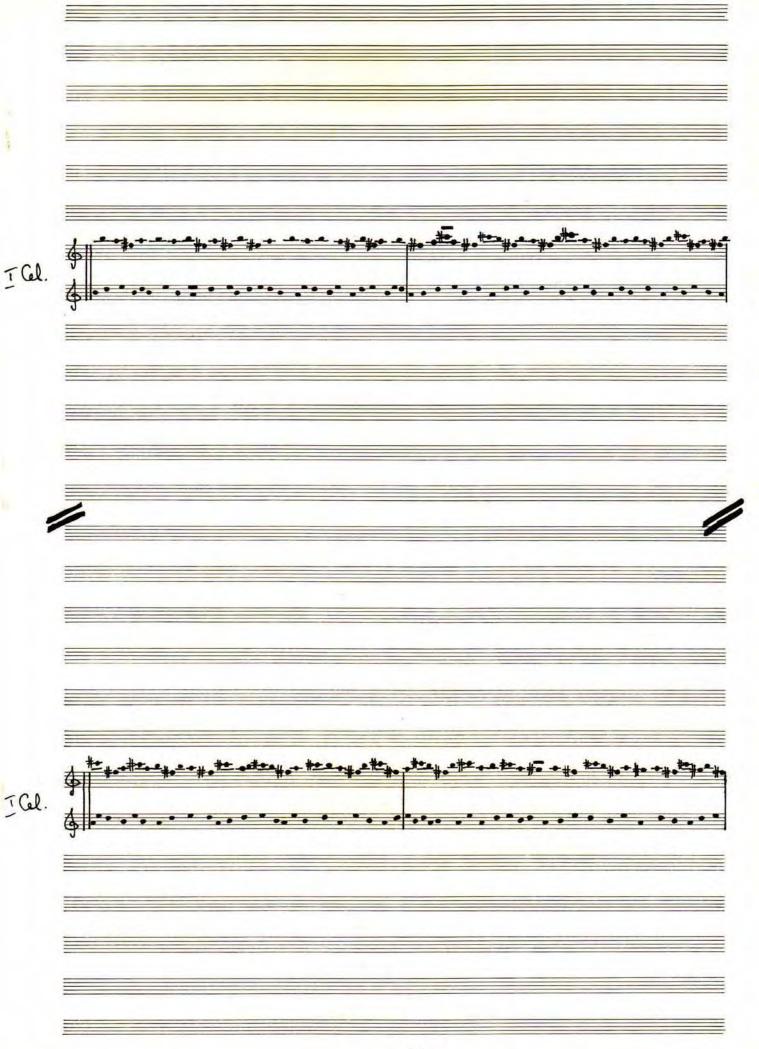






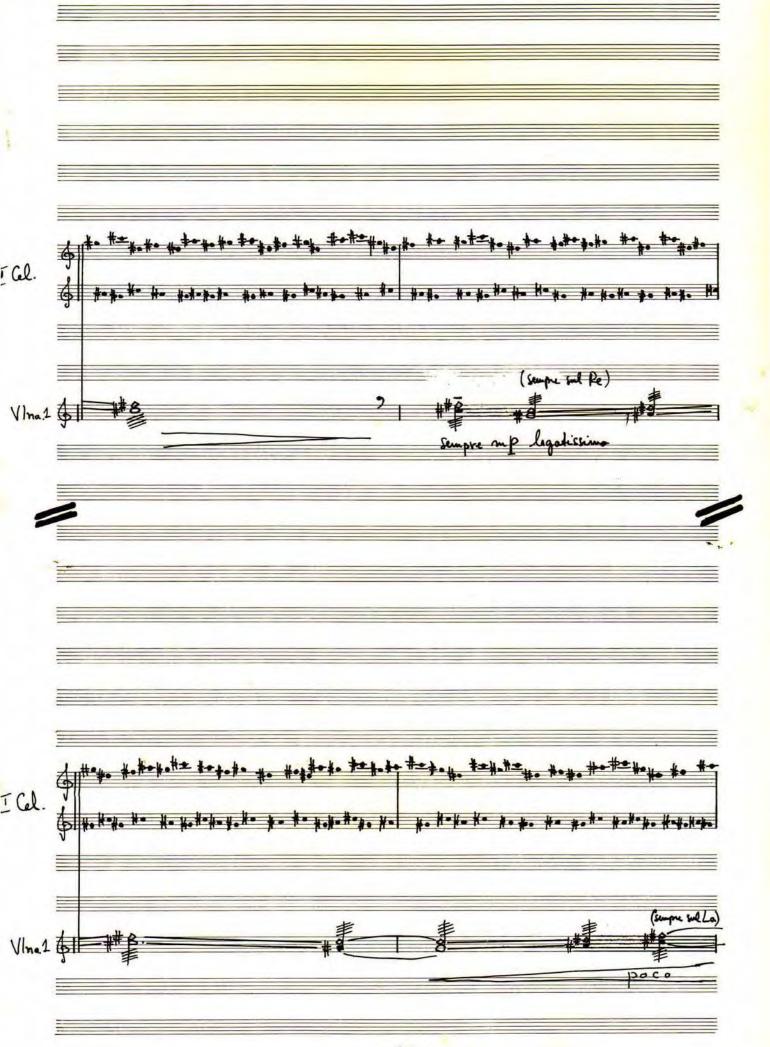


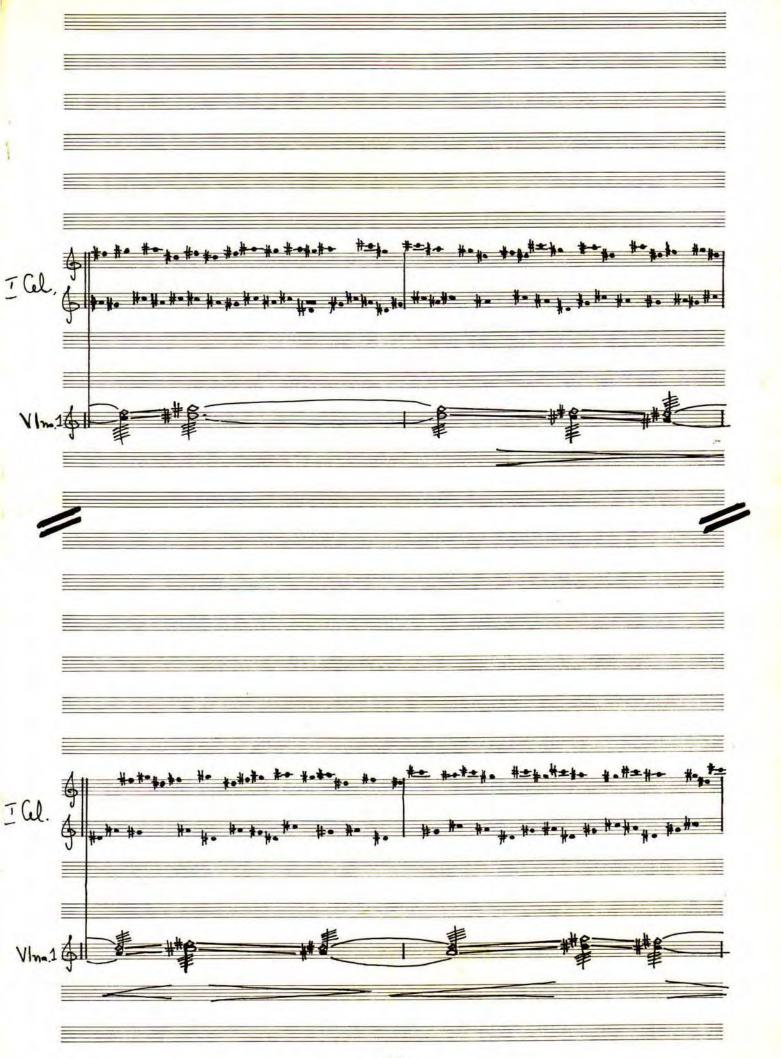




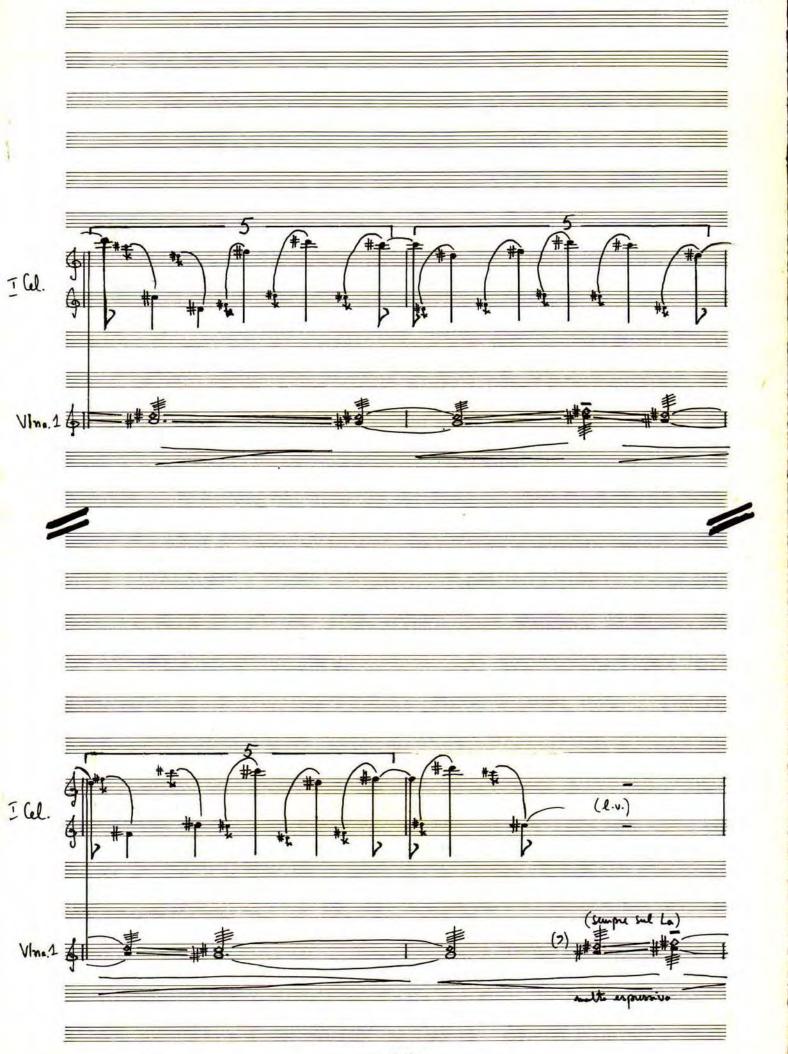
	##= #= += += += += += += += += += += += += +=
IGL.	######################################
1	
-	
,	
T Cel.	1 - 4
	\$   ** ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *





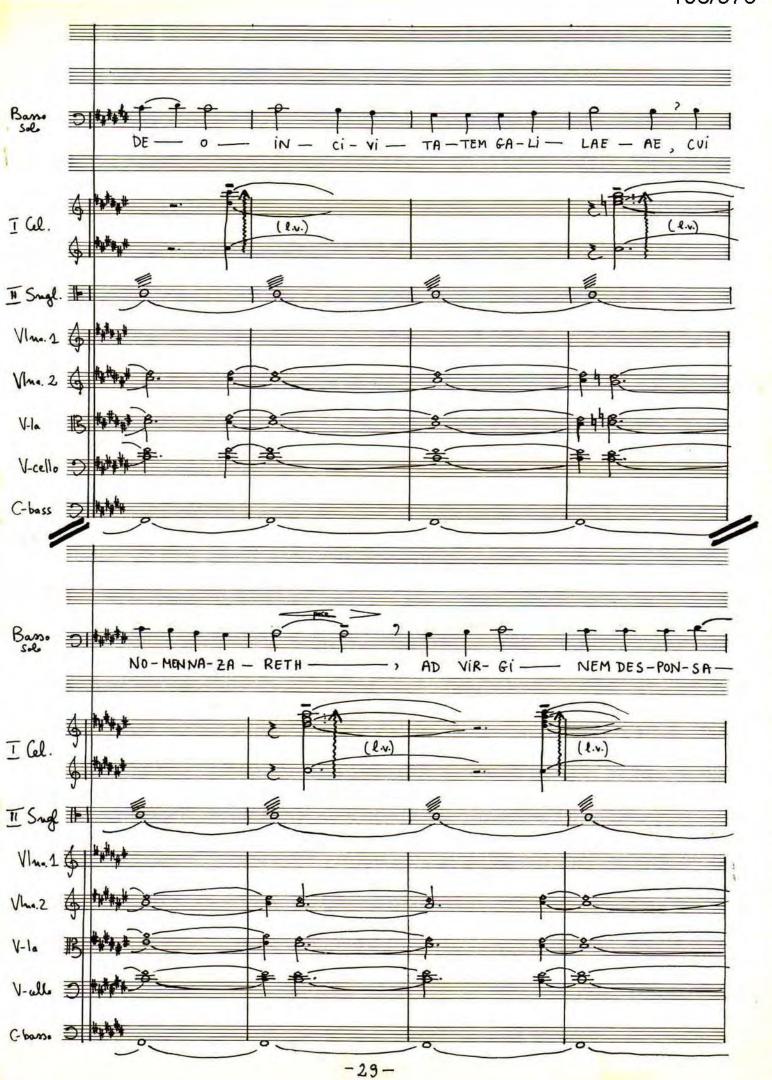


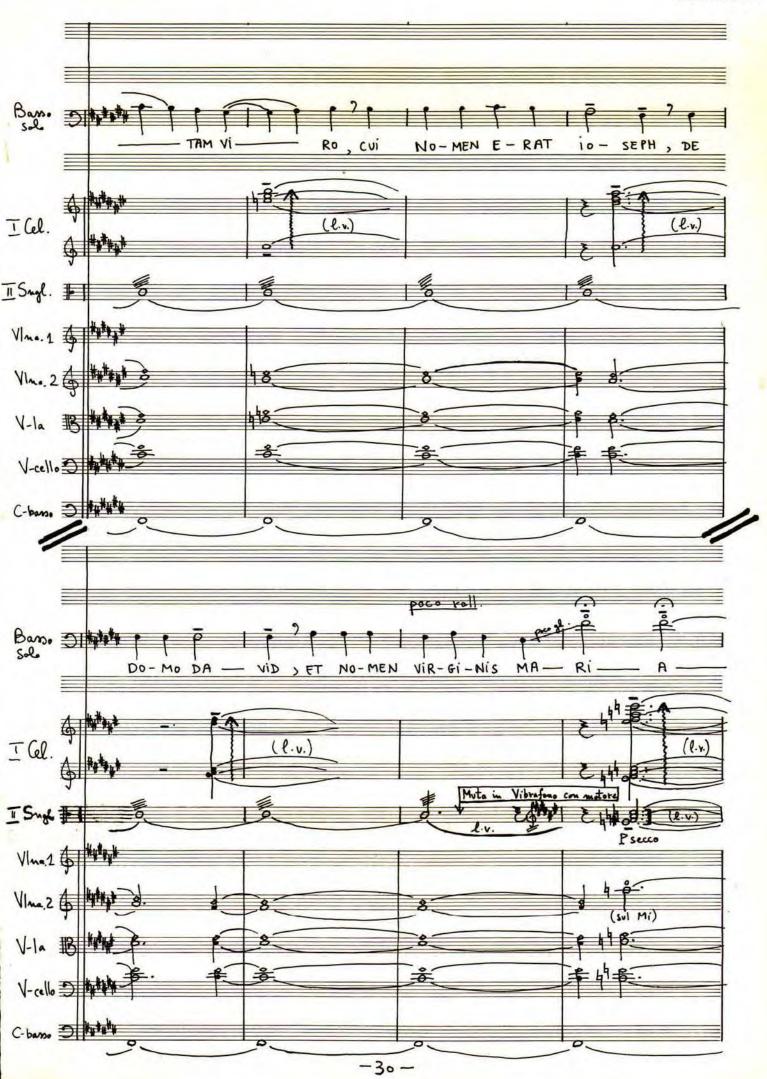










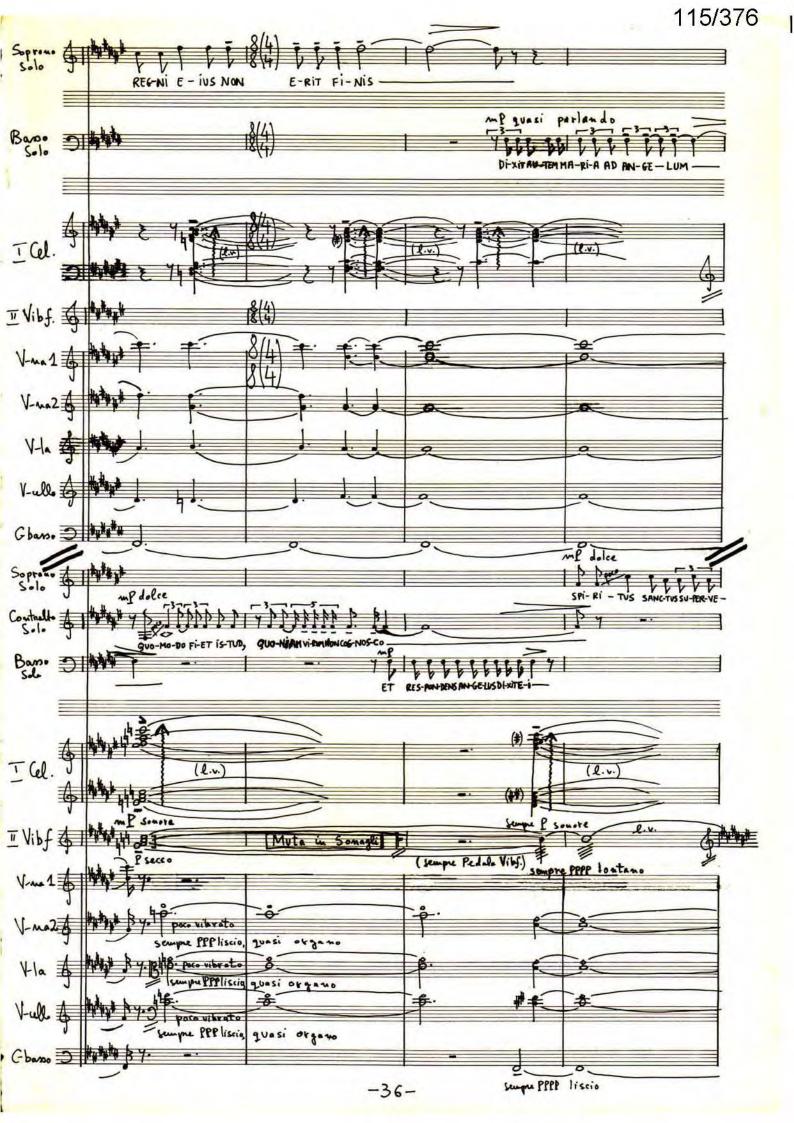


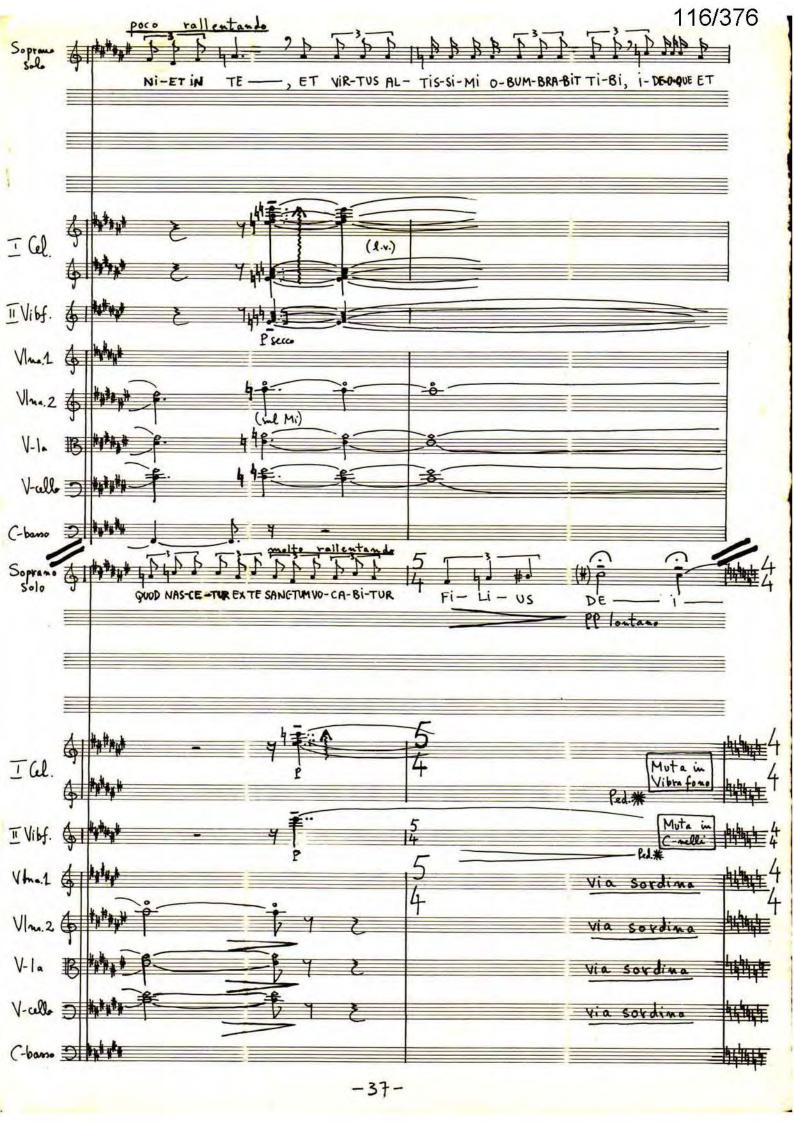


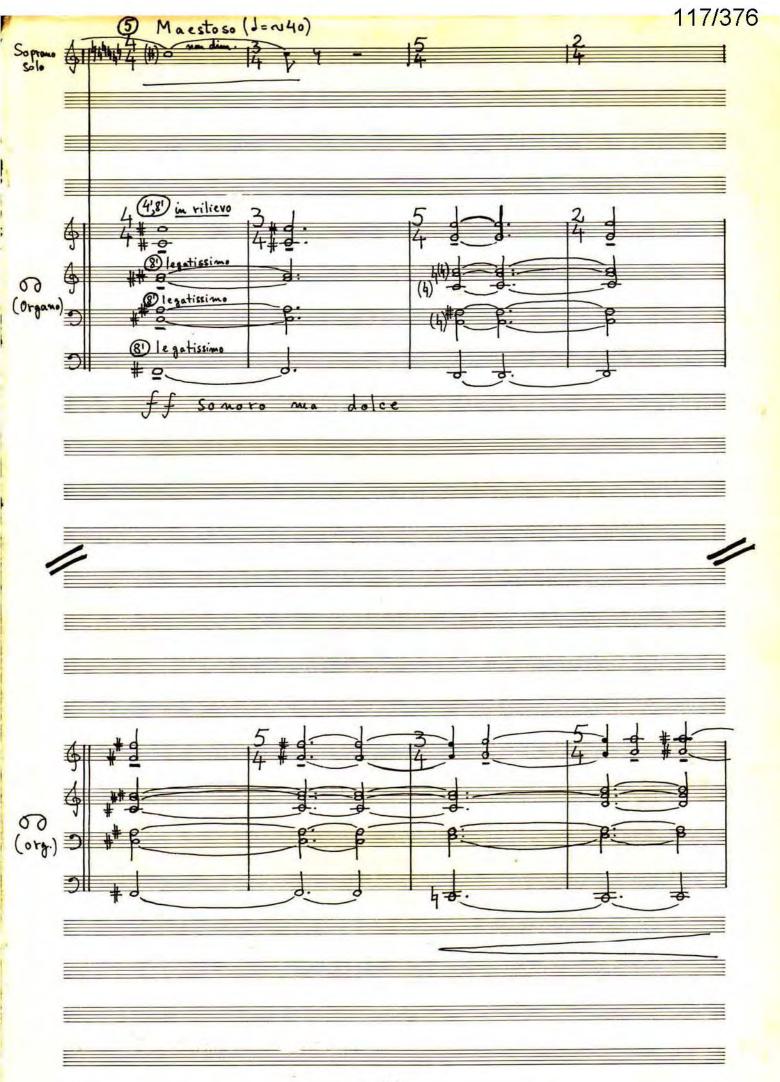






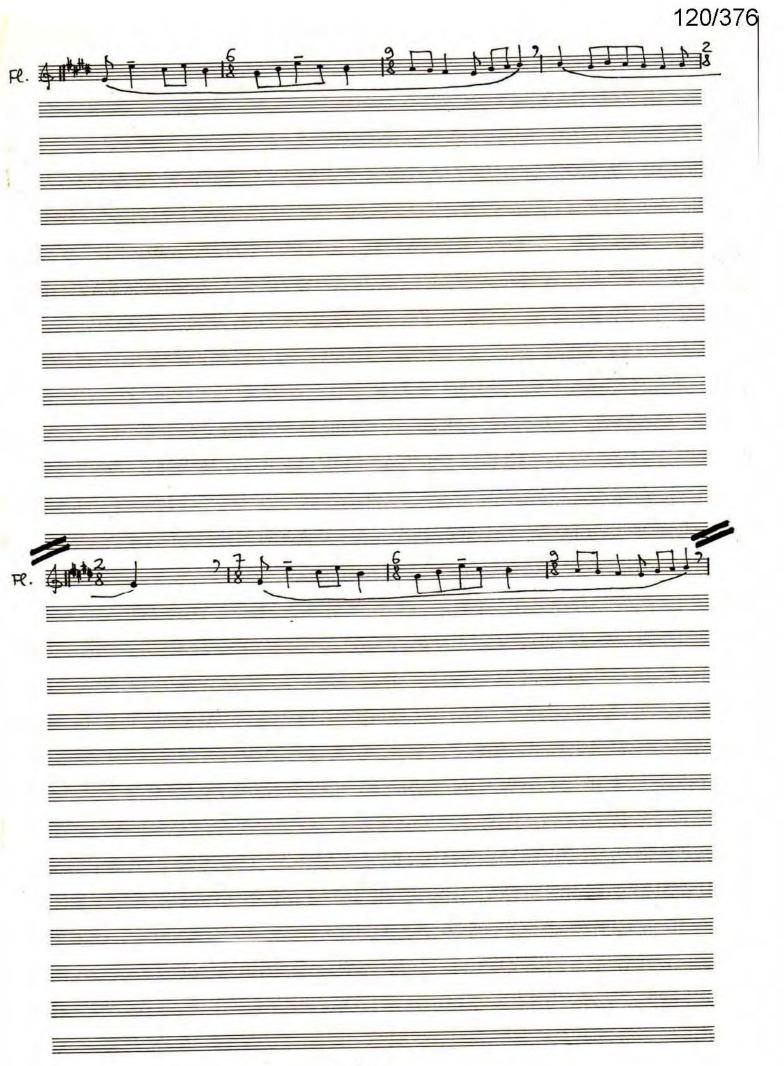










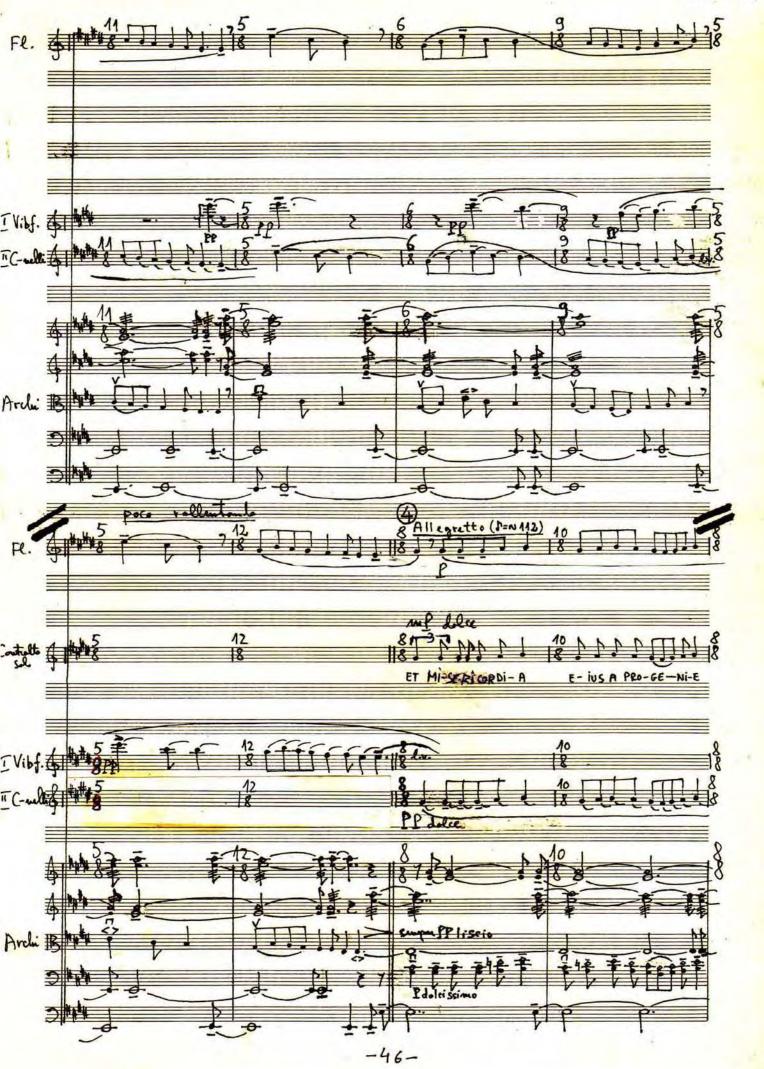
















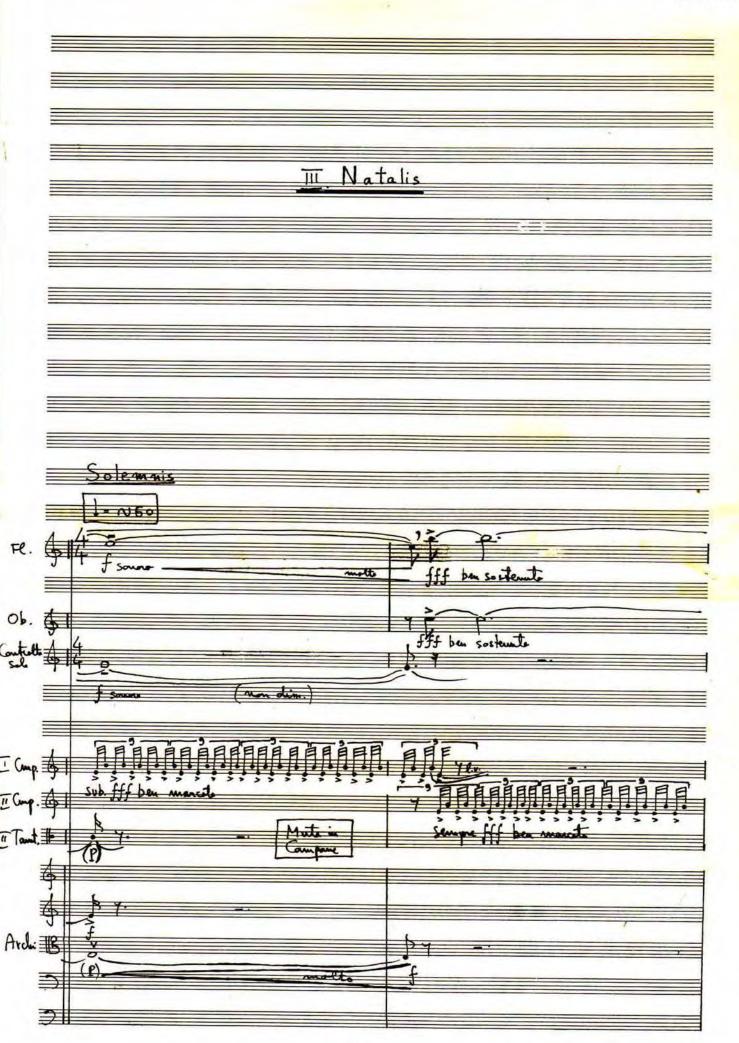


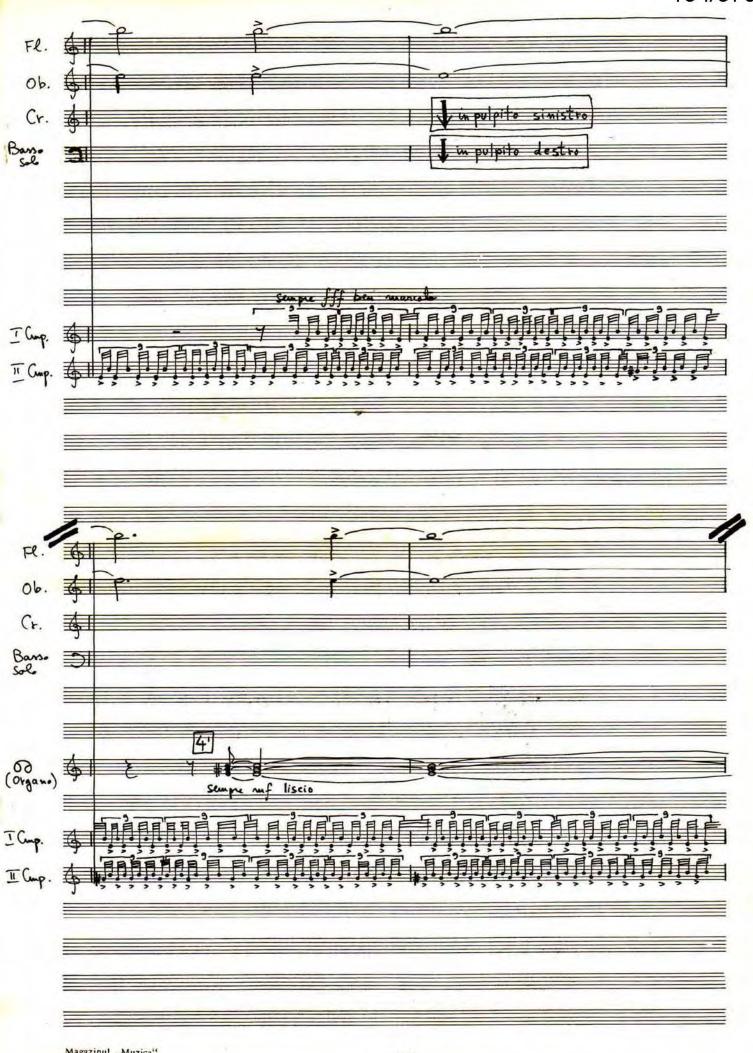






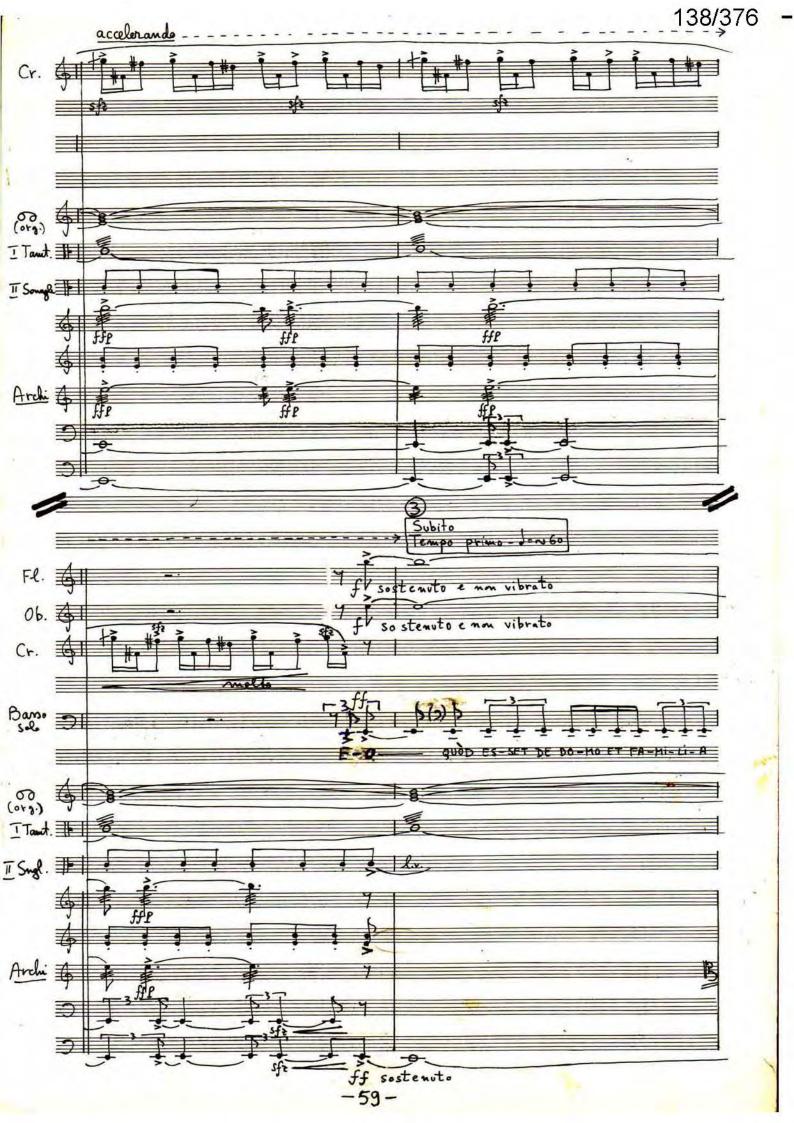


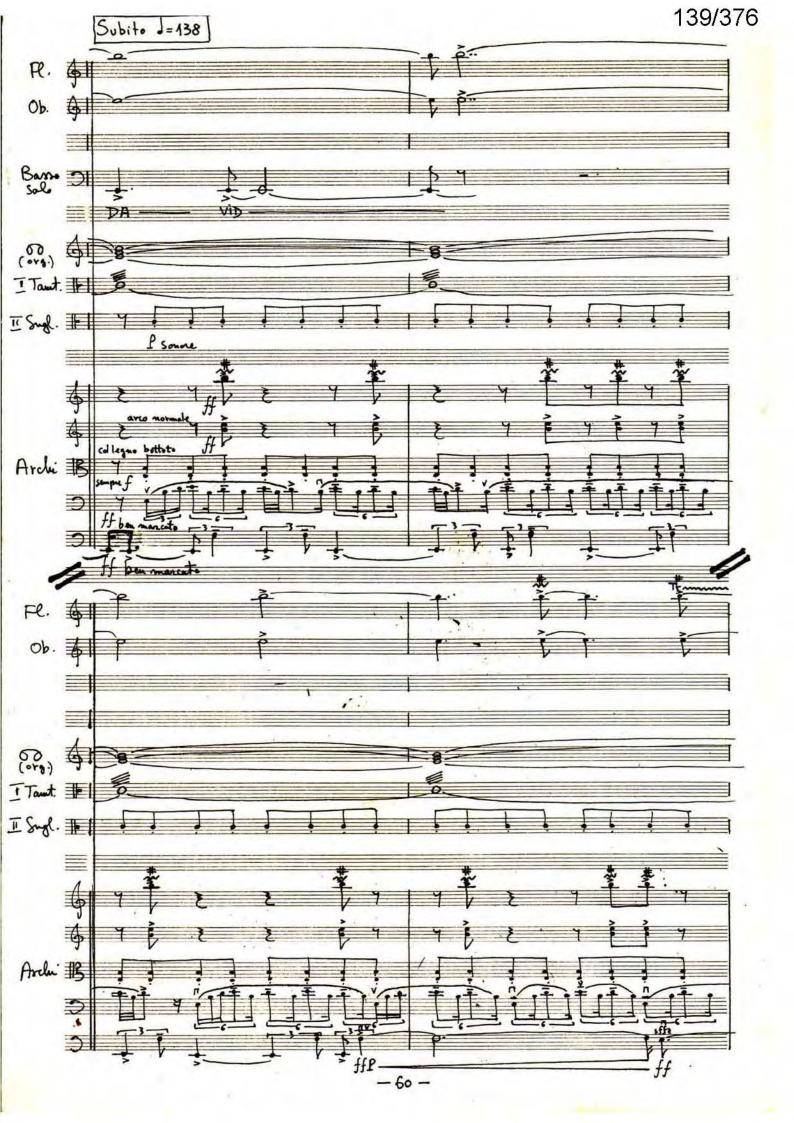










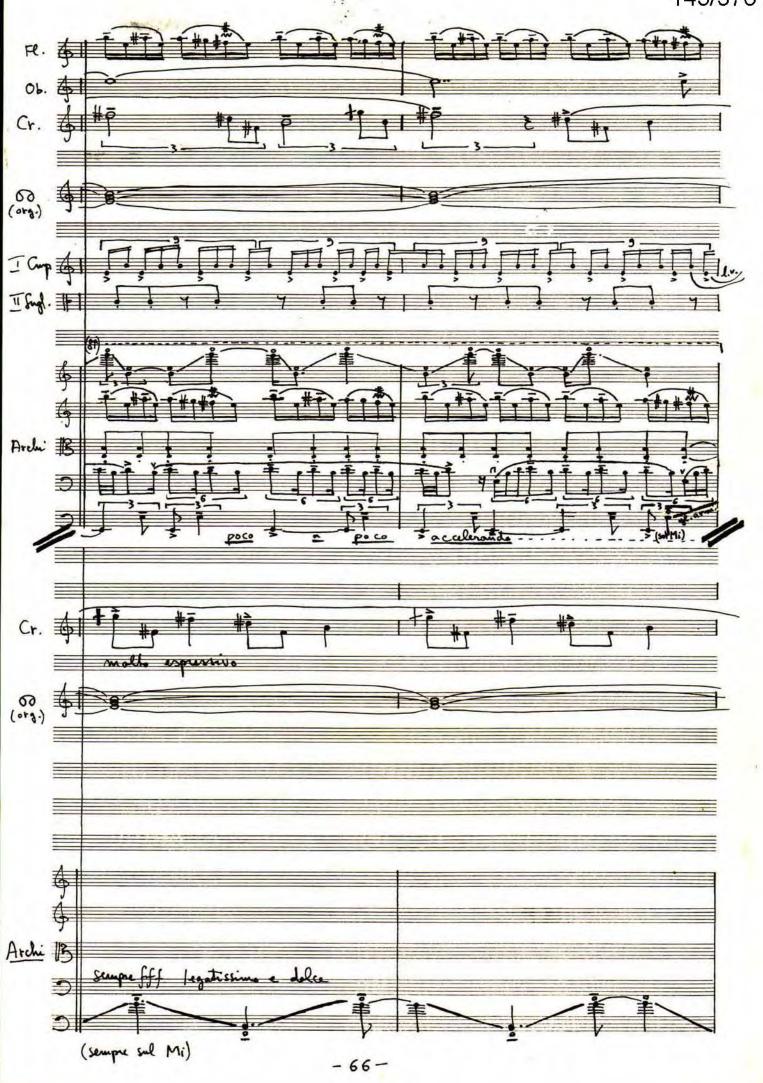


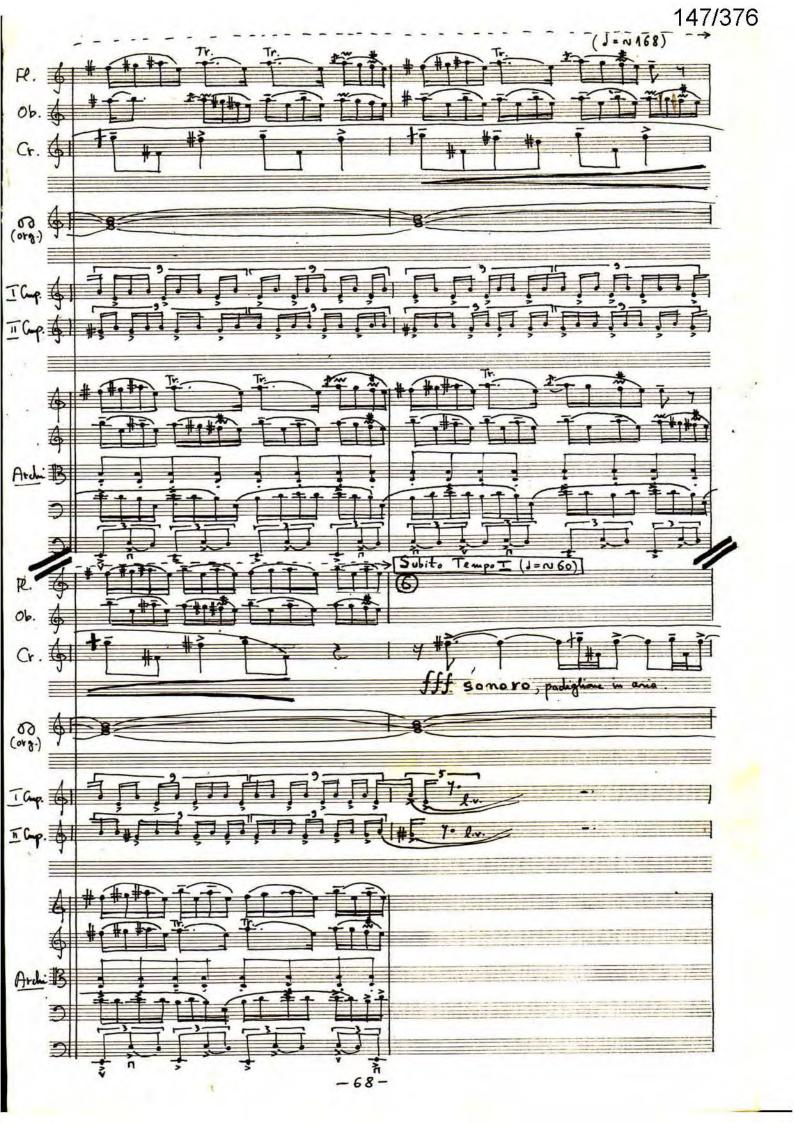




















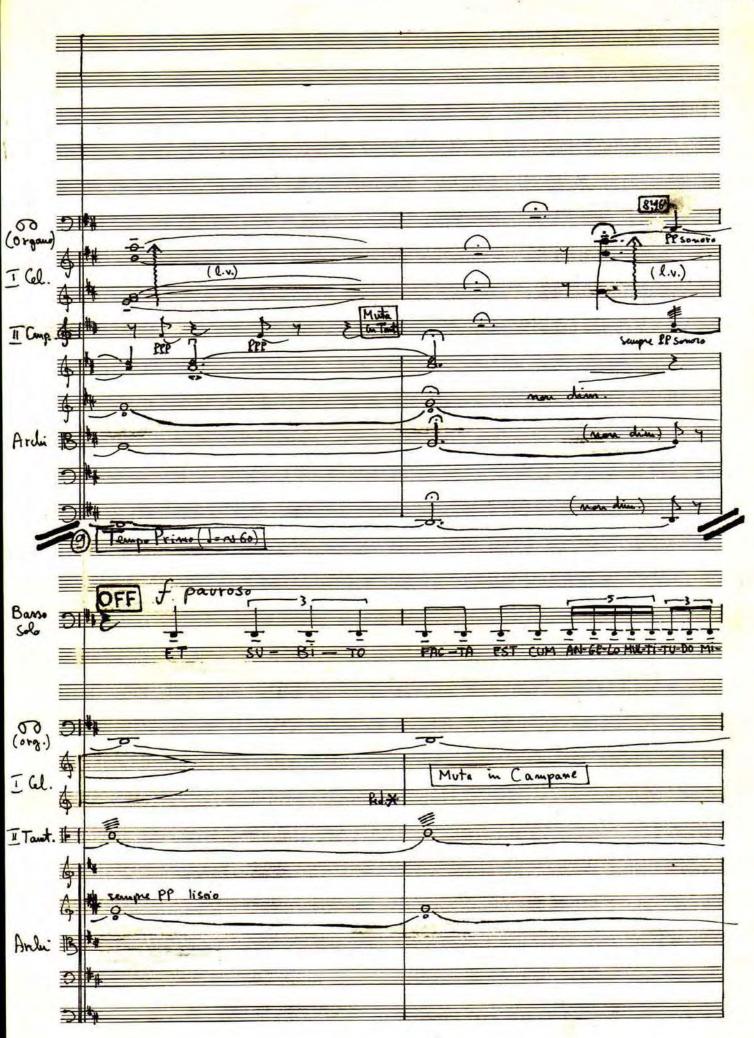


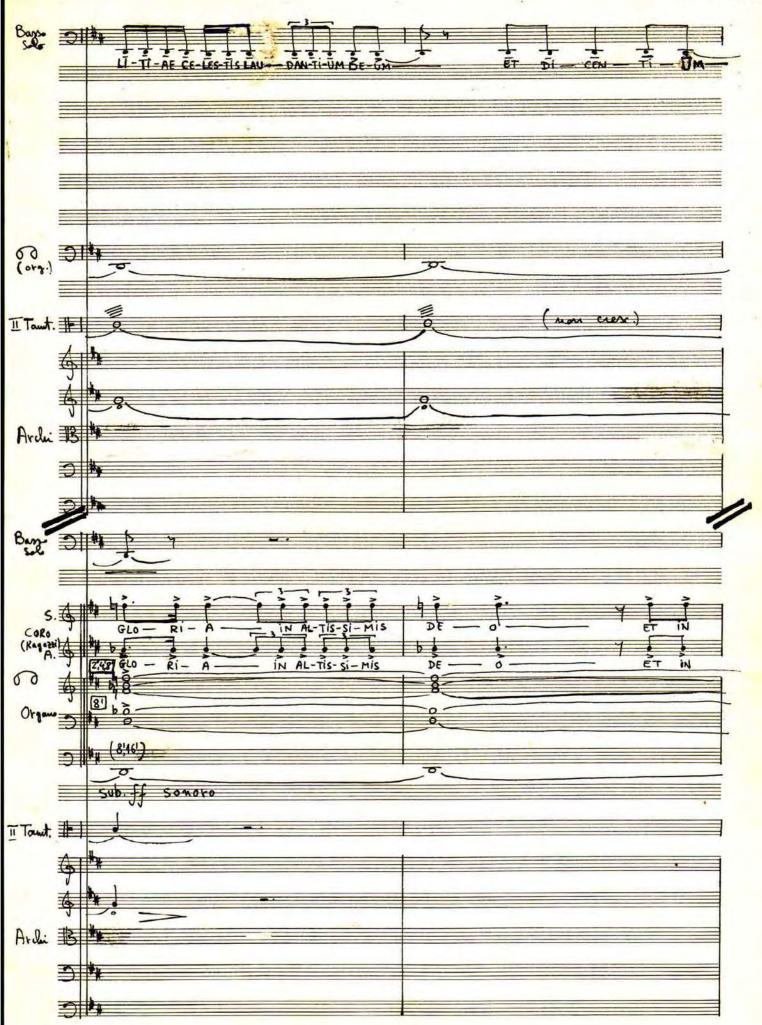


28











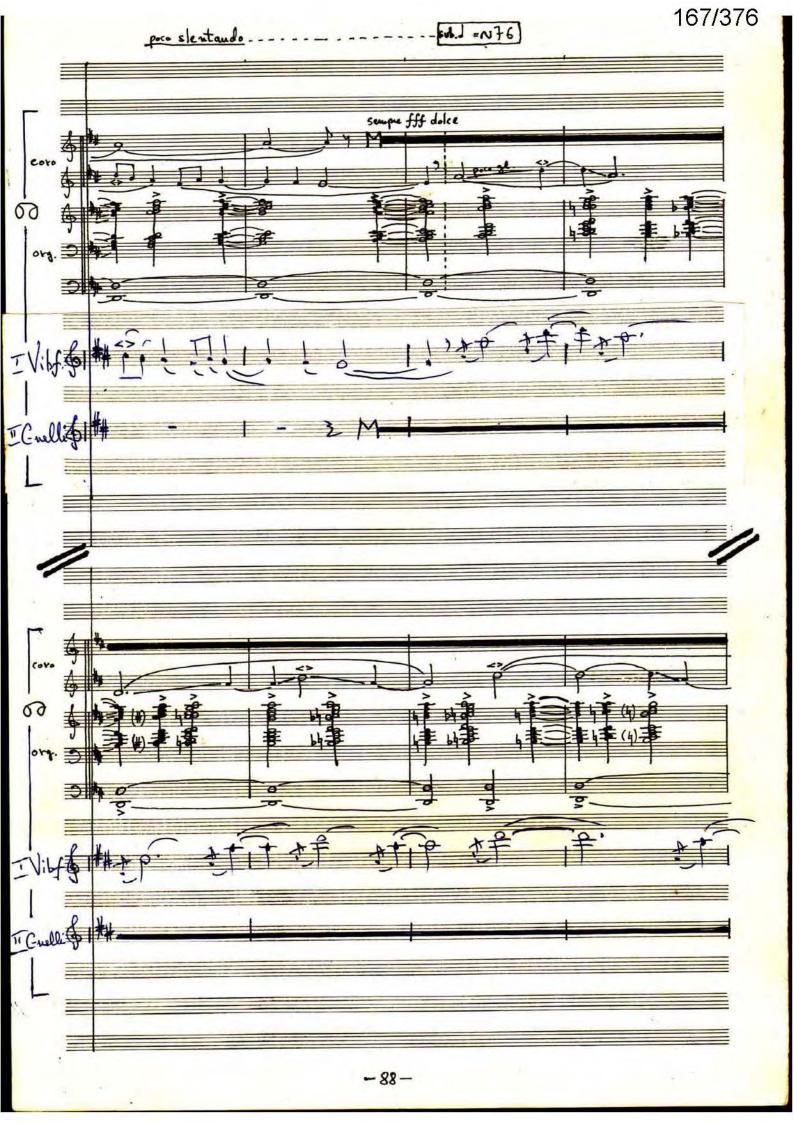


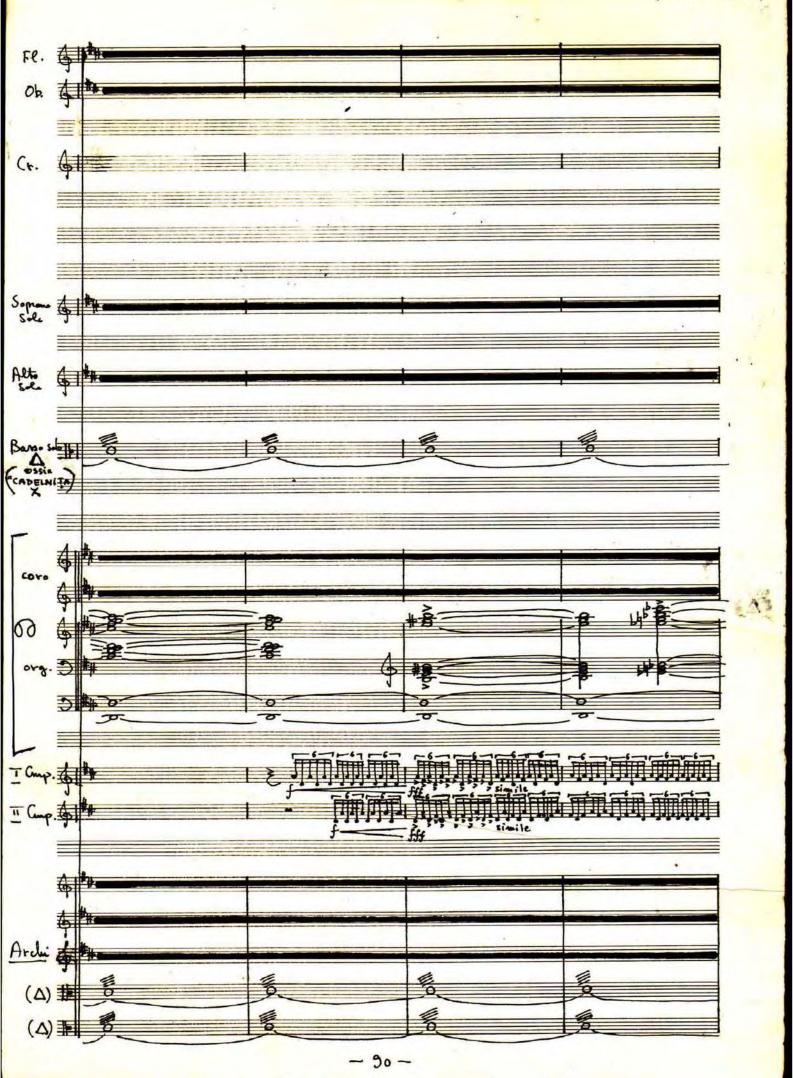




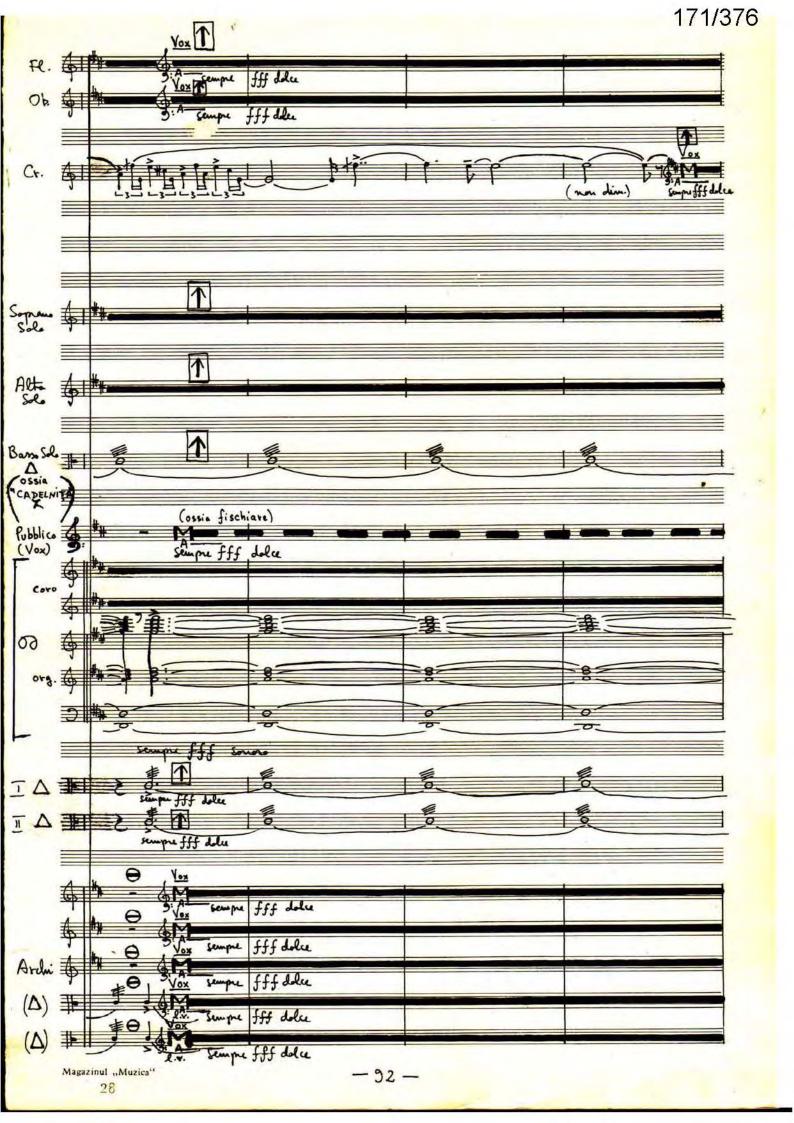


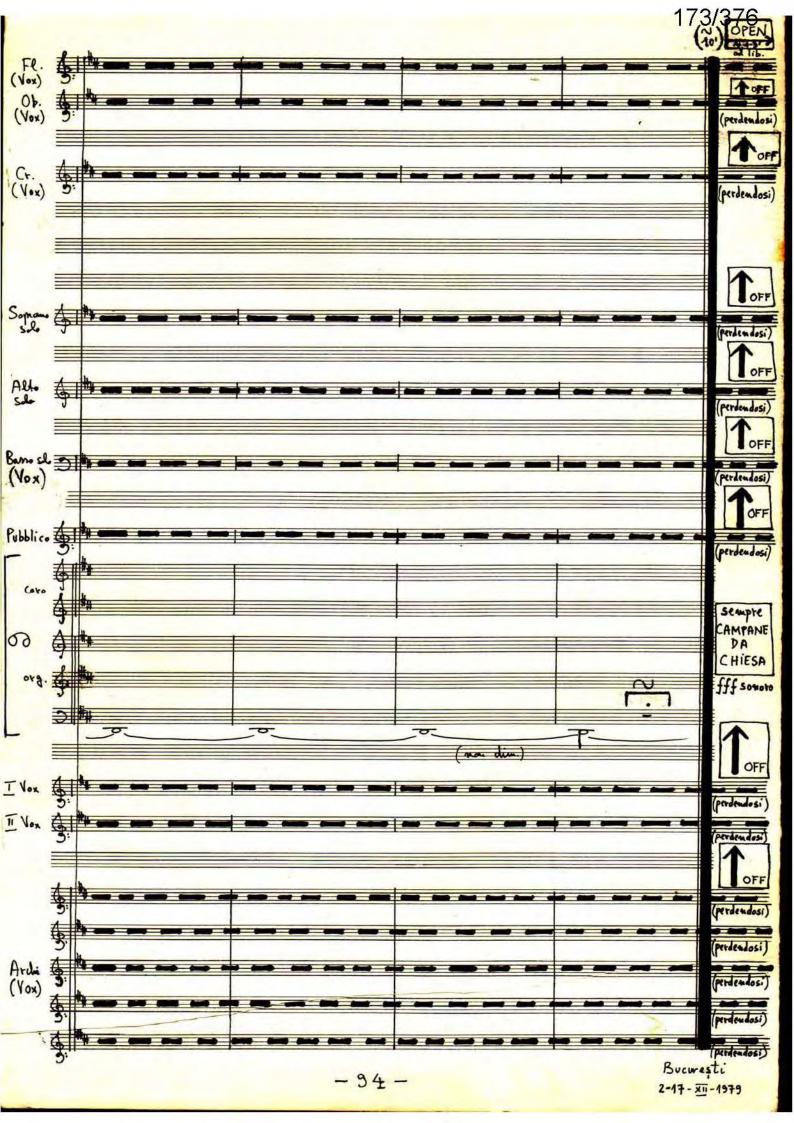


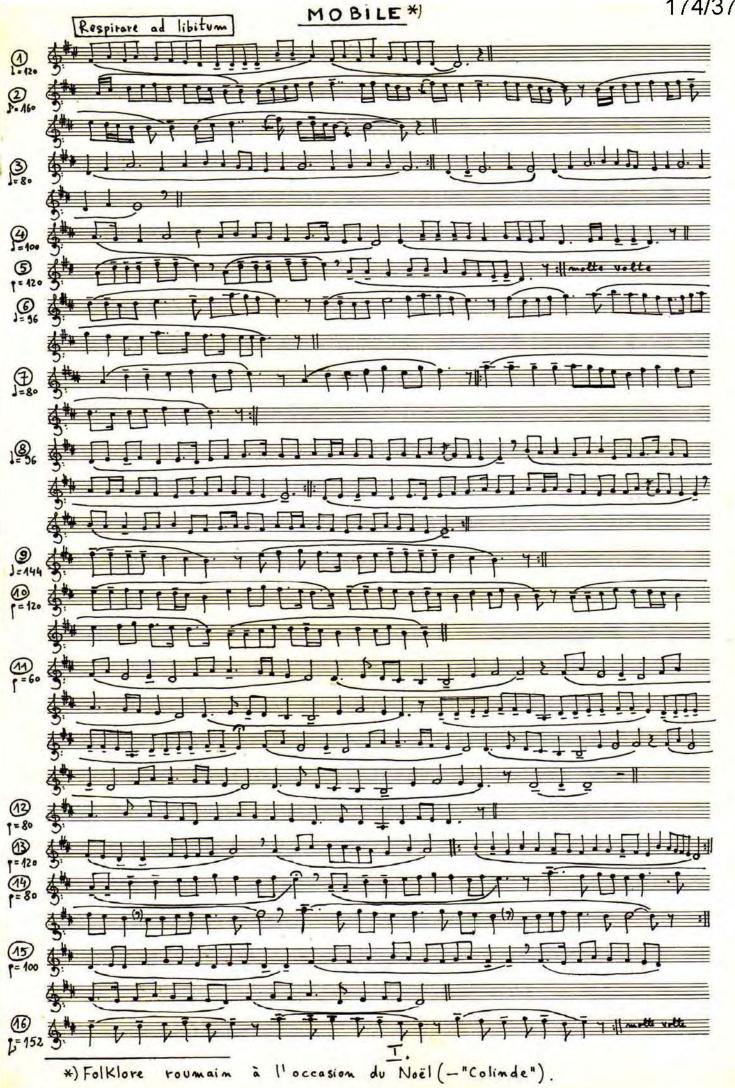
















(13)

## To My Mother

PHILOCALIA

VIA LUCIS

(Second Symphony)

Suban Nichifer

Copyright © by Serban NICHIFOR (SABAM, UCMR-ADA) IPI Name No. 46376567 IPI Base No. 1-000391194-0

I.) Winter Music (Christmas) - Musica Hiemis;

II.) Spring Music (Passion) - Musica Veris;

III.) Music of Light (Easter) - Musica Lucis.

celesta at the very first bars of the symphony.

This work develops a musical contents re-created in the atmosphere of the Romanian psalmody, using modal and rhythmic specific structures, in the Byzantine and Gregorian traditions.

The technique of the sound anamorphosis is also determinative in the accomplishment of this symphony. So, the macrostructure is similar to a sonata in which both of the thematic groups (apparently disjunctive) represent the anamorphotic projections of a unique entailing cell - & carol conceived in a penthachordic (defective) scale - a cell exposed by the

The sonorous line suggest the cyclic sense of the evangelical time elapse underlining the climax of the extreme seasons' metamorphosis: the translation from Winter to Spring. The generative cell will thus cross several sound media - well distinguished stages of an evolution that culminates in the finale with the apotheosis of Nature's Revival under the benefic impulse of the Spring.

Duration: c. 20 min.

"VIA LUCIS" (Second Symphony)

DURATA: cca 20. International Composition Prize "Musica Antigua Europae Orientalis Bydgoszcz (Poland), 1986 ORCHESTRA

- 3 Flauti (Fl.3 muta in Fl.picc.)
- 3 Oboi (Ob.3 muta in Corno inglese)
- 3 Clarinetti in Si b
- 2 Fagotti

Controfagotto

4 Corni

4 20 2 191

- 3 Trombe in Do
- 3 Tromboni
- 5 Percussione: 1.) Timpani (I,II,III), Triangolo (II,III);
  2.) Sonagli sosp. (I) e ord. (I,III), Triangolo (I,III),

  Piatto grande (I,II), Xylophone(I,II ossia Marimba,III),

  Vibrafono (II,III), Tam-tam (III), 2 Cinelli (III);

  3.) Tam-tam (I,II,III), 3 Piatti (ac.III, m.III, gr.I,III,III),

  3 Tom-toms (II,III), Campane (III);

  4.) Campane (I,II,III), Vibrafono (I), Gran cassa (II,III);

  5.) Campanelli (I,II,III), Vibrafono (I), 2 Bongos (II),

  2 Cinelli (II).

NB - Instrumentele subliniate se folosesc în comun.

Arpa

Celesta

Organo - essia elettronico

Archi (12 Violini I; 10 Violini II; 8 Viole; 8 Violoncelli; 6 Contrabbassi)

Nota Bene:

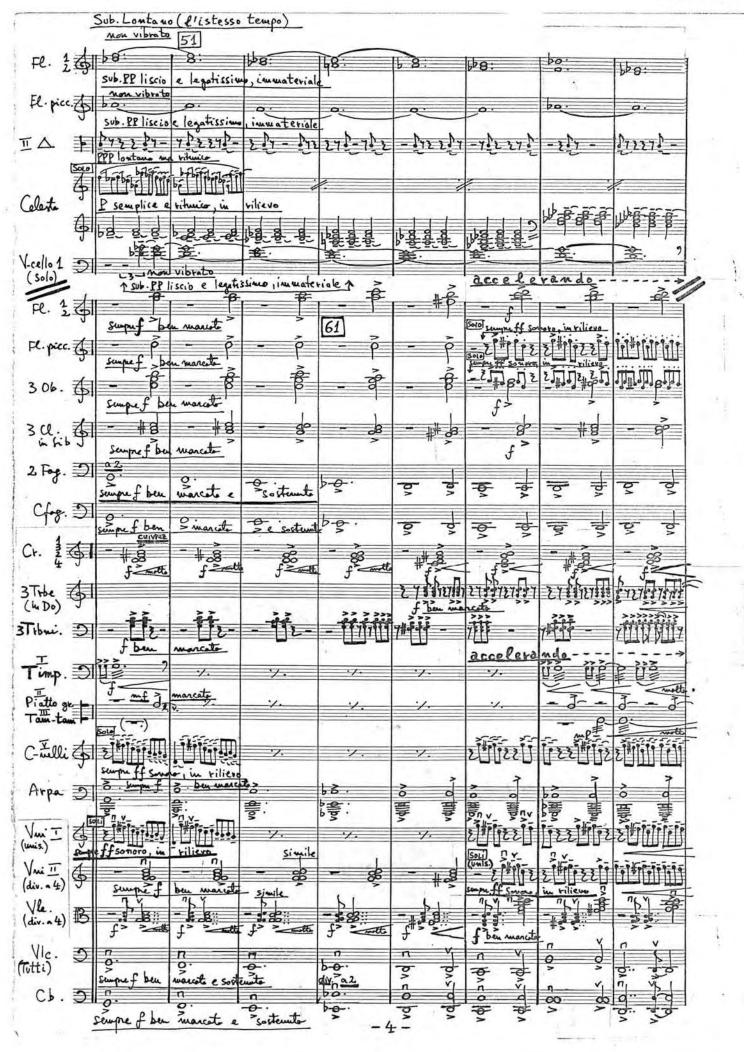
Originalul partiturii se pastreaza în Biblioteca Filarmonicii din Bydgoszcz (Polonia): FILHARMONIA POMORSKA İM. İ. PADEREWSKIEGO

W BYDGOSZCZ





FL. pice of the pi		So	ii) s	f giocoso, in h			<u></u>	L93 _	
FL. picc. of Jacobs in Miles  Ob. 2 Sept 1 S	Fl. 1 6 1			272	[				\$ <sub>72</sub> -
Co. 2 Secretary by	Fl. picc. 2 7		Y 2 -	The second secon	TIMIN.	572-	_		
Company of the process of the proces	10	fgioconi, in	vilievo (Sei)					672 — 1011 1011 1111	THE STATE OF THE S
	Ob. 1	-1-2 Sele)	f siccoso, in	riliauo_	in the total or a	÷	:16		****
	3 (3)	f giocoso, in	The state of the s	1022 on vanous	by -		ii ii ii ii ii ii ii ii ii ii ii ii ii	1572 -	
Fog. 1. D. of source, box softents a. boy. or. or. or. or. or. or. or. or. or. or	\ V .	) 4 2		D73	b (C	म् जाः जाः जाः	15-		
Pintto   P	m 8 3 3 9	نلانلالا	172 -	FILEVO	سسنك	\$17E-			سس س
Ct.	tog. 2	0.		- <del>-</del>	b-0- ·	707:	<b>A</b> .		70".
Ct. 38 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	/			-					
	1	mf sonore,		<u>\$</u> :	₽ <b>.</b>		_	8: 8:	8:
	Cr. 25	mf sours,	bu sostemte	- - 8:		-	-		
Troubon  and Severe box Sestant  in protection of Severe box manager  Calente of Severe box manager  Calente of Severe box manager  Arpa  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B	401	mf Source.	and a local section of the loc		2.	2.	δ.	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>
Troubon  and Severe box Sestant  in protection of Severe box manager  Calente of Severe box manager  Calente of Severe box manager  Arpa  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B									n neE-
Troubon  and Severe box Sestant  in protection of Severe box manager  Calente of Severe box manager  Calente of Severe box manager  Arpa  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B									_
Arpa  Secretary  Arpa  Secretary	T- 1 2 9	-	_	<del>\$</del> :	<u>-8</u> :	<u>§</u> :	<u>\$</u> ;	- <u>§</u> :	8:
Timp.  The source by march  Callet & Ca	3 5	ō.		<u>o</u> .	<u>o</u> .	ō.	ō.	ō.	<u>o</u> :
Celeste 6	Timp.	Cossel 84)	百百百	FFF	FFF	FFF		666	777
At pa    Source   Dec   None   Dec   None   Dec    10	mf sound, be	n marate	7.	7.	7.	-7.	7.	7.	
At pa  At	Sonagli -								= 3
	Celesto Sp	of source, b	en marcato		-WC, 12 :		9	0	
		8:}	8:1	8:3	00.1	8:1	8:	8:1	8:
Vic. 3) The secretary was a second and a sec		8 : } • Hillini	1	8:	100	8:	ا عِ: ا	팔:	5.1
VIe. 18 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			TIP TO P				<i>k</i> .		
VIe. B 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Vai I		(nwis)	ilminin.	mini	ا ا		minin	minim
Vic. 5 g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g		8 8 B	8 8 8	d d d	9 9 9	888	888	888	8 8 8
(div. a 3) Inf sonoro, ben manute entrate		And Seners	1 7 7		999	888	888	111	9 9 9
	(div. a 3)	mfsonoro, t	marcote ev	india.		444	4 5 5	9 9 9	200
MA BOL STREET	div. a 2)	o Sonoro,						0.6.	

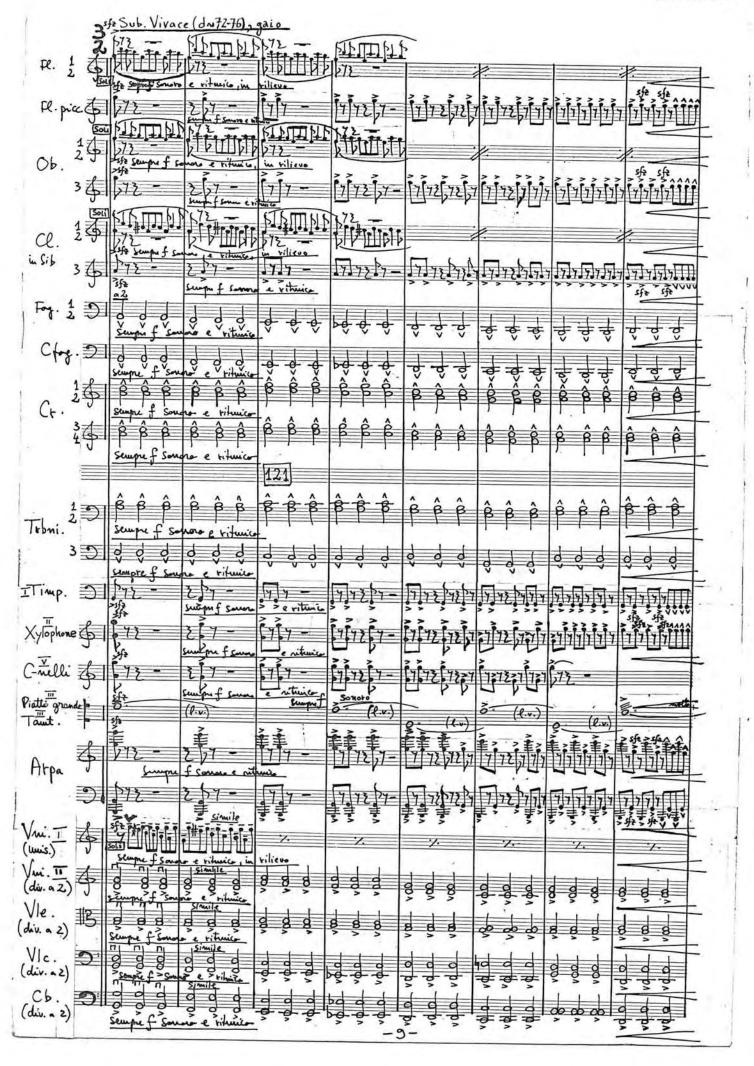


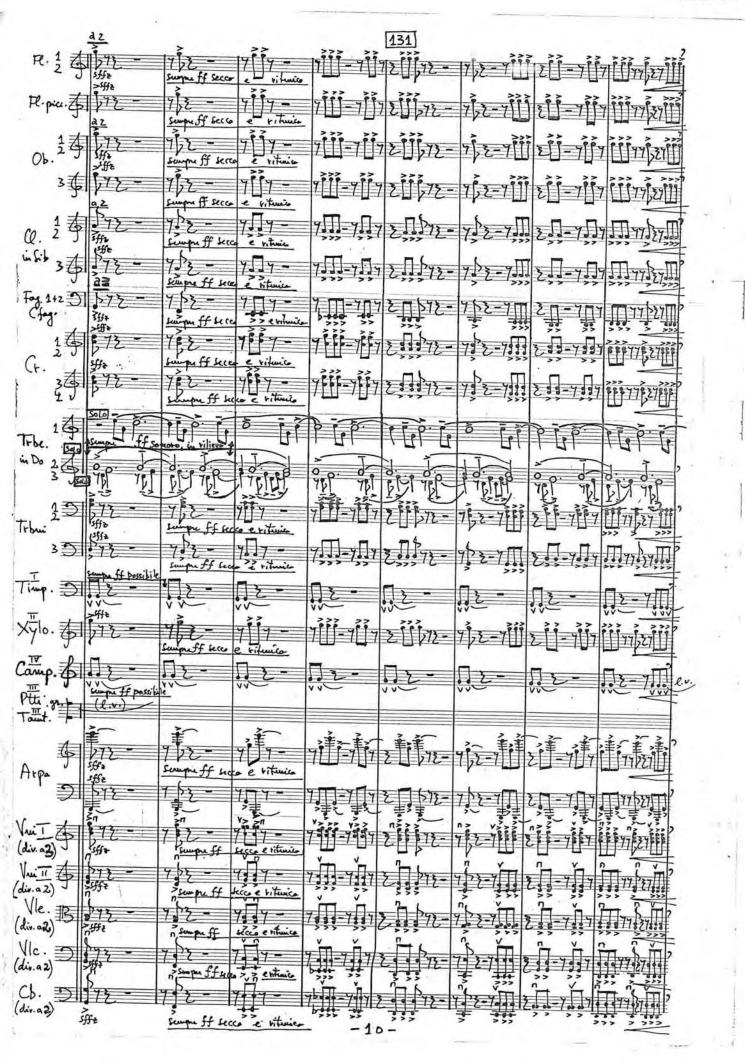


























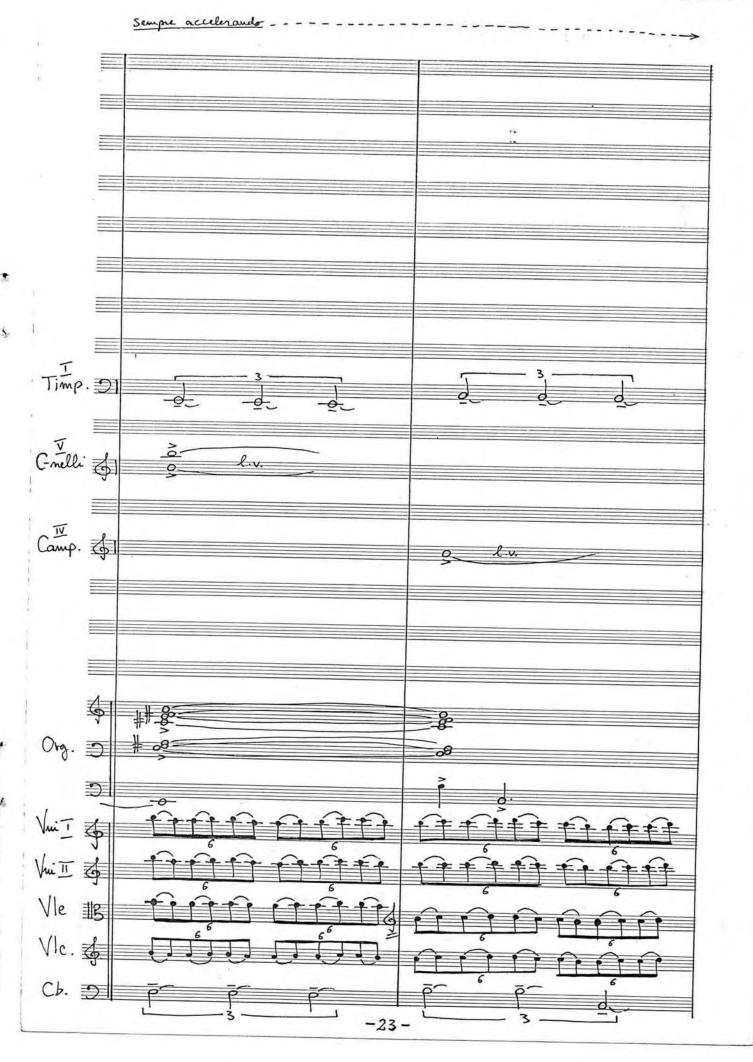


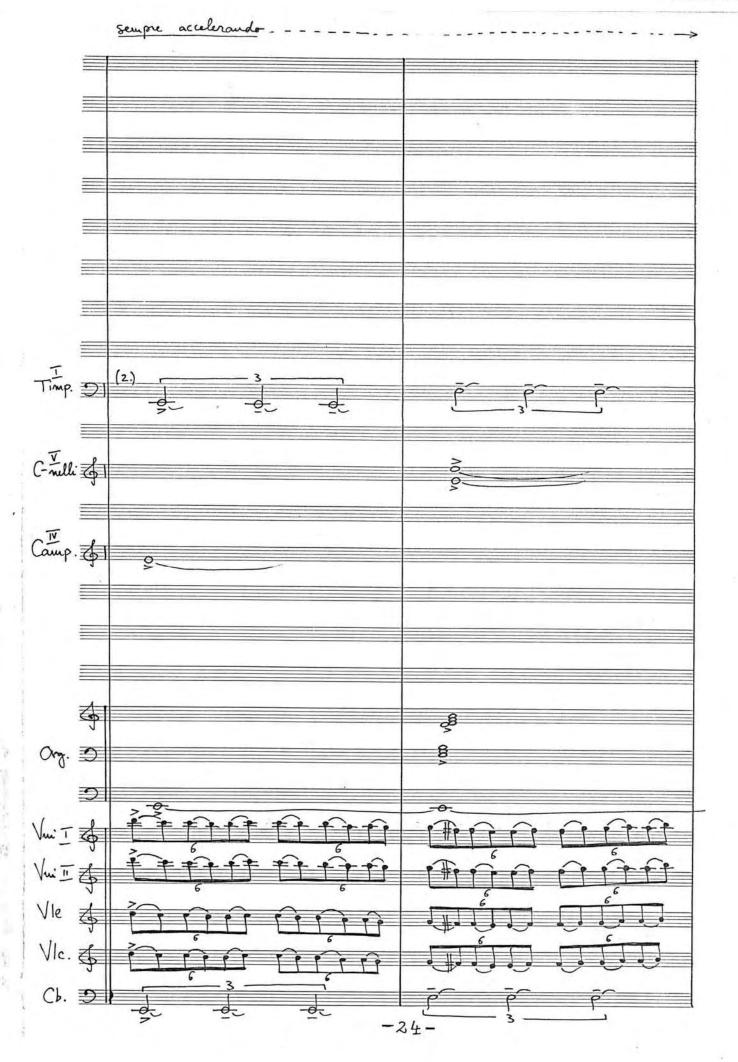








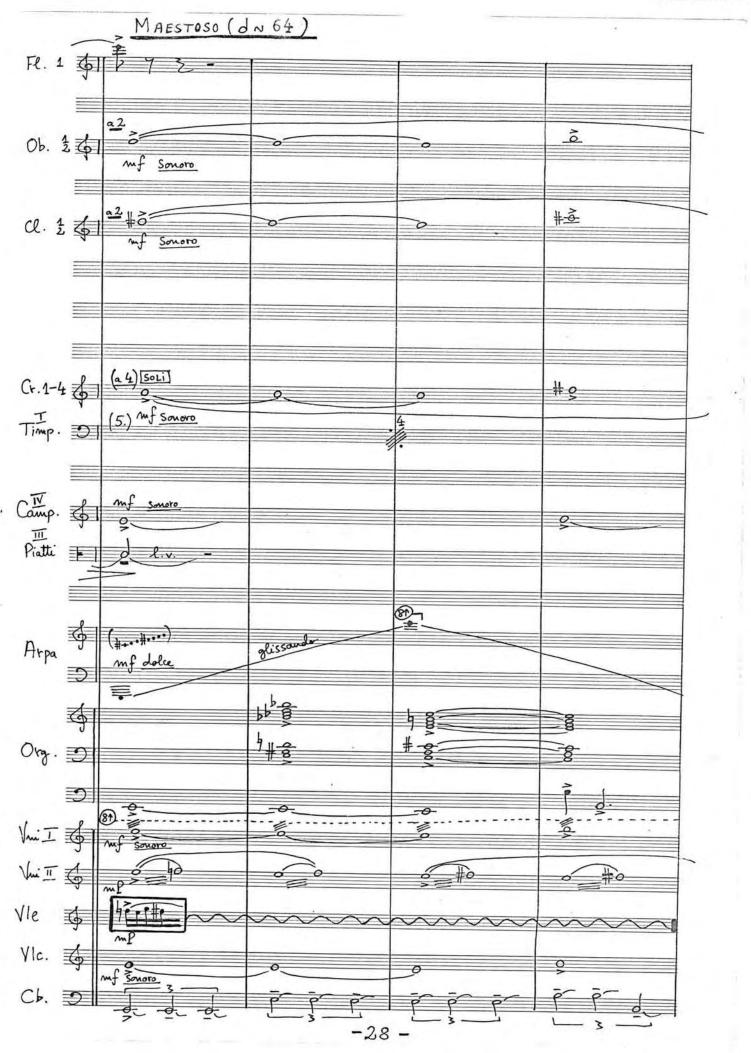








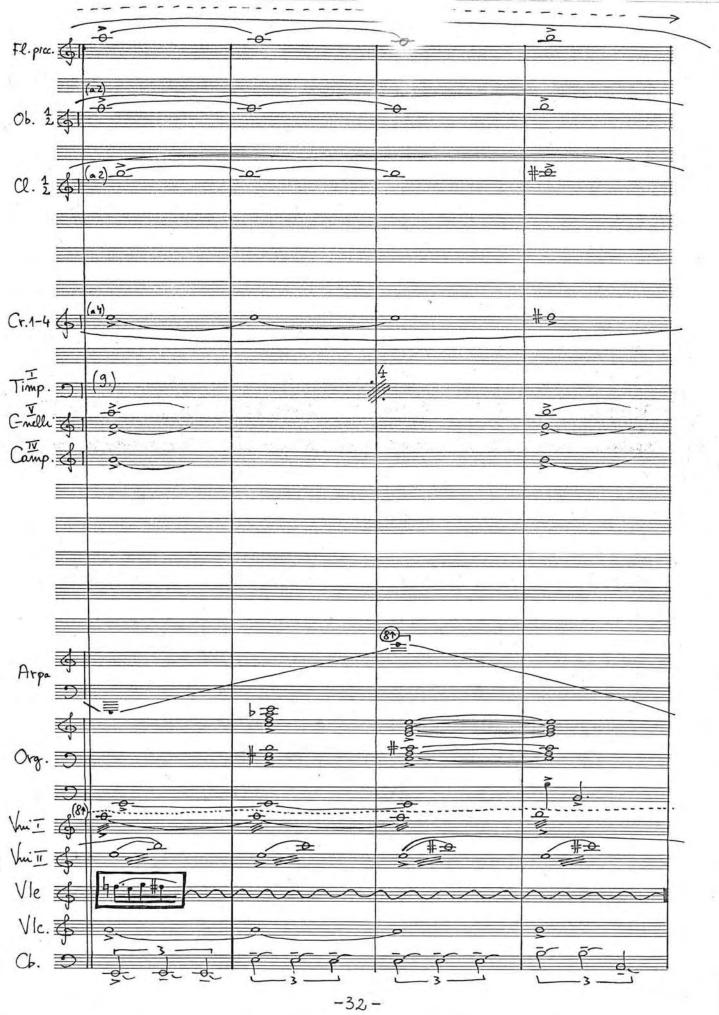


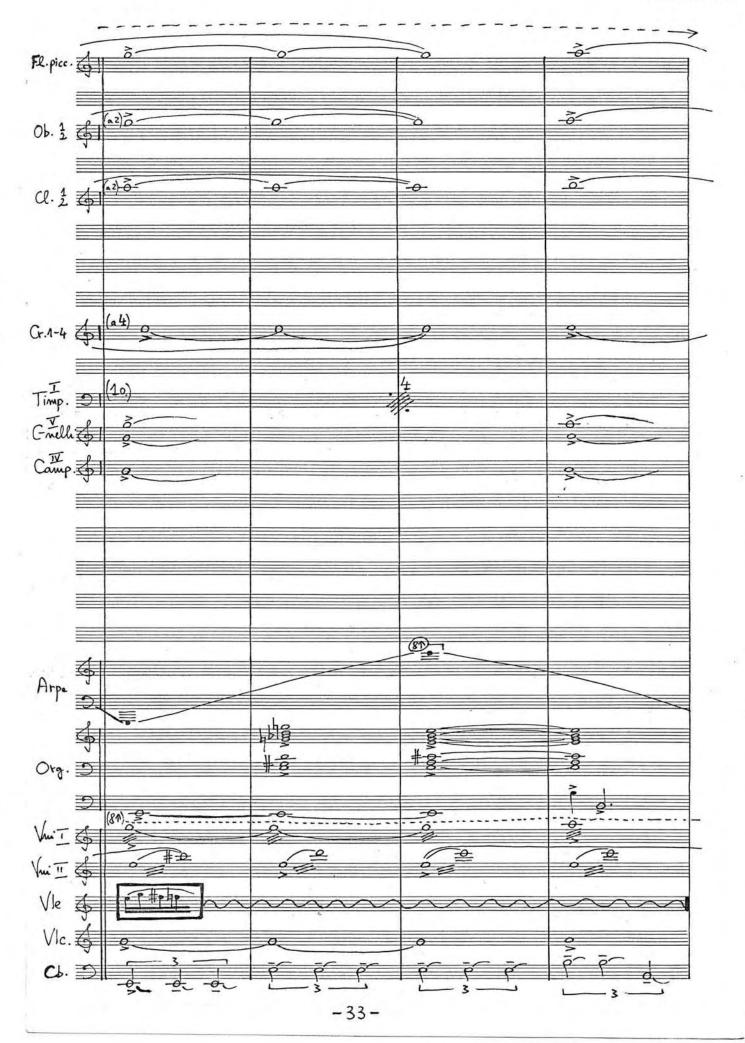


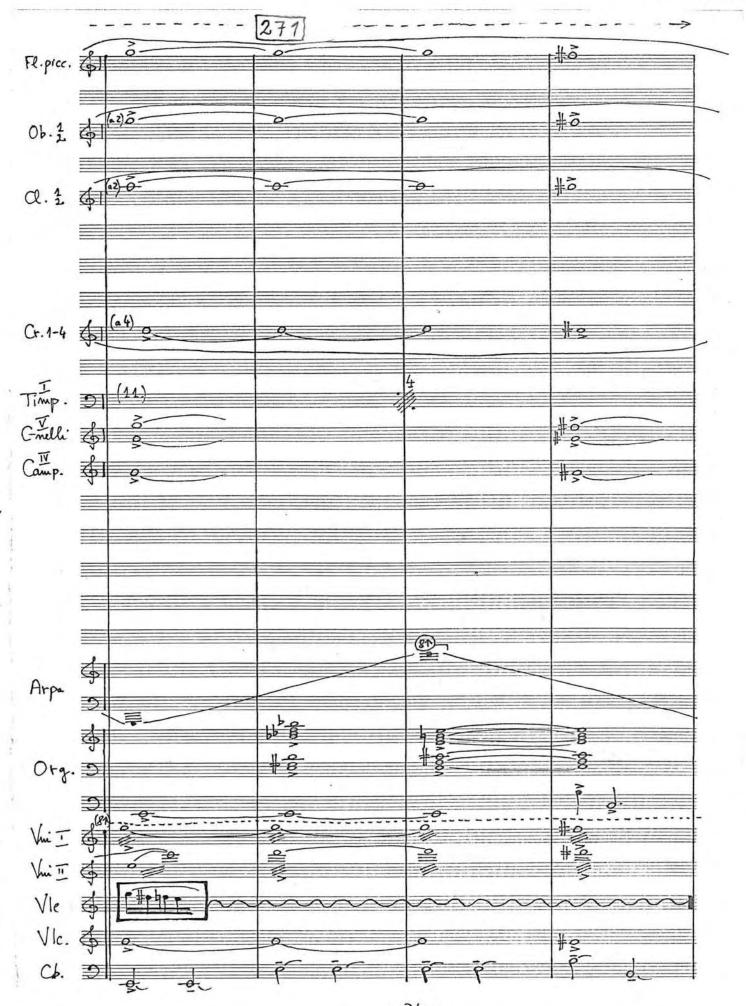


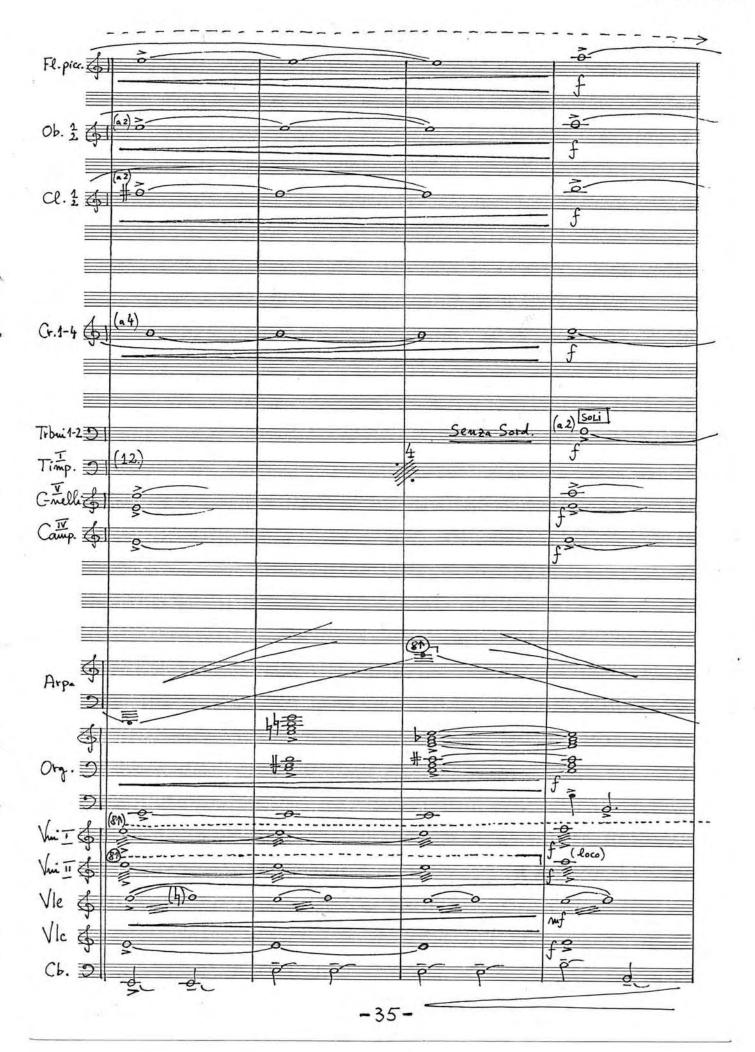










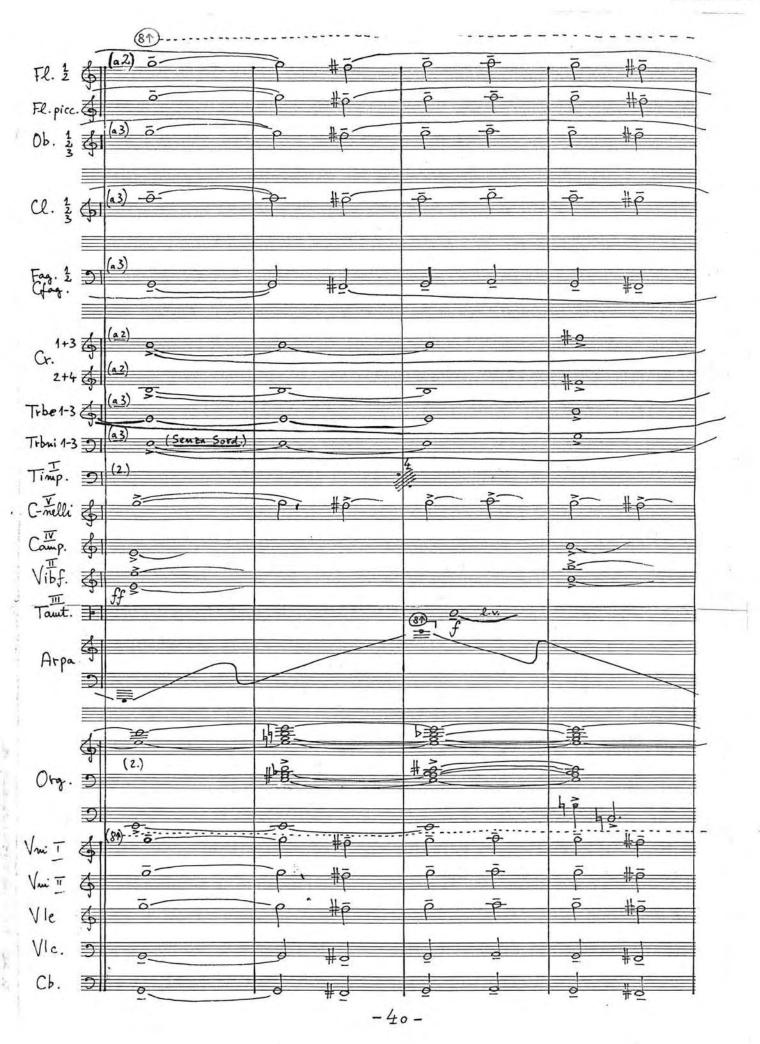








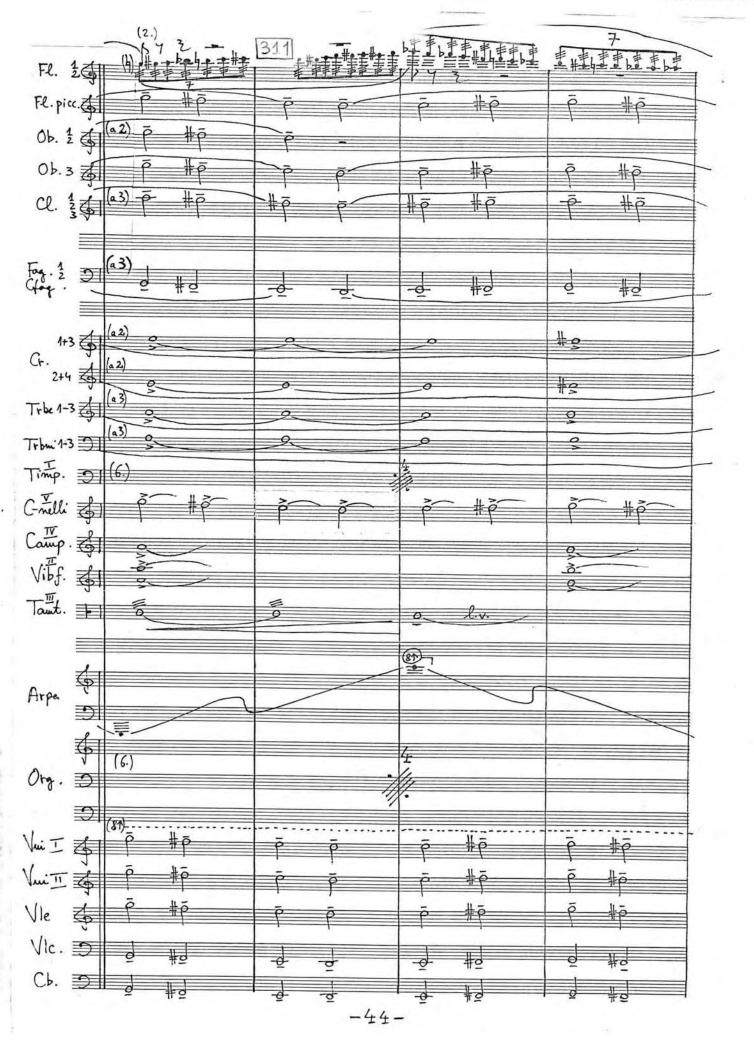


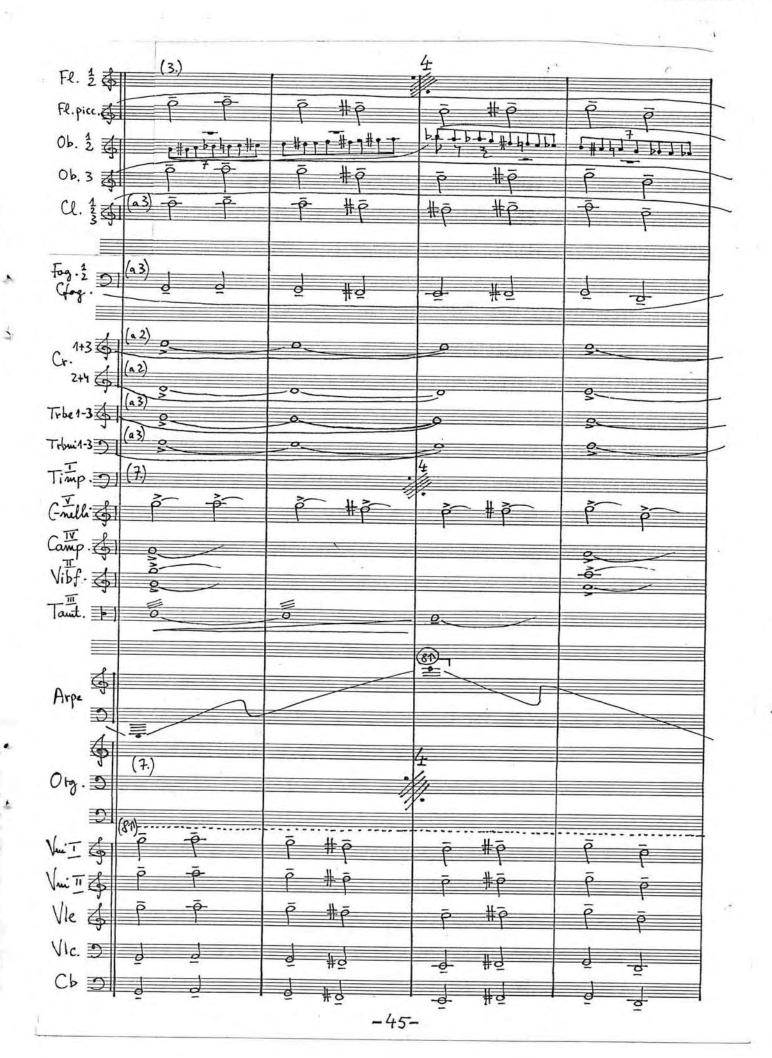










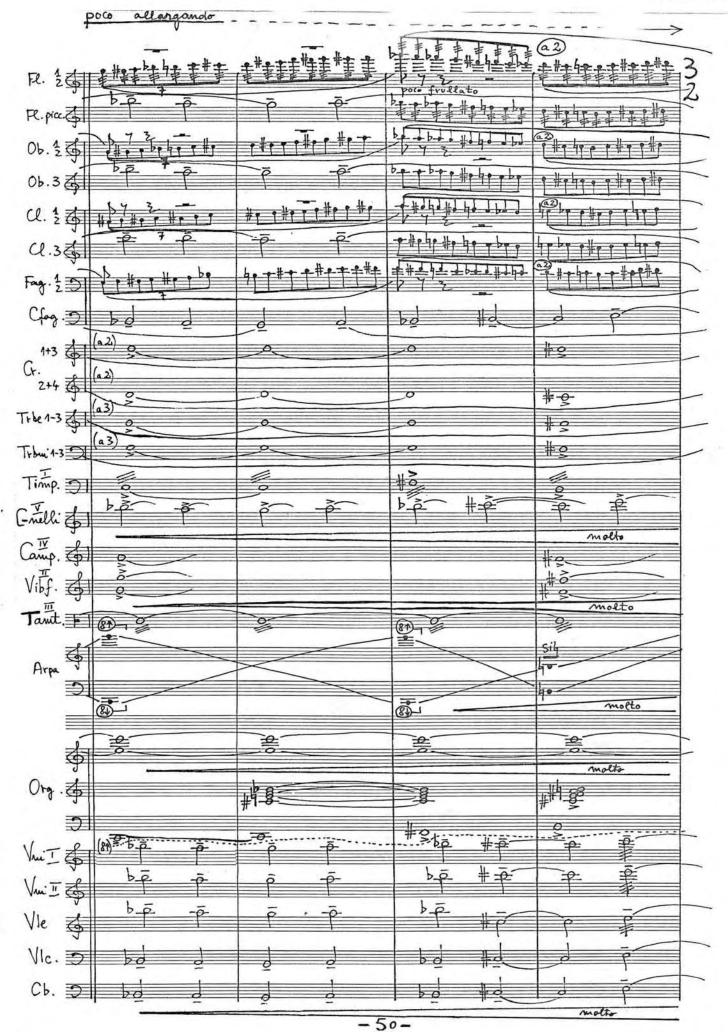


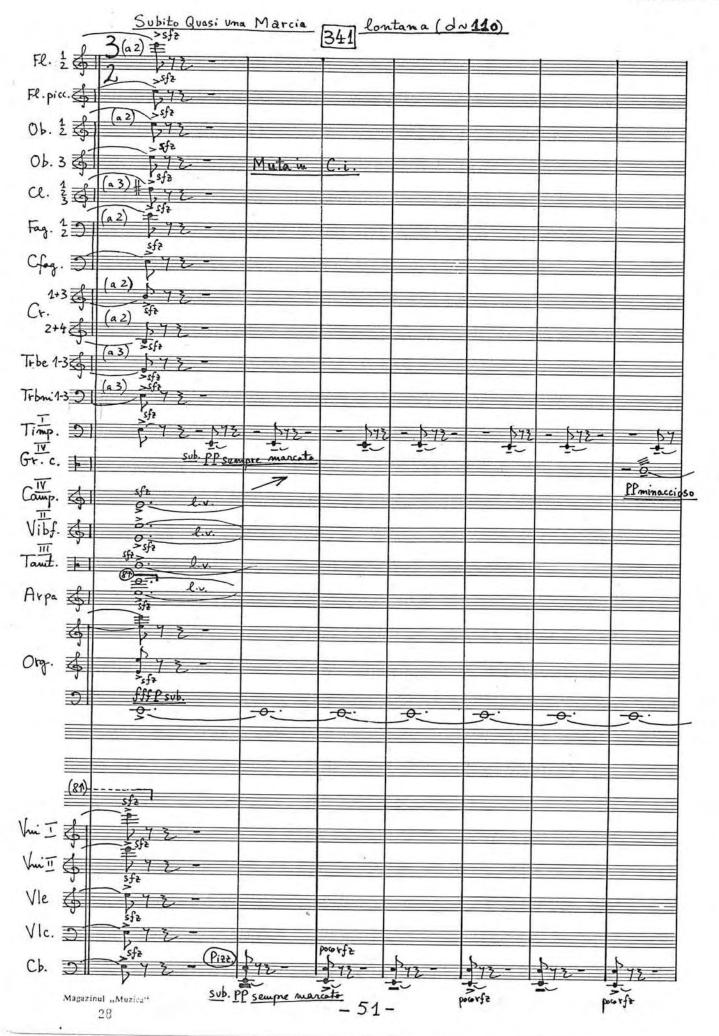


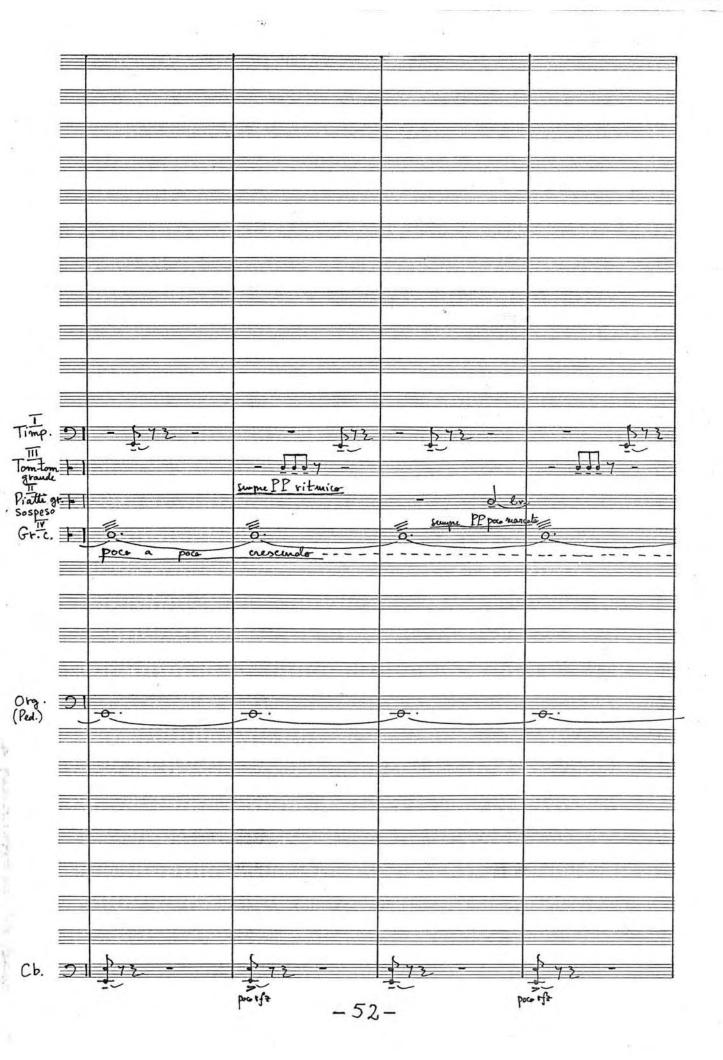


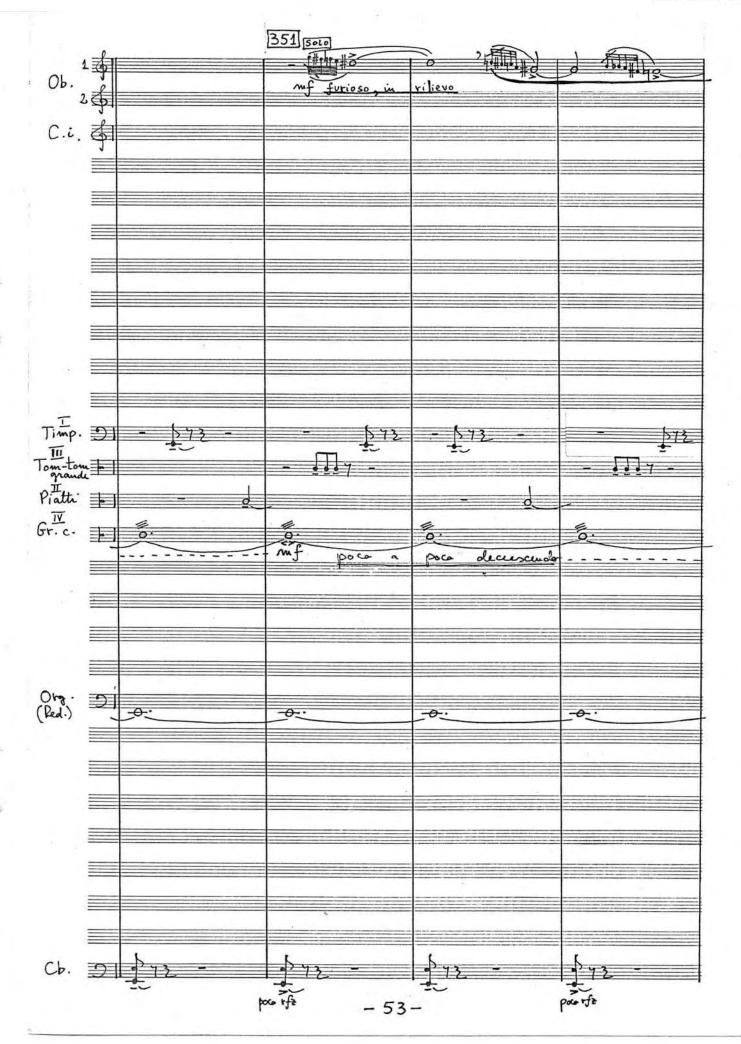












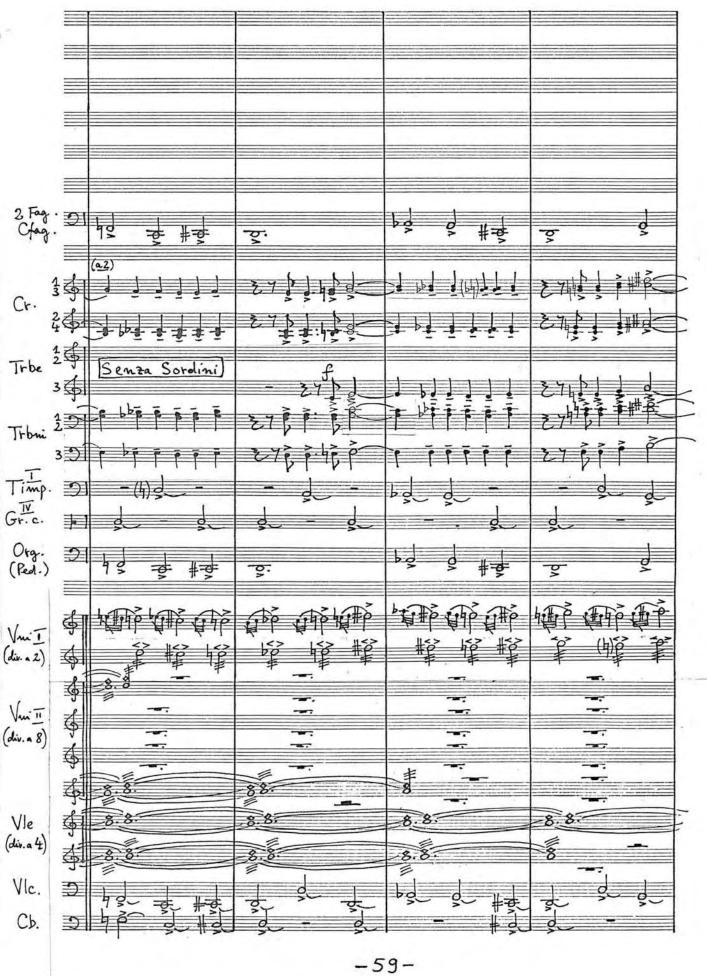












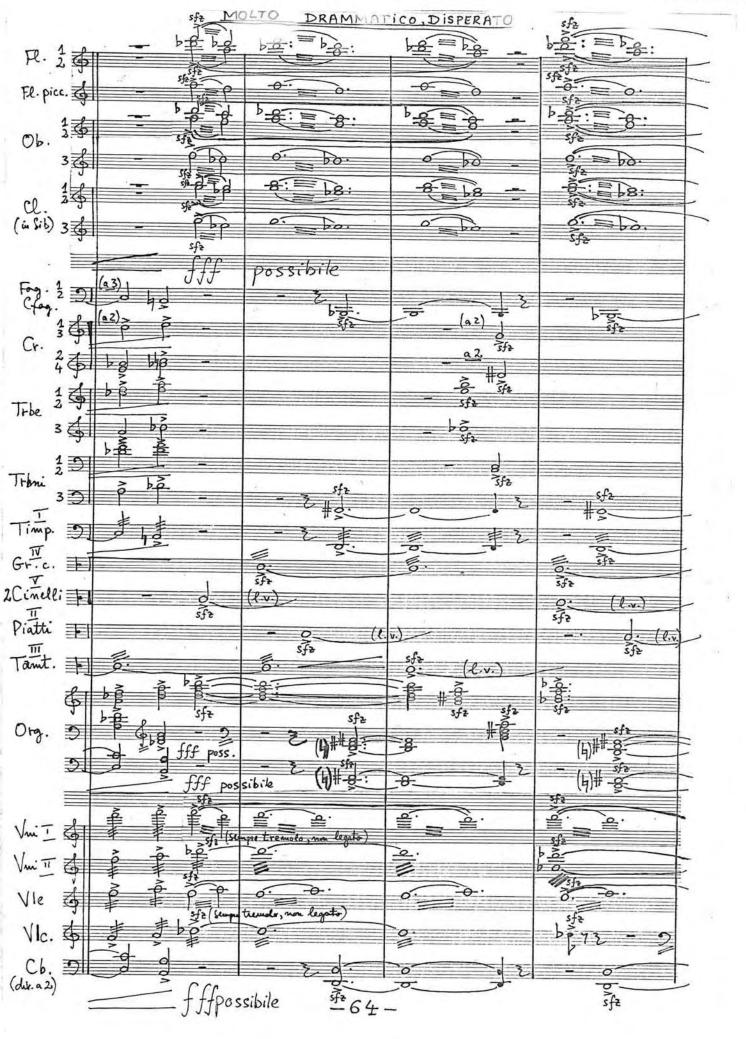




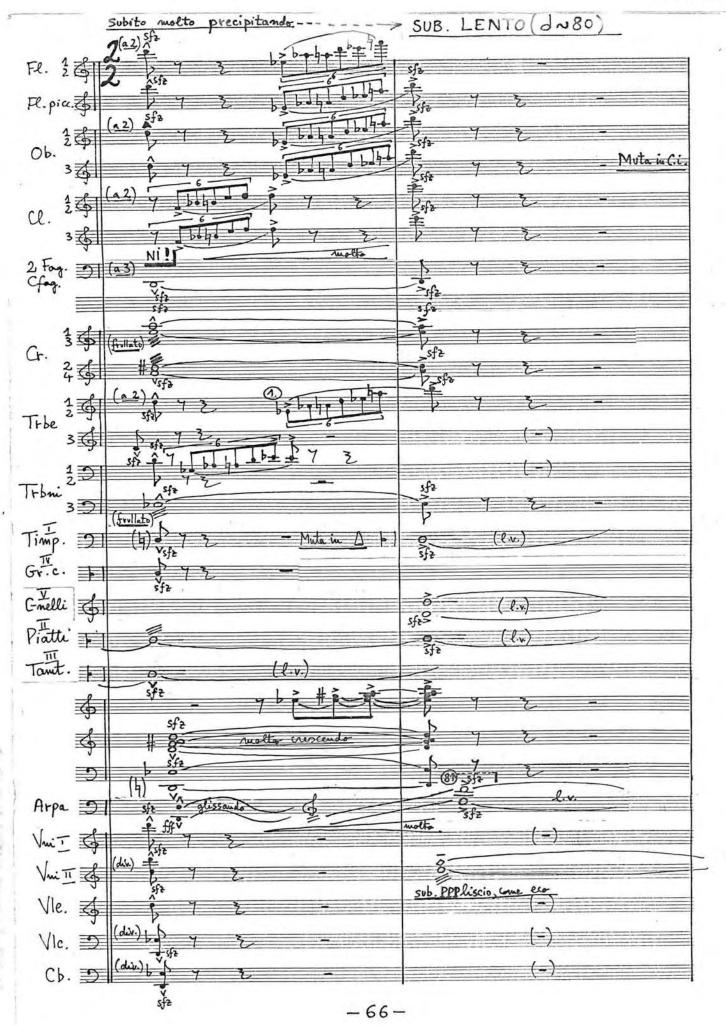
## GRANDIOSO (dv112)

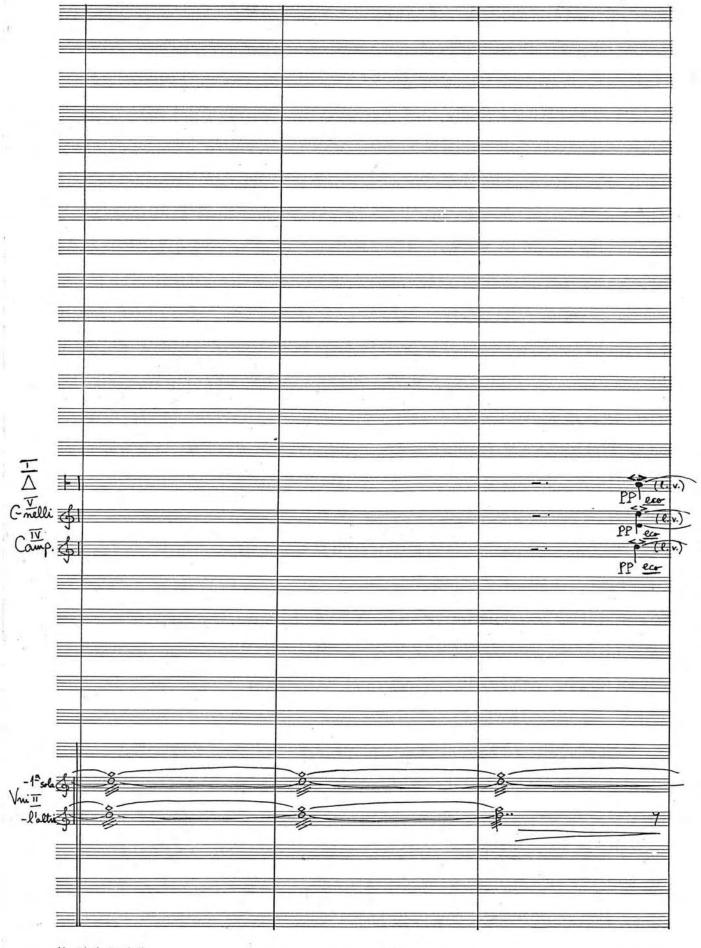


391 Fag. 2 (a3) # 5 #-9-(4)-8 4#\$ #\$ Trbe Timp. Tamt. 40 bà Vle VIc. Cb. 2 -63-



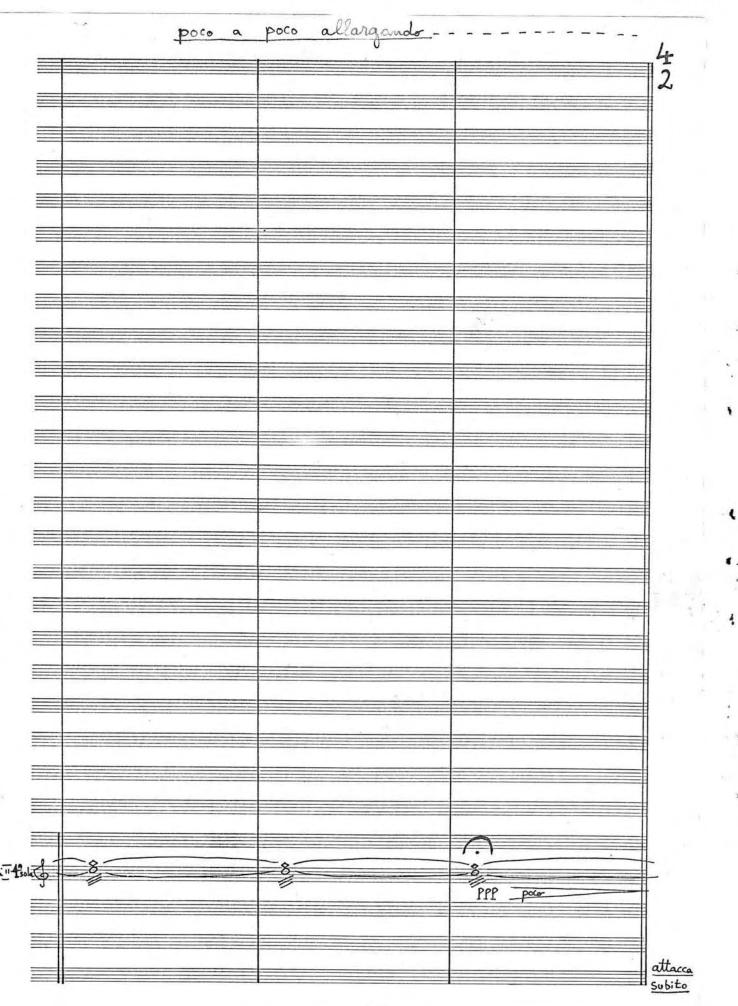






Magazinul "Muzica" 28

-67-















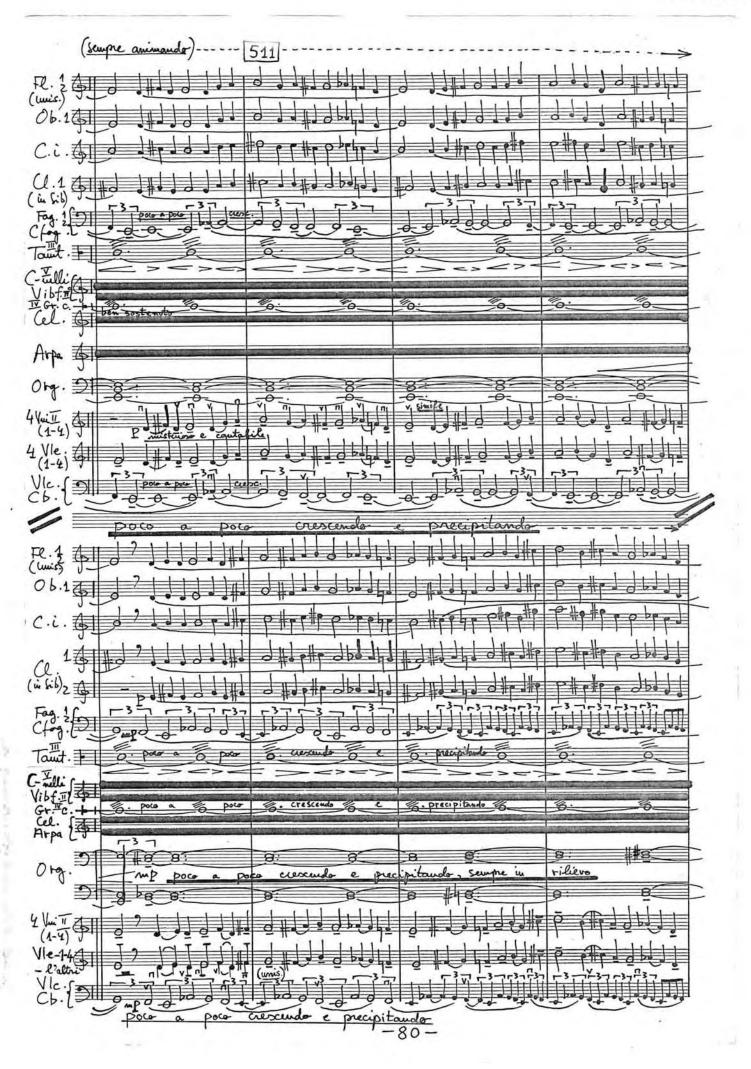
































-90-

(div. a 2)









28

-94-



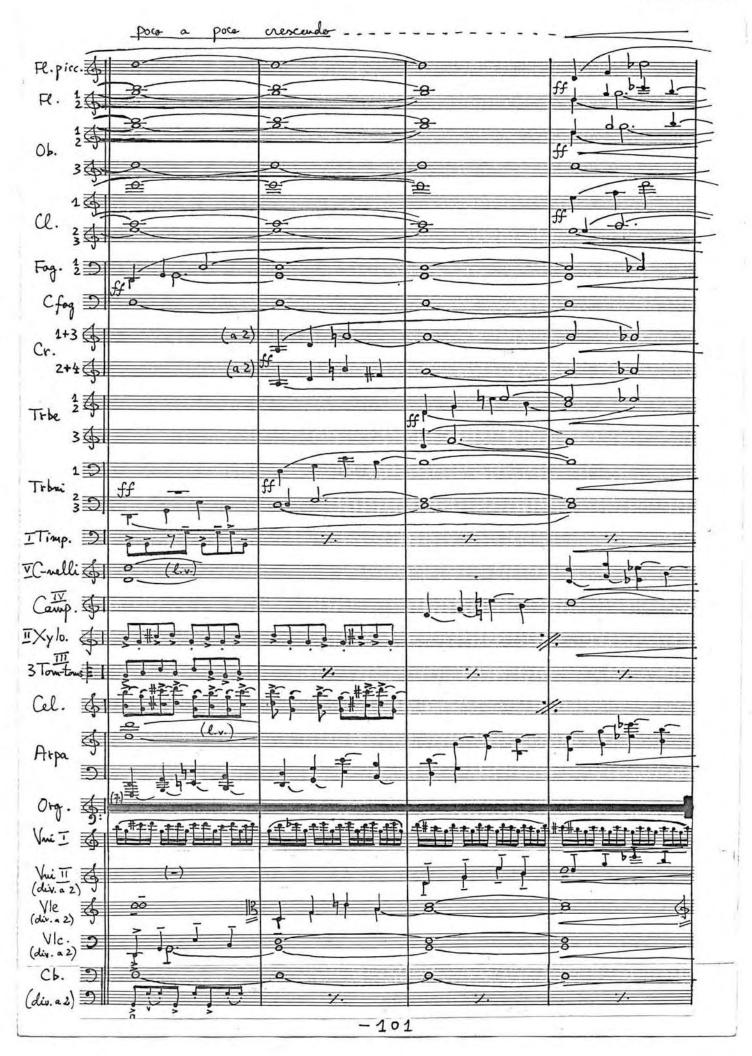








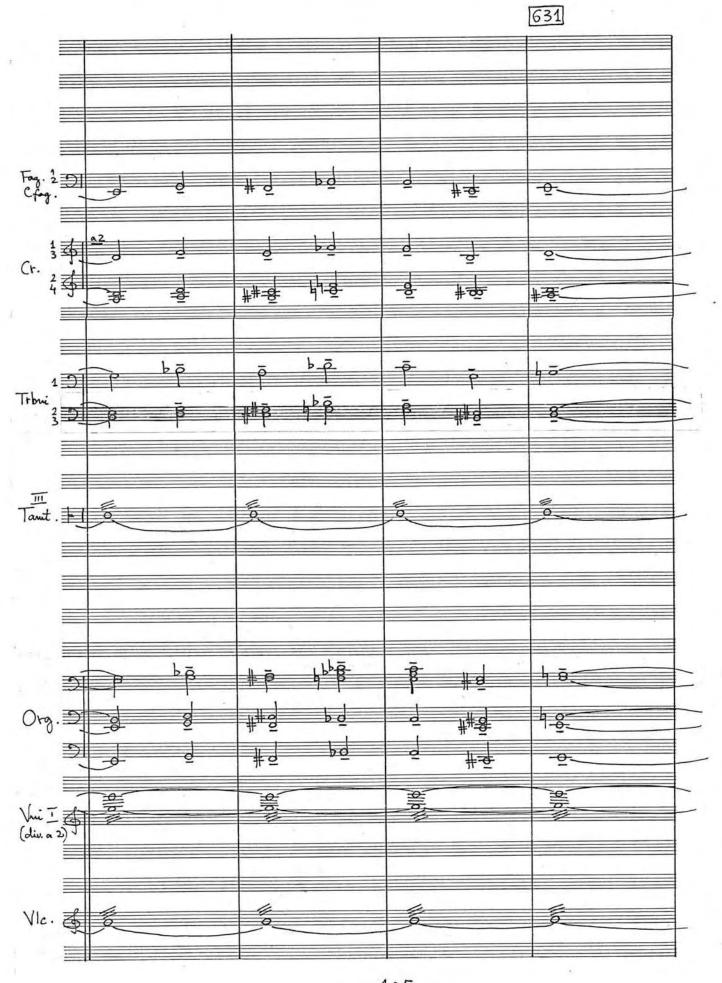




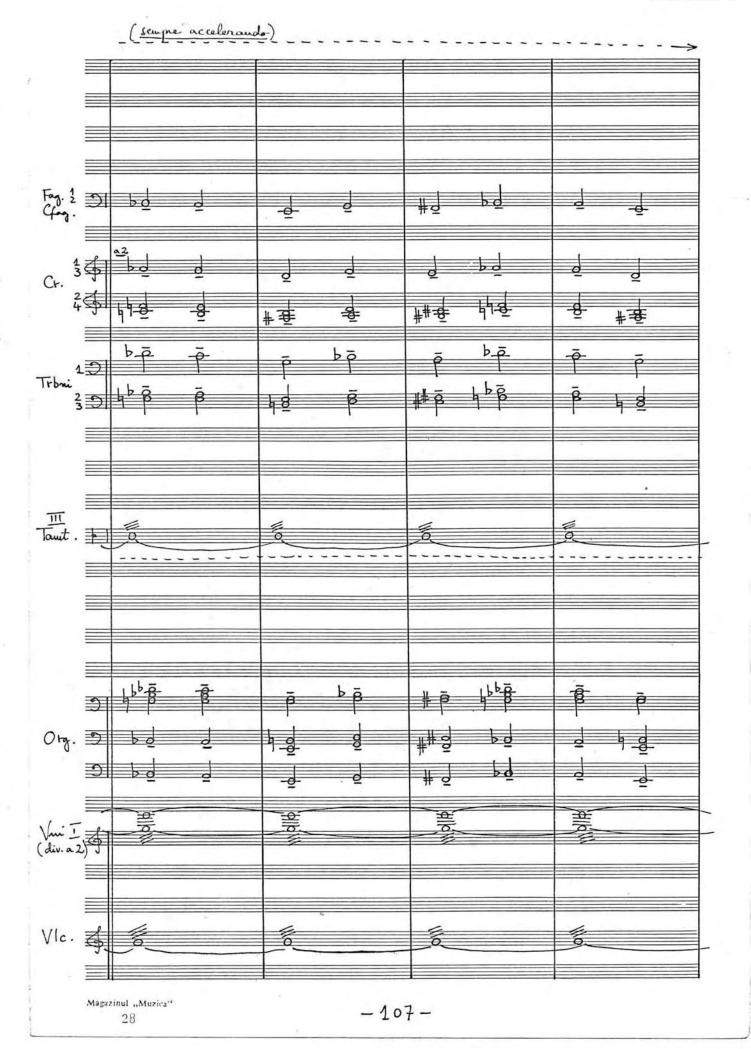


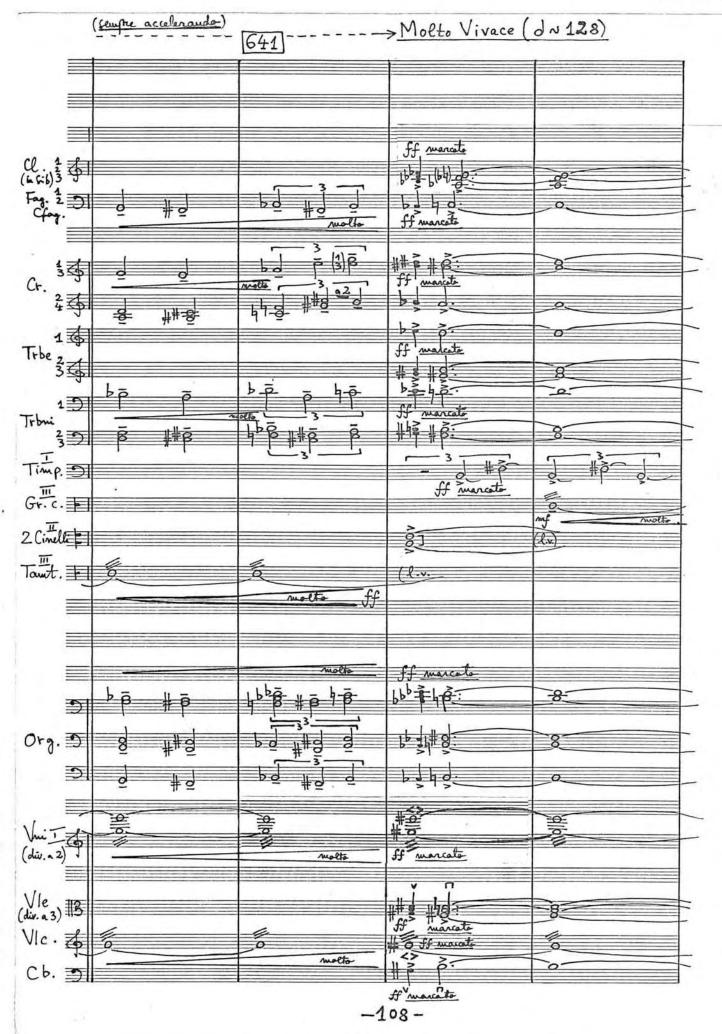




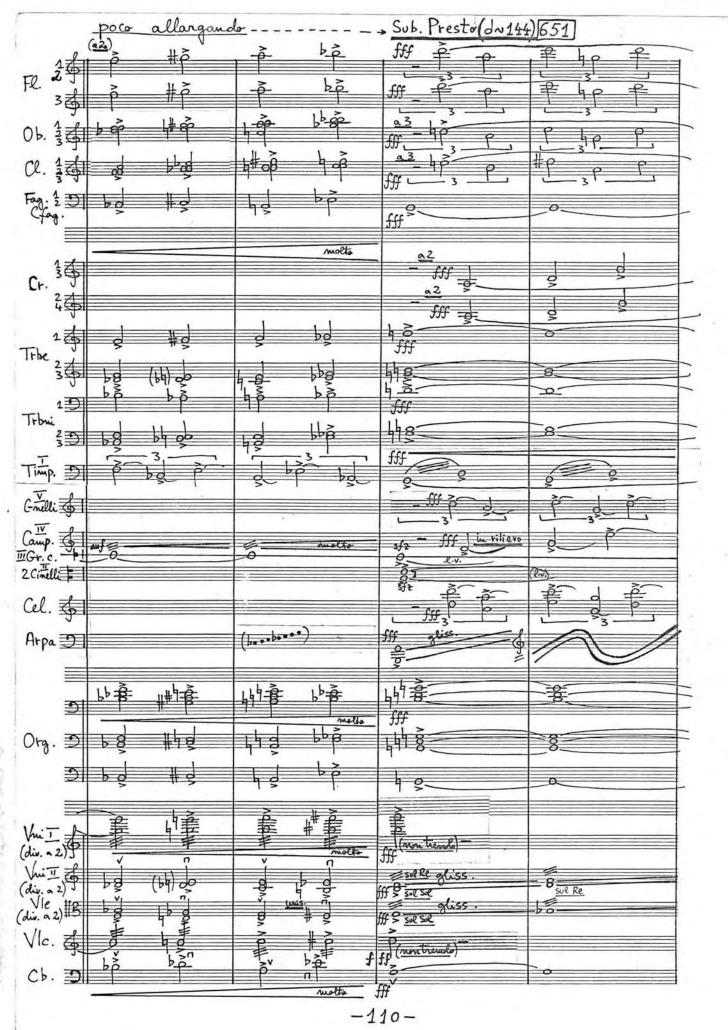




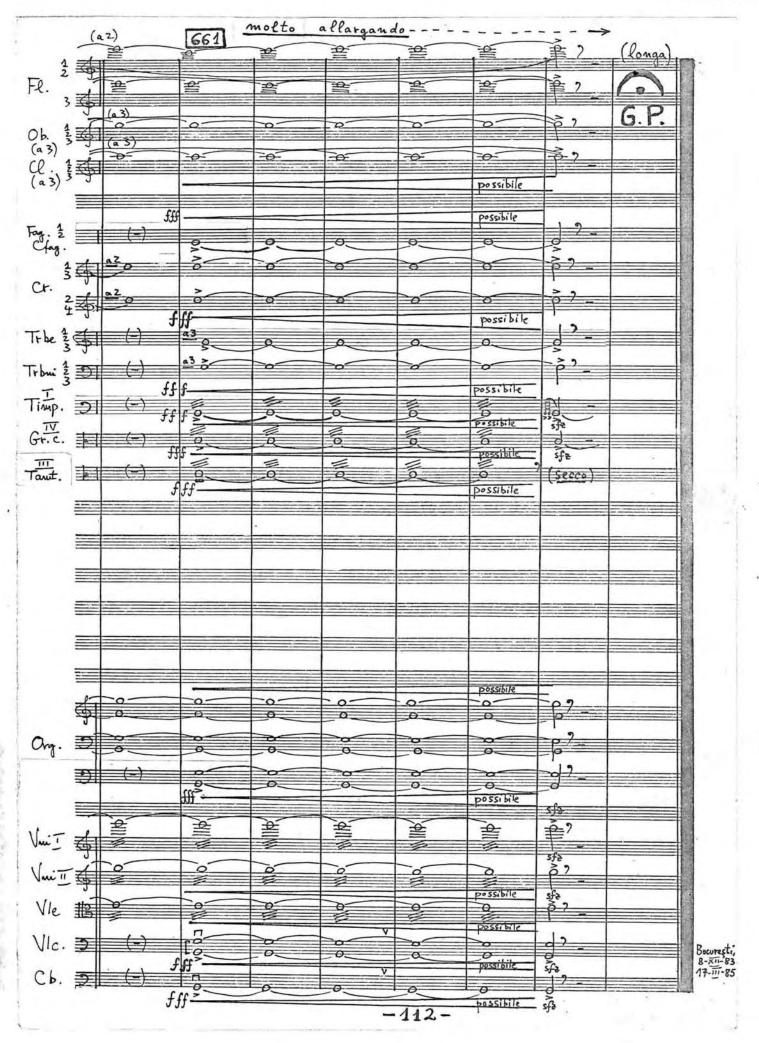












Serban NICHIFOR

## SAPTE COLINDE - SETTE CANTI RUMENI DI NATALE SEVEN ROMANIAN CAROLS

- 1.) COLINDA DE FLORIE CANTO PER NATALE CAROL
- 2.) COLINDIȚA CANZONCINA PER NATALE LITTLE CAROL
- 3.) TREI CRAI DE LA RASARIT CANTO DEI MAGI THE THREE MAGI
- 4.) STEAUA SUS RASARE SUL CIELO LA STELLA APPARE THE STAR APPEARING
  ON HIGH...
- 5.) AM PLECAT SĂ COLINDAM ANDIAMO IN GIRO COGL! AUGURI WE JUST WALK AND SING THE CAROLS!
- 6.) O, CE VESTE MINUNATĂ O, LA MERAVIGLIOSA NOVELLA OH, WHAT WONDERFUL TIDINGS
- 7.) FLORILE DALBE I BIANCHI FIOR THE WHITE FLOWERS



























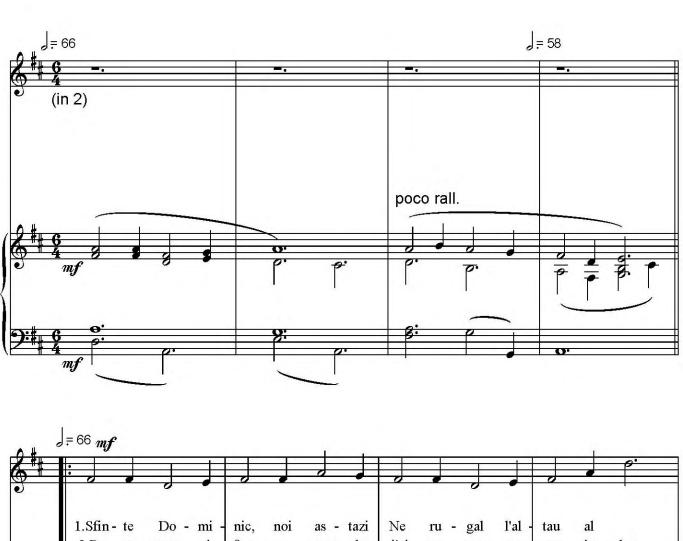


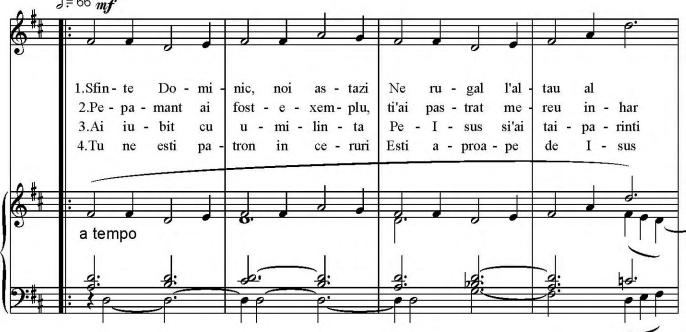
### SFINTE DOMINIC SAN DOMENICO

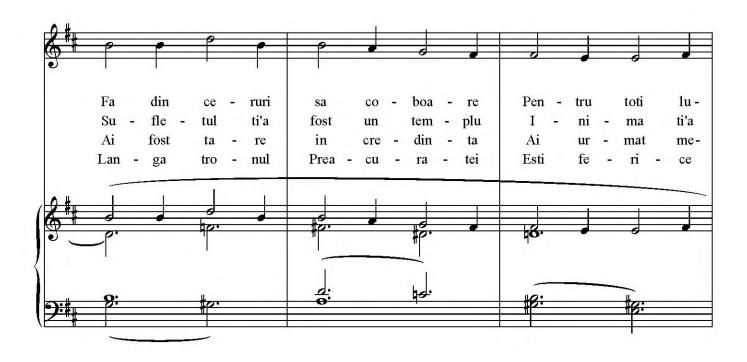
per Soprano (Bambini) ed Organo (ossia Piano)

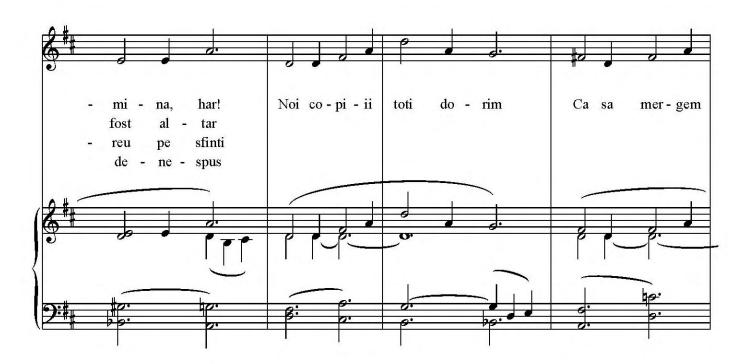
Serban Nichifor 22-XII-1987

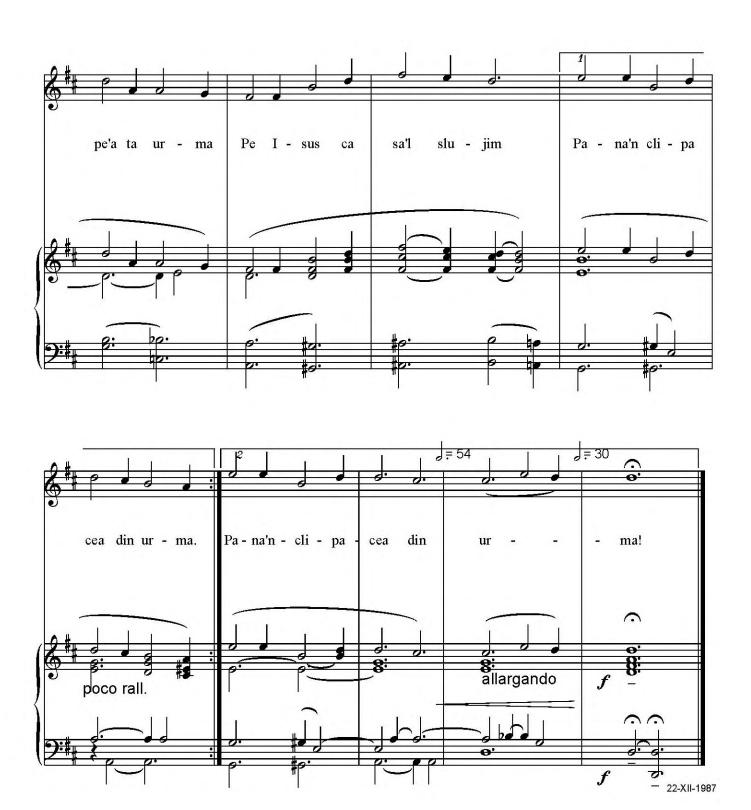
Dolcissimo e Semplice







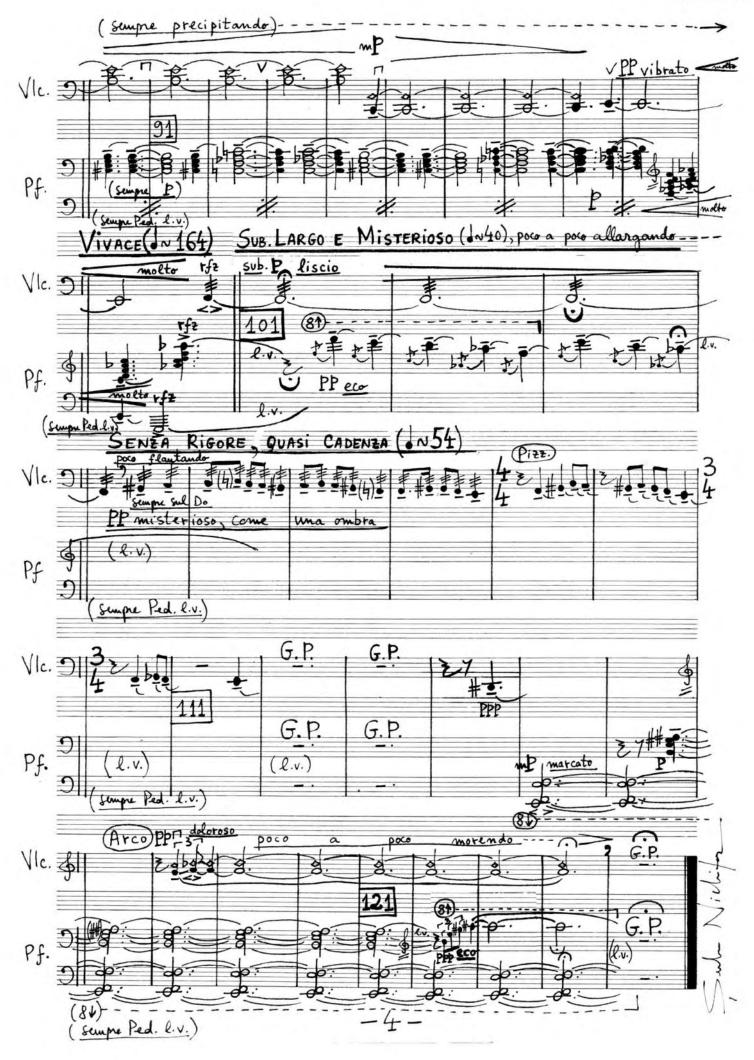




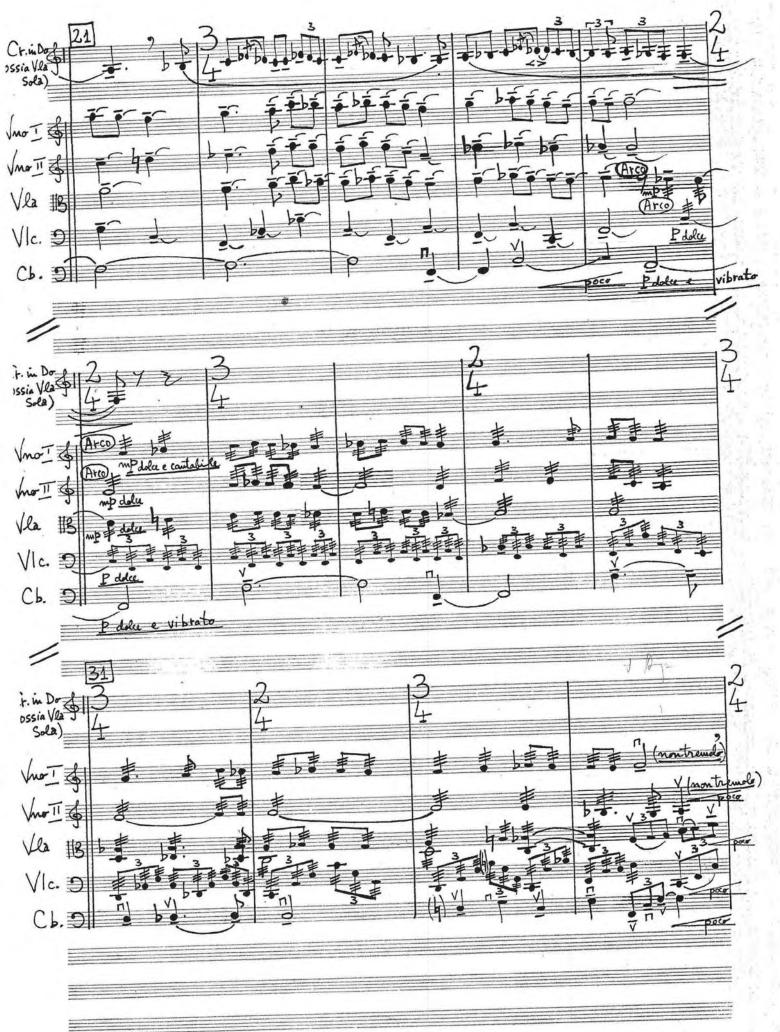
















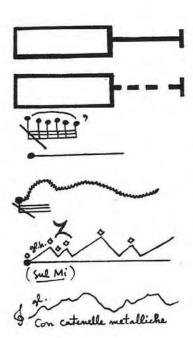




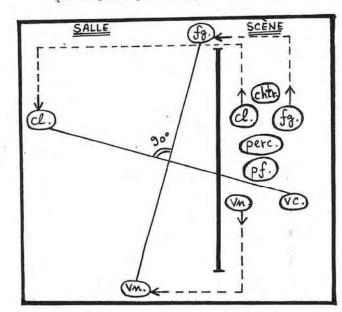
#### Esecutori

- Clarinetto in Si b + Crotalo (Sol#) / ossia Triangolo piccolo.
- Fagotto + Crotalo (Mi) / ossia Triangolo piccolo.
- Percussione: Vibrafono, Campane (Mi1 + Mi2), Triangolo piccolo, Tam-tam .
- Pianoforte.
  Chitarra + Sonagli Sospesi
  Violino + Crotalo (Fa #) / ossia Triangolo piccolo.
- Violoncello + Crotalo (Si) / ossia Triangolo piccolo.

#### Explications des signes



- module sonore qui se répète de façon continue dans le tempo indiqué dans la cassette.
- module sonore qui se répète de façon discontinue dans le tempo indiqué dans la cassette.
- groupe de sons exécutés "presto possibile".
- son ayant une durée proportionnelle avec la longuer de la ligne horizontale.
- gamme quasi-chromatique suivant le profil irrégulier suggéré par la ligne ondulatoire.
- trémolo très rapide, mais sans rythme précis.
- glissando quasi-improvisando sur les sons harmoniques de la fondamentale (corde) indiquée.
- glissando quasi-improvisando réalisé sur les cordes du piano (dans le registre indiqué dans la partition) avec une chaînette métallique.
- déroulement temporel libre séquence "rubato" (senza misura)
- signe pour le clarinettiste, pour le bassoniste et pour le violoniste qui quittent la scène et se dispersent dans la salle, dans un emplacement quadraphonique en rapport avec le violoncelliste:



Maestrului Mihai Brediceanu

Durata: ~10'30"

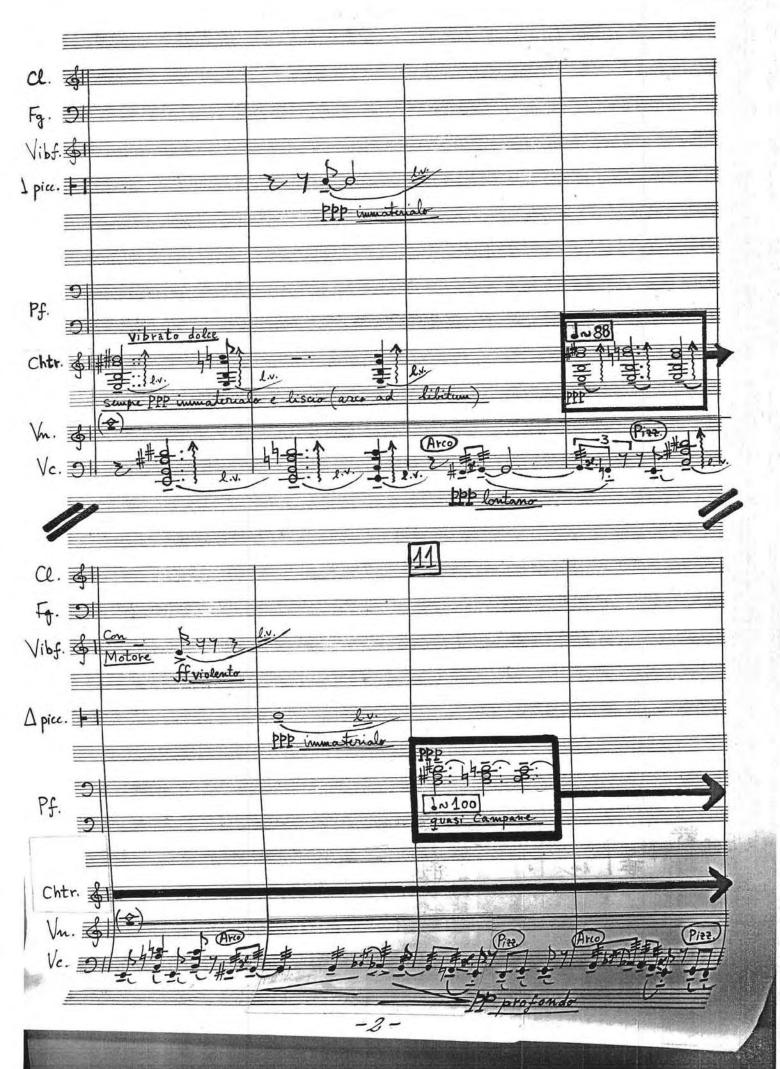
Ansamblului "Archaeus"

P. A. A. - 9-X-1989, Ateneul Român

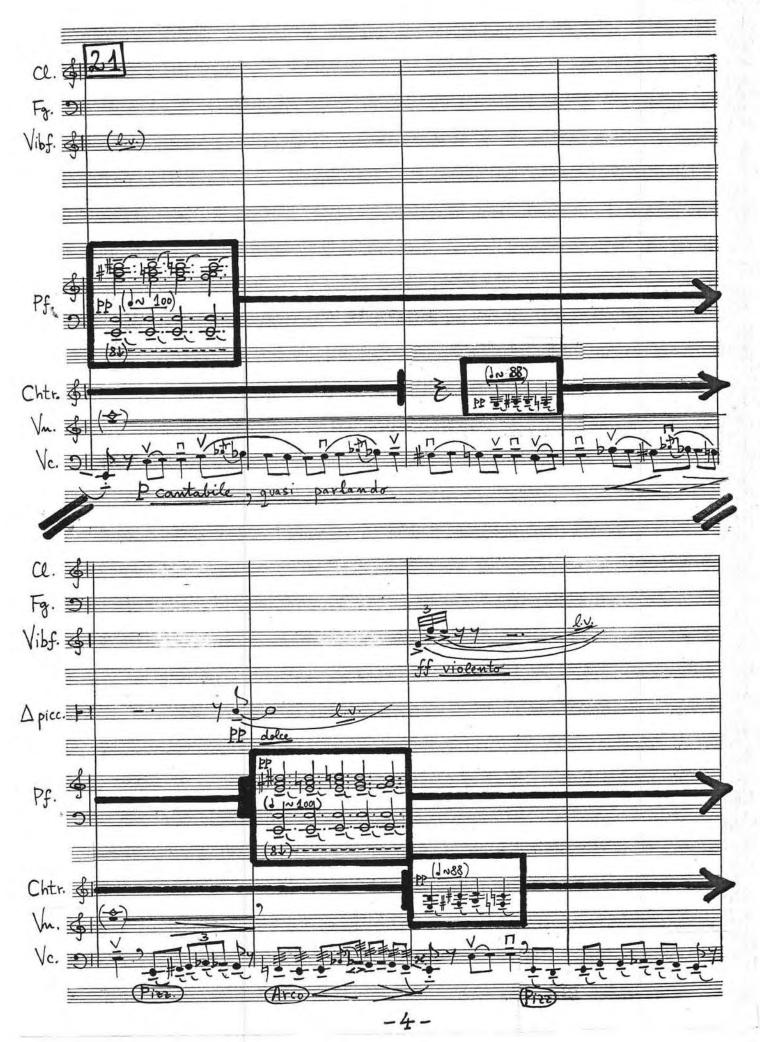
Serban Nichifor (1989)

# ANÁSTASIS



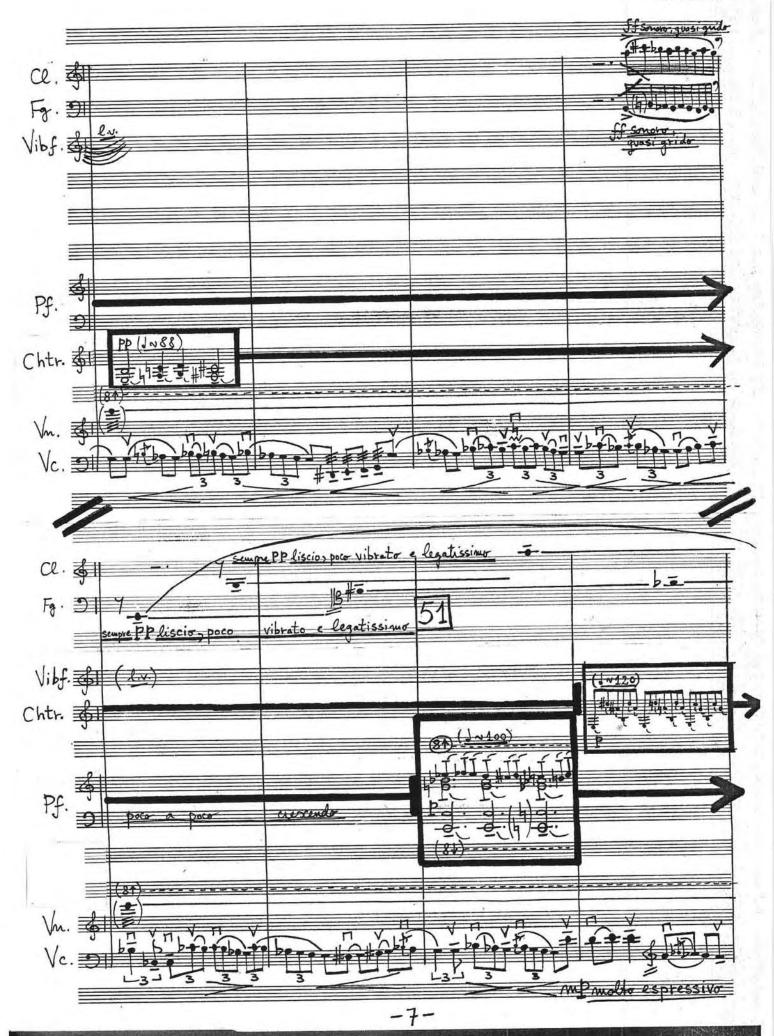


















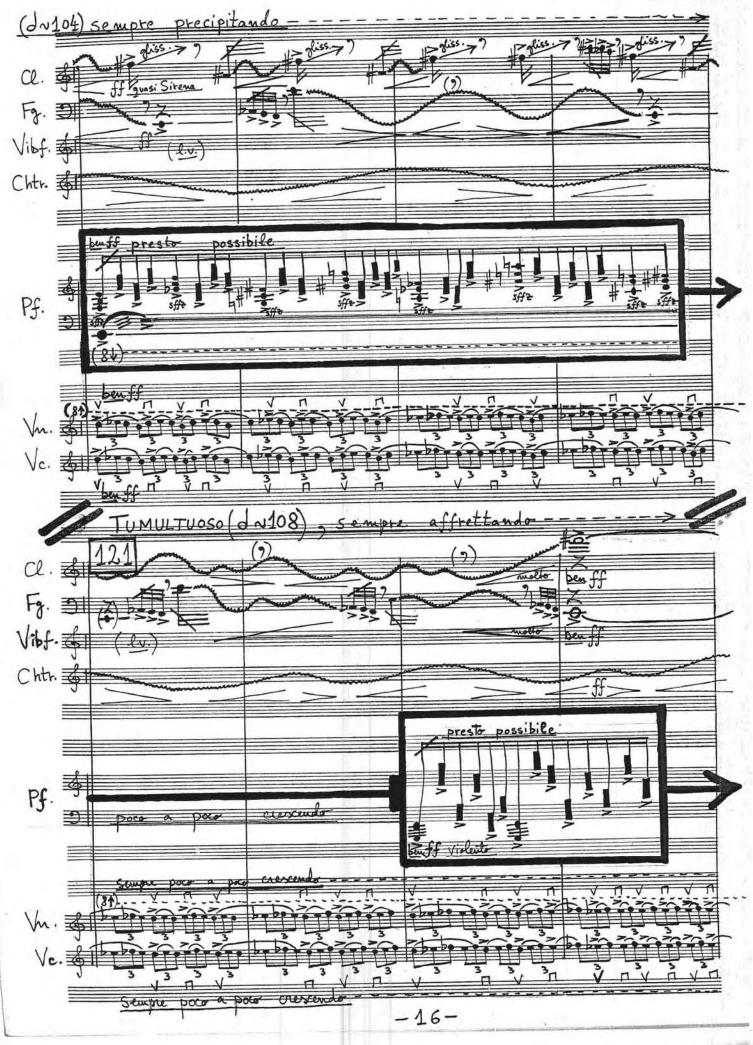








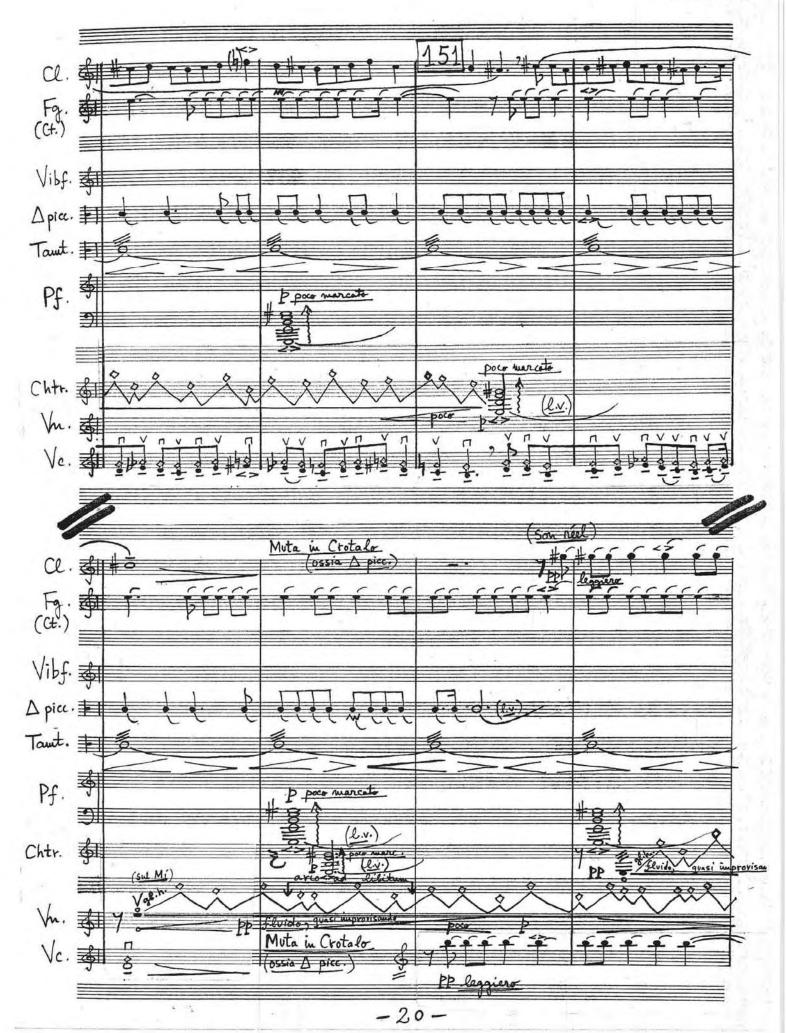






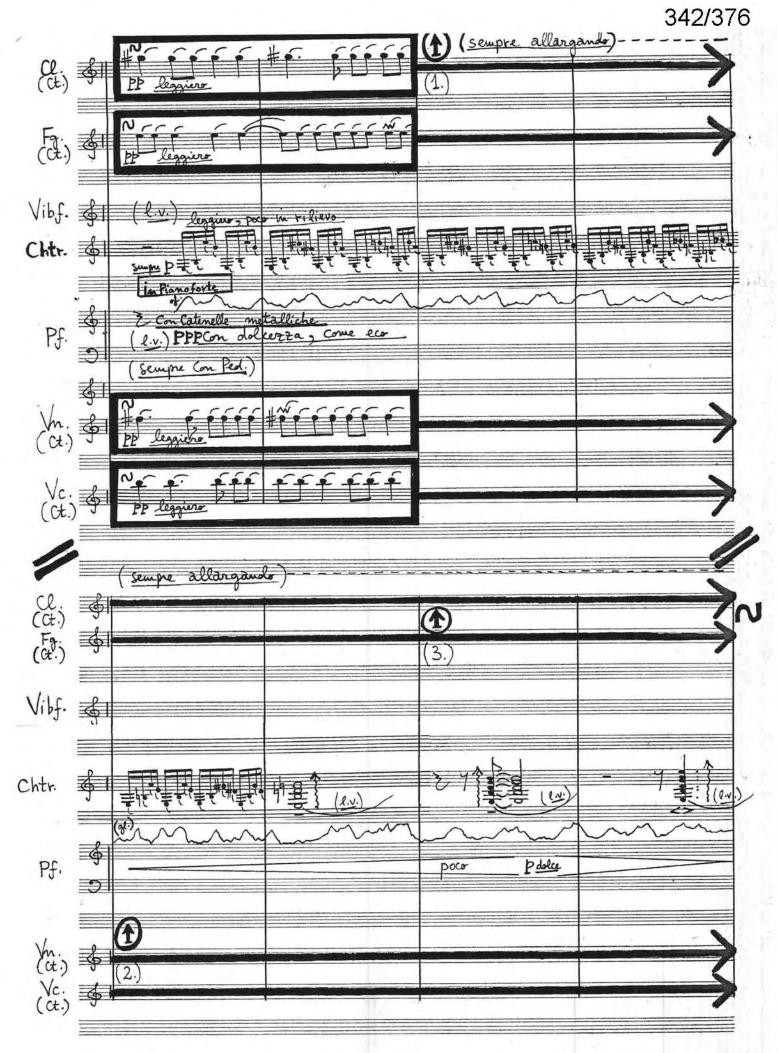


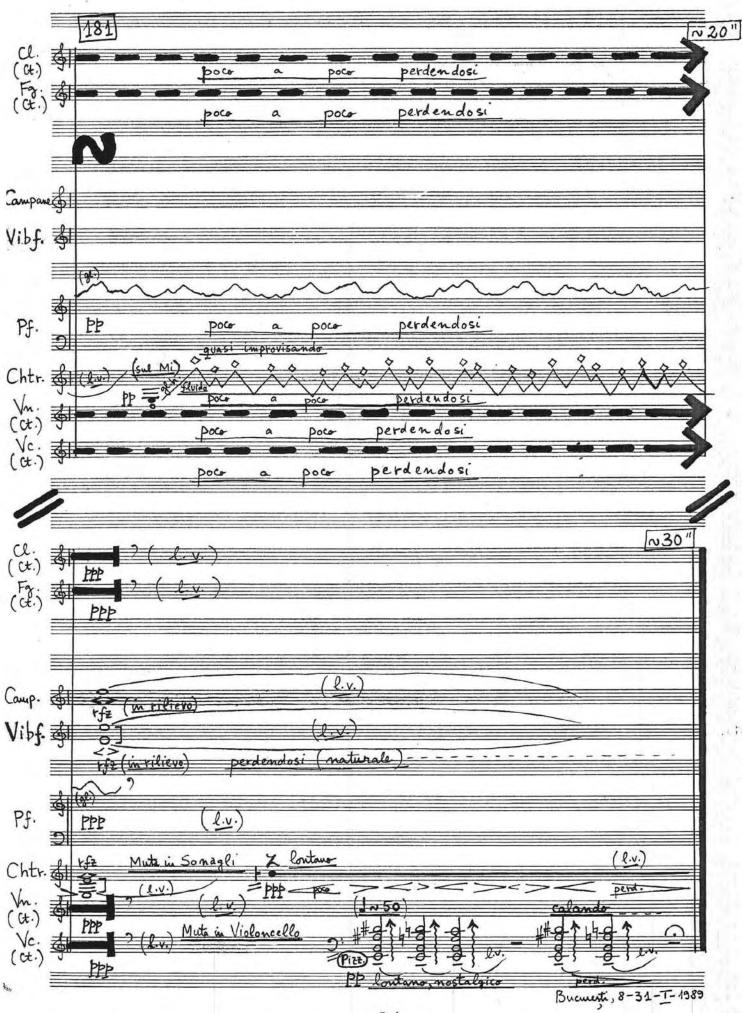












### DURATA: cca 8'

# Serban NICHIFOR

# POEM BIZANTIN (MESONÍKTION)

# pentru

# orchestră simfonică

#### ESECUTORI

- 2 Flauti (Flauto 2 muta anche in Flauto piccolo)
- 2 Oboi
- 2 Clarinetti in Si b
- 2 Fagotti
- 4 Corni in Fa
- 2 Trombe in Do
- 2 Tromboni
- Percussione: I) Timpani, Triangolo piccolo, Sonagli sospesi:
  -II) Campane, Piatto medio;
  -III) Triangolo piccolo, 2 Piatti (medio e grande),
  Tam-tam.
- Arpa
- Celesta
- Archi (14/12/10/8/6)

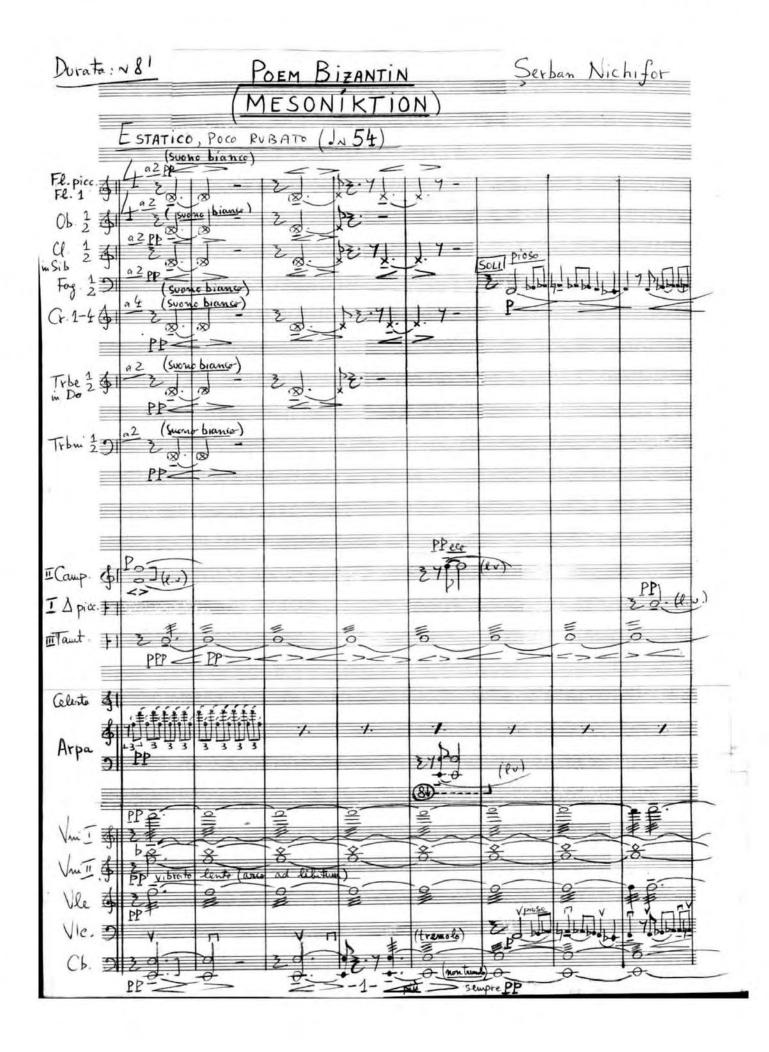
#### NOTA BENE

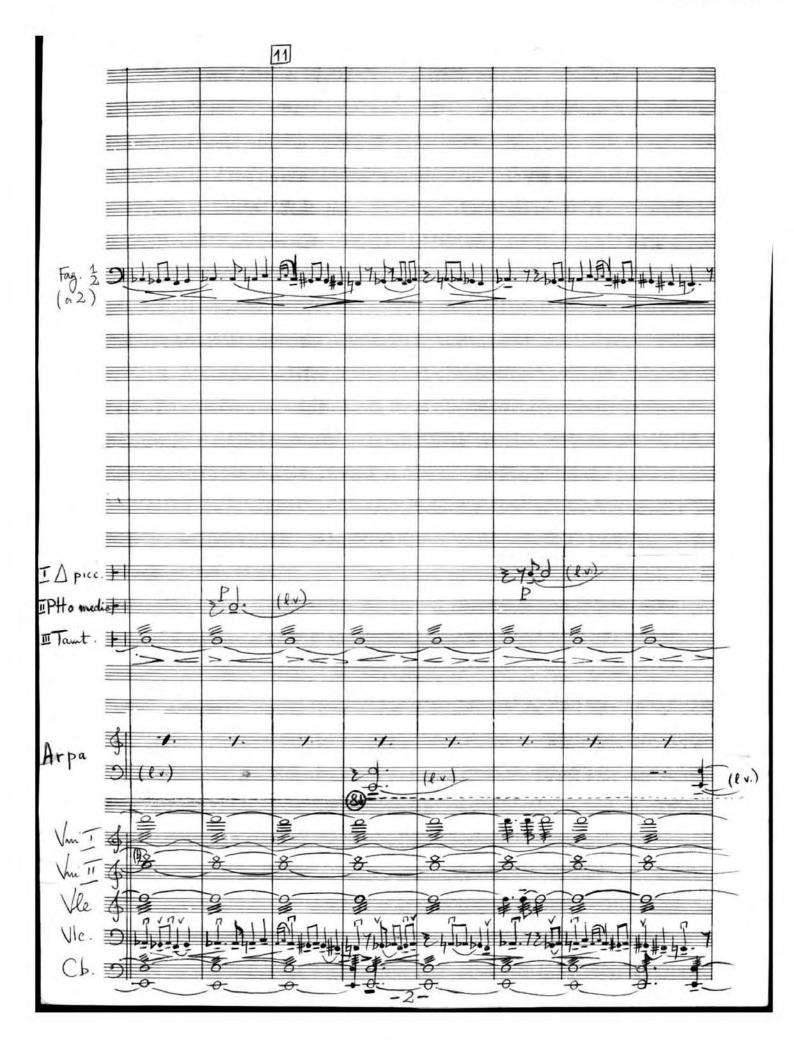
= suono bianco (sunet alb)

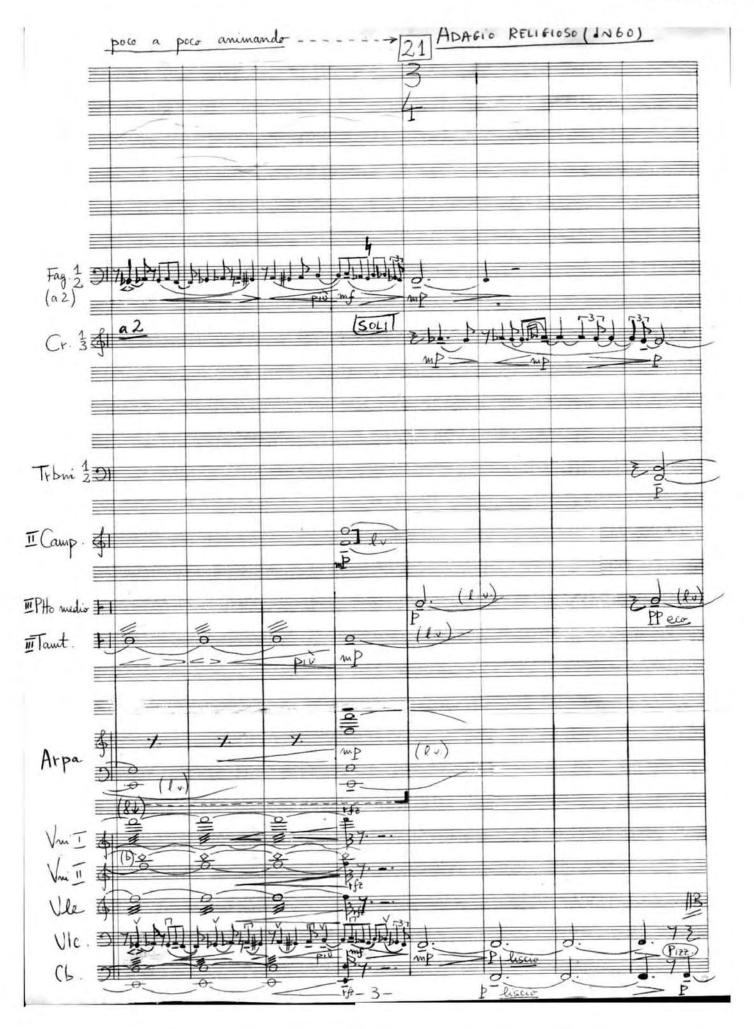
= tremolo irregolare (tremolo neregulat)

= cluster (conglomerat Sonor)

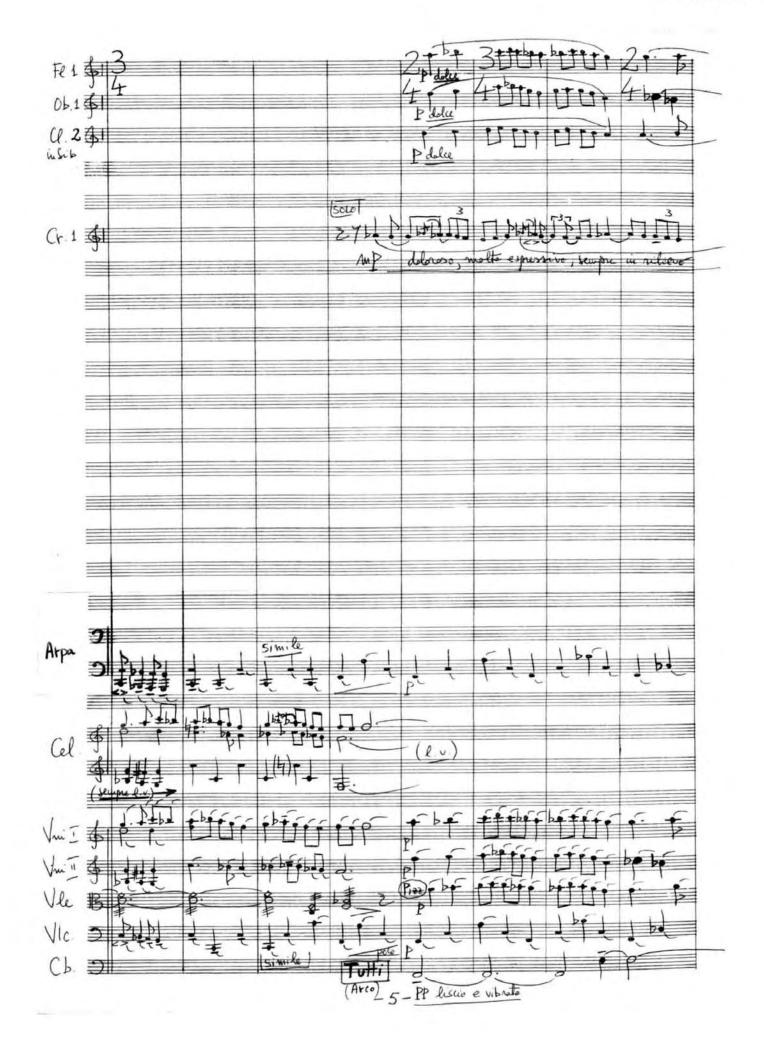
X \_\_\_ X

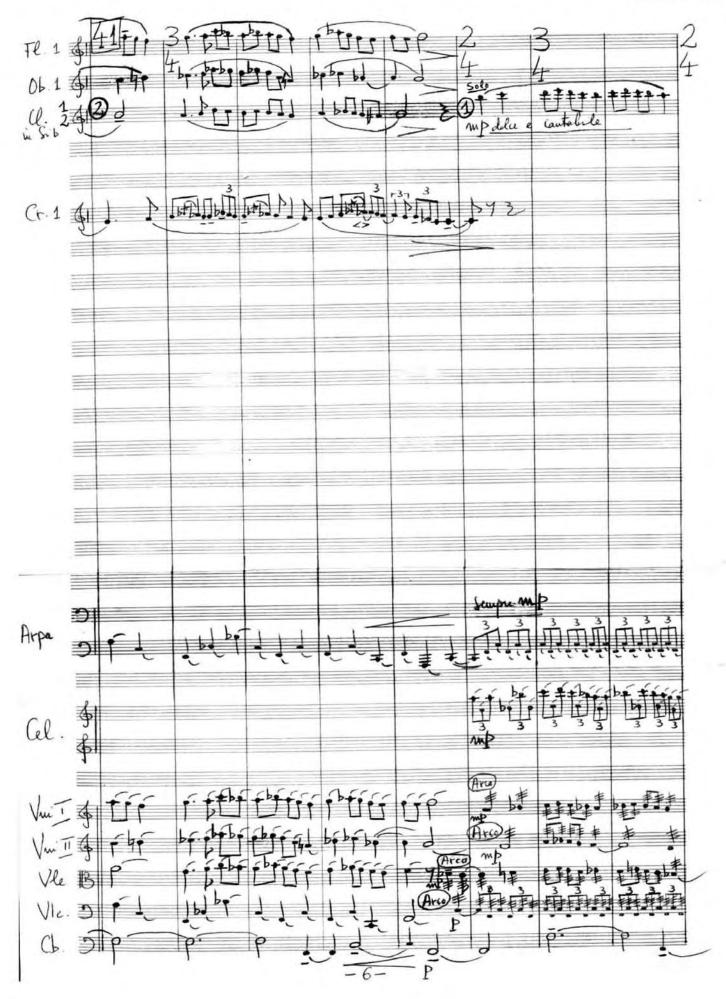














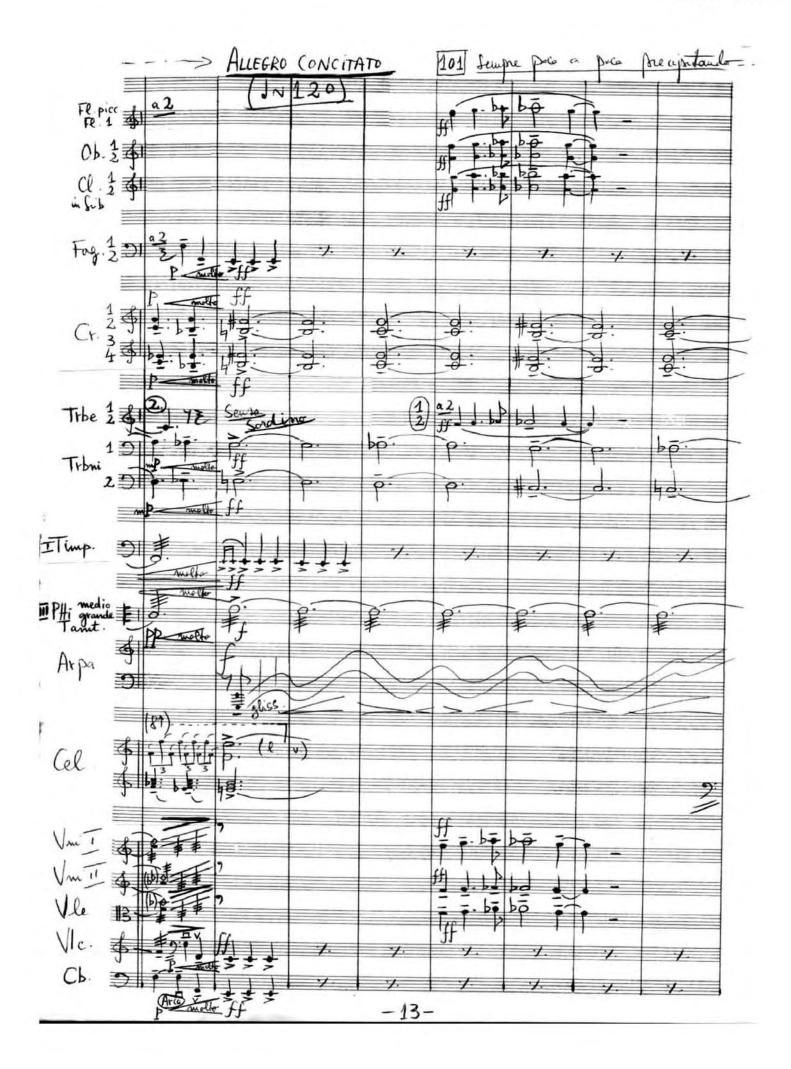






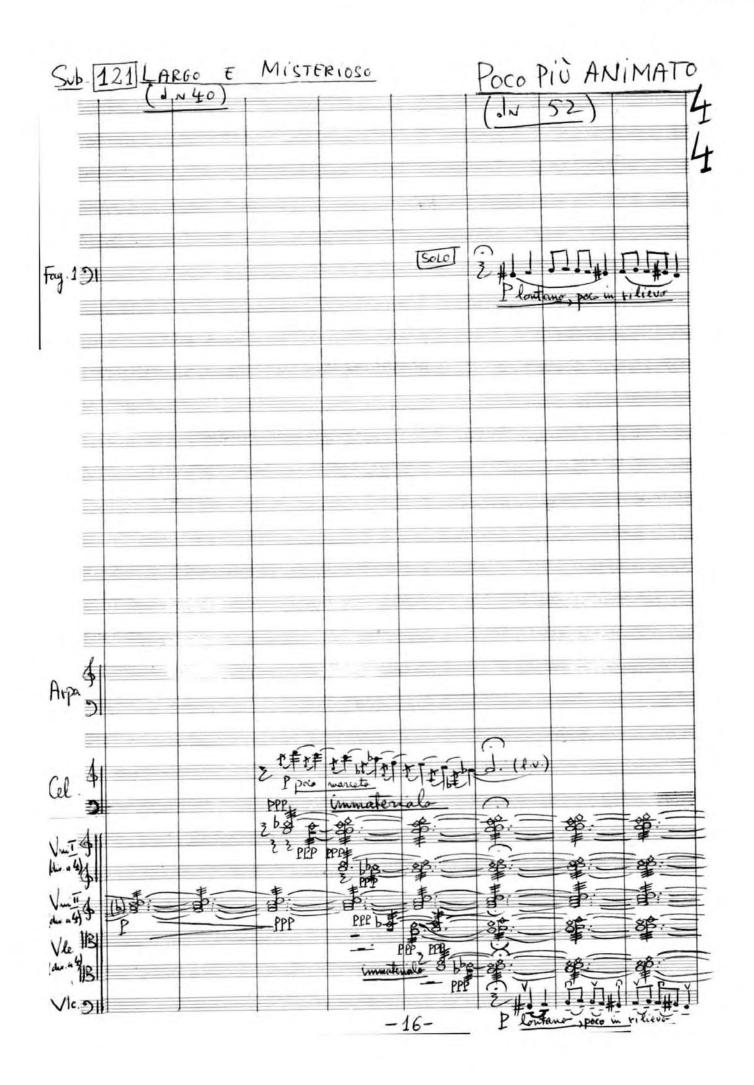


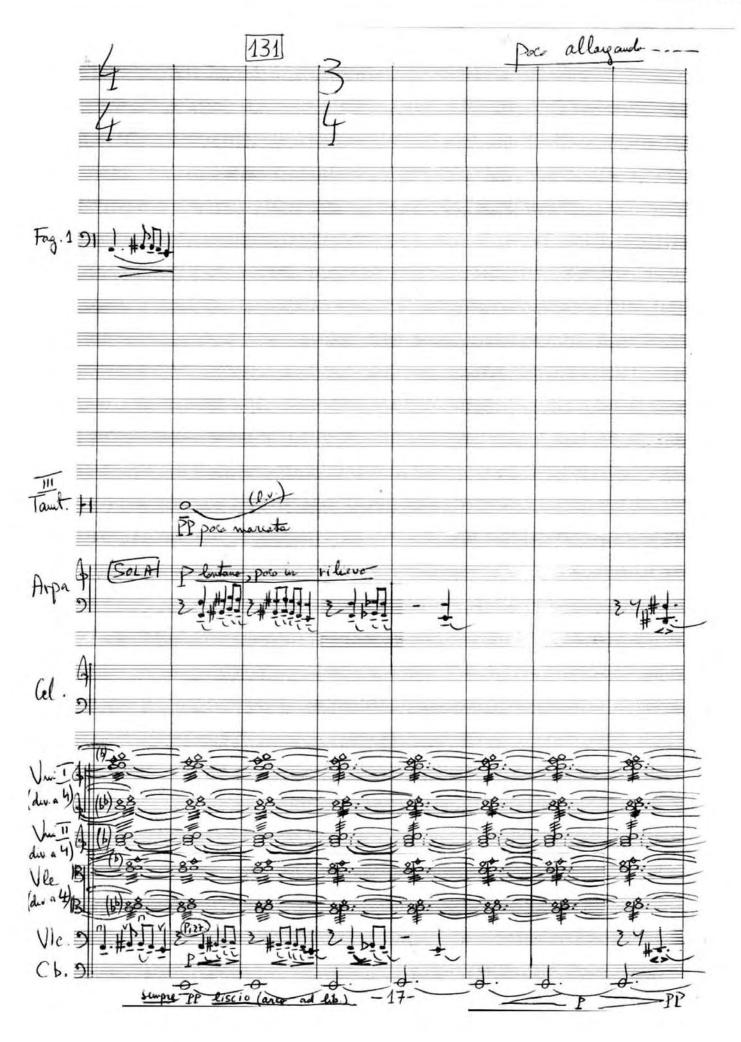




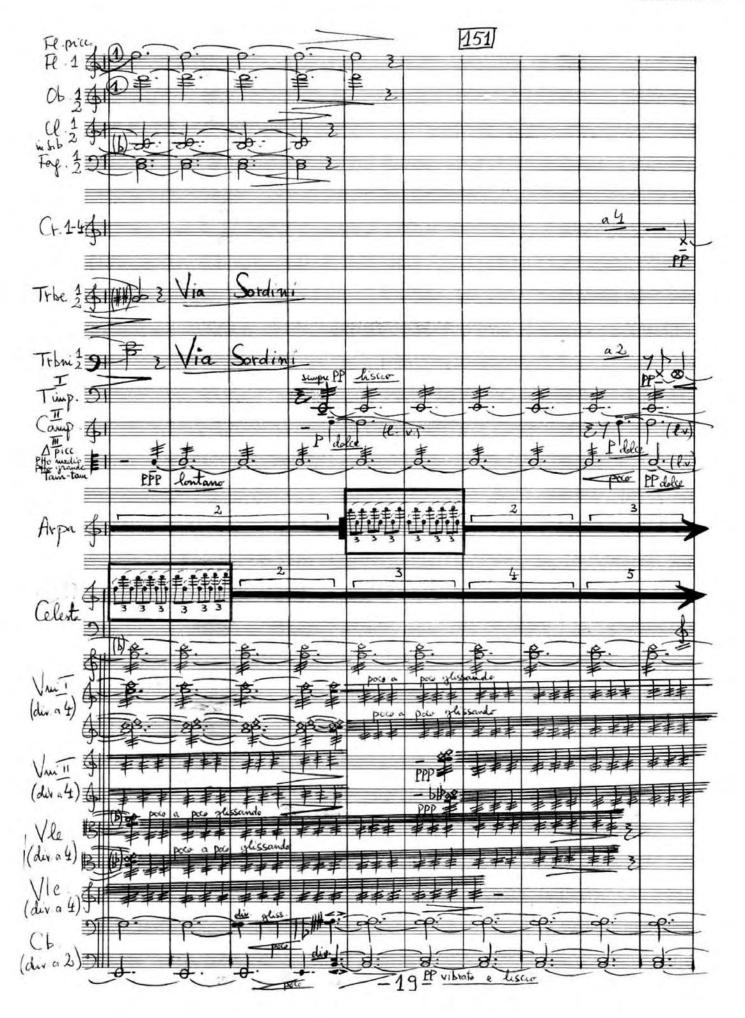


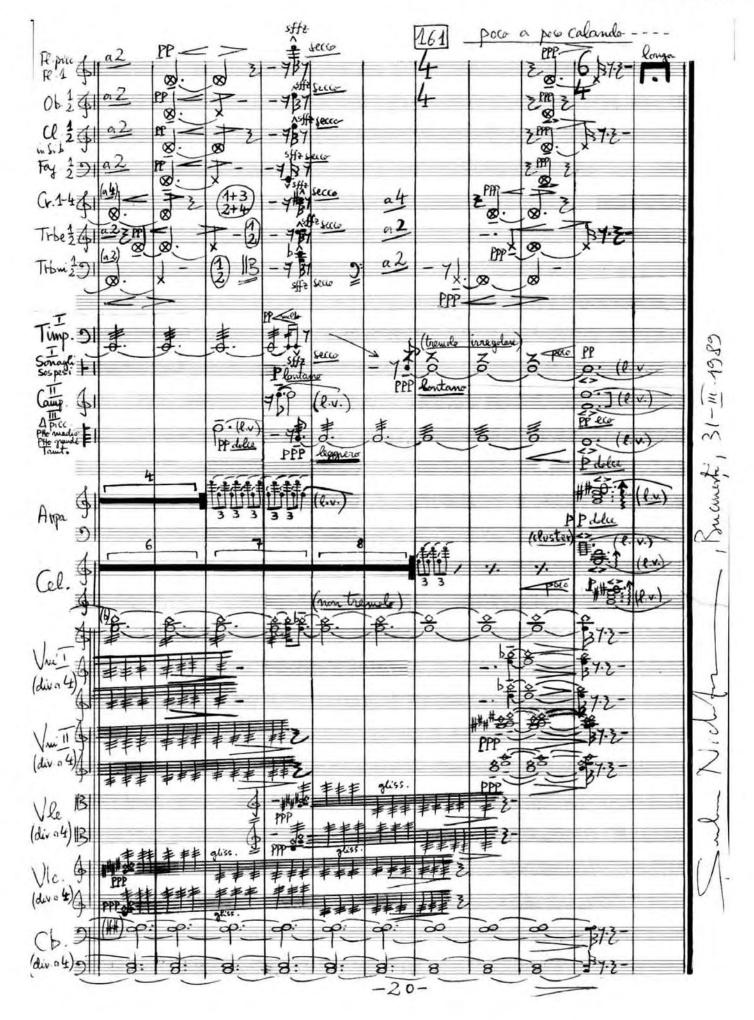












Serban Nichifor

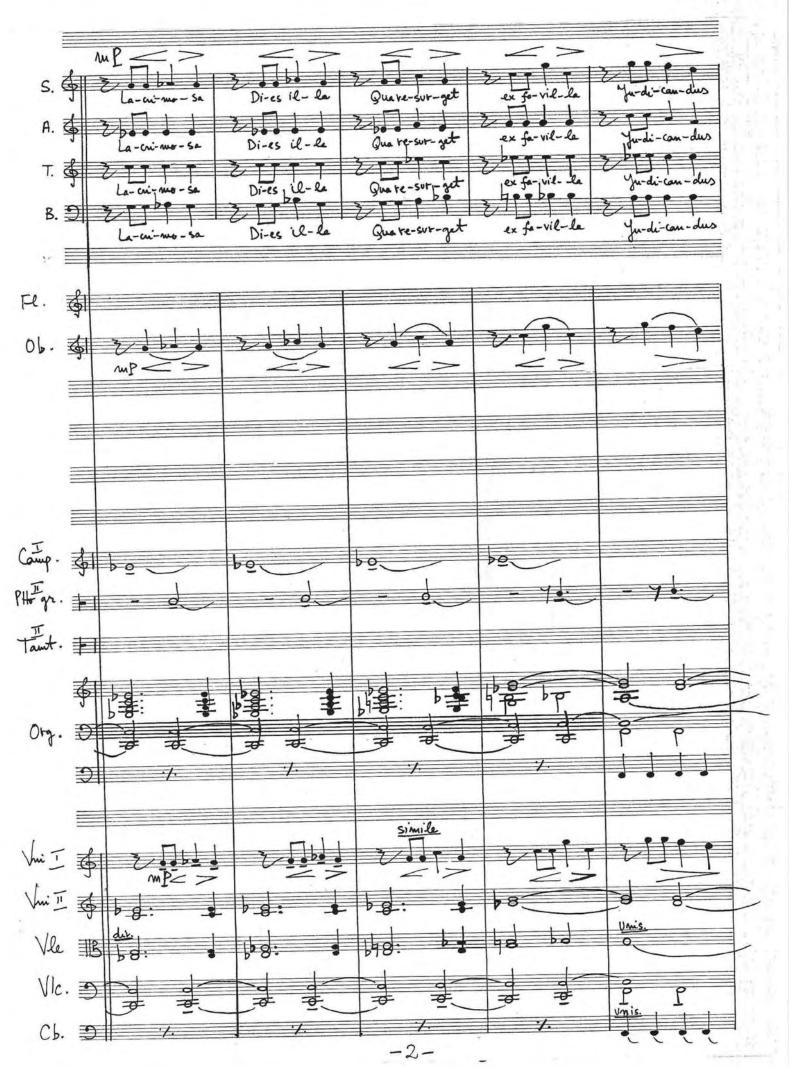
## B UCURĂ-TE, REGINĂ

- coral-





Suban Nichifor
LACRIMOSA
- Aux Jeunes Martyrs de la Révolution Roumaine-Décembre 198.















-8-

